Royal West End the brand that made reputation, Leaders of 20 years. Rs. 185 only. WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

17 years in use. Royal West End gives such service. Get it from WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. BOMBAY.

VOL. VII. NO. 73 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26, 1919. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

...SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH & LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.	
1919			
29th March	Enahine	10758	
5th April	Malta	6064	
6th "	Somali	3712	Extra
8th "	Ormonde	14833	Extra
9th "	Teesta	6296	Extra B. I. Co's. sailing
12th "	Nagoya	6854	
19th "	Karmala	8983	
26th "	Delta	8089	
26th "	Takada	6949	Extra
3rd May	Nankin	6853	

Passages have already been allotted by the "Ruahine," "Malta," "Somali," "Ormonde," "Teesta," "Nagoya" and "Karmala." All applications for passages should be accompanied by priority certificates, and passages will be allotted strictly in accordance with the grade of priority certificates.

Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Return tickets available for twenty-four months are issued to Europe at a single fare and a half

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons
1919		
16th April	Dilwara	5378

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about.	Steamers.	
1919.		
27th March	Pallitana	Karachi & Persian Gulf.
27th "	Lhasa	Karachi direct sails at 6-30 p. m.
31st "	Taroba	East-South Africa
31st "	Linga	Karachi and Kathiawar Ports.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. Sailings may be arranged with.—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander.	Tons.	Date of arrival	Date of departure
Harima Maru	I. Takahashi	4720	14th Mar.	25th Mar.
Hwah Wu	G. Kan	4249	13th Mar.	26th Mar
Heishin Maru	K. Ikuno.	3045	24th Mar.	3rd April
Shinzui Maru		2983	29th Mar.	5th April
Kosaku Maru	W. Nagahiro	3187	30th Mar.	7th April
Yahagi Maru	T. Ota	4190	2nd April	12th April
Rifuzezan Maru No. 2		3201	8 d April	10th April
Nagano Maru	H. Yamamoto	3811	18th April	20th April
Tosan-Maru	T. Yamamoto	3856	19th April	29 h April

For Freight apply to:—

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.

Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet—167 Vessels Gross Tonnage 462,000
REGULAR SERVICE FROM BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG AND TO ITALY VIA PORT SAID.
(Only Cargo Service to Italy.)

Steamers	Commander.	Arrival	Departure	Destination
"Busbu Maru"	K. Uchigoye	18th Mar.	2nd April	Italy
Surma Maru	S. Imai	26th Mar	5th April	"
Kofuku Maru	K. Wakatake..	8th April	20th April	Japan
Siam Maru	T. Watanabe..	14th April	26th April	"

For freight apply to:—

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.

Ajam Building, Ballard Road.
Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00 000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,42,023	10	0
Reserve Funds	11,95,950	15	0

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches:

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Bombay		Peshawar City
Calcutta	Jullundhur	Patiala
Cawnpore	Jammu	Rawalpindi
Delhi	Jhelum City	Sargodha
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Sialkot
Ferozepore	Kasur	Srinagar
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Umballa City.
Hapur	Lyallpur	
Hoshiarpur	Ludhiana	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

K. C. MULICK,
Manager

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.

Branches:—Ahmedabad Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 80,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 20,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 12,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 2 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learn on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE.
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BAGDAD, BASRAH AMARA AND HILLAH.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Called-up Capital	£ 600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£ 900,000
Reserve Fund	£ 90,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K. T. (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique.).
Lieut.-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs, Brown Shipley & Co.).
J. C. Georges Boillat, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.).
J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.).
Bromley-Martin, Esq., (Martins Bank, Ltd.).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods of rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 4 per cent. per annum.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.

Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 30,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	Yen 27,500,000
RESERVE FUND	Yen 6,030,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEH, FORMOSA

BRANCHES:

LONDON	YOKOHAMA	KARENKO
NEW YORK	MOJI	KEELUNG
SHANGHAI	AMOY	MAKUNG
HONGKONG	CANTON	TAITOH
SINGAPORE	FOOCHOW	SHINCHIKU
BATAVIA	HANKOW	TAICHU
SEMARANG	KIUKIANG	TAINAN
SOERABAYA	SWATOW	TAKOW
TOKYO	AKO	TAMSUI
KOBE	GIRAN	TOWEN
OSAKA	KAGI	BANGKOK.

The Bank has also a LARGE NUMBER OF CORRESPONDENTS at HOME and ABROAD.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened and FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. TAKEMURA,
Manager.

56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE SUMITOMO BANK

LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 8,00,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	Yen 2,25,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Yen 41,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA.

BRANCHES.

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kurume	Seattle
Dotonbori	Kyoto	Semba
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankaw	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Toriaburacho
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Niihama	Yanai
Kobe	Onomichi	Yokohama.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

J. SATO.
Manager.

Churchgate Street, Bombay.
Post Box No. 389.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1886.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 25,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA

Branches and Agencies at

Bombay Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Chi-Nan, Dairen Frengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kaiyuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tokio, Tsingtao, Vladivostock, Batavia.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager, Bombay.

Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Bombay

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INSURE YOUR LIFE IN

THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LIMITED.

Because—

(1) It is one of the foremost Indian Life offices of unquestionable security.

(2) It offers world-wide policies at moderate rates.

(3) It is one of the very few offices issuing policies with Automatic Protection.

(4) Its policies have no irksome restrictions.

For further information, Prospectus, etc., please apply to—

THE GENERAL AGENTS,
Bombay and Deccan,
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9, Tamarind Lane.
BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

THE

INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(HEAD OFFICE—BOMBAY.)

Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.

Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.

For prospectus and further particulars Apply to—

SECRETARIES & MANAGER,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
112, Esplanade Road, Fort.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE—7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

	Rs.
Capital Fully Subscribed	10,00,000
Capital Paid Up	1,00,000
Invested Funds Over	30,00,000

THE ADVANTAGES OF A "NATIONAL" POLICY.

By paying your Premiums at the lowest possible rate available in India, you secure for yourself a Policy which will enable you to tide over the difficulties owing to the loss of income in your old age or provide for your family in case of an early death.

The "National" carries first class risks and offers unique advantages to the Policy holders.

Please write for Prospectus before deciding the question of insuring your life.

The first Indian Insurance Company to lead the way by investing the total sum of Rupees Six lakhs in the First and Second Indian War Loans.

RAE & CO., Managing Agents
P. BANERJEA, Secretary.

DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents: Bombay Presidency,
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

HOTEL.

THE CHEAPEST FIRST CLASS HOTEL

at which to put up at in Bombay is the

RAILWAY HOTEL

Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Railway" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a central healthy locality.

DINNER TABLE A SPECIALITY.

Competent Chefs, High Class Wines and Billiard Tables.

Please write to Manager, Railway Hotel Charney Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 511

AMICHAND GOVANJI.

The Oldest and Most Popular Confectioner's Depot in India.

Established Over Half a Century Ago.

Opposite Juma Masjid, Shaikh Memon Street, out Fort, Bombay.

'Phone No. 676.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following certificate:—

Vegetarian Federal Union,
16, Farringdon Street, E.C.

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman,
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.

THE LADWAS (Sweet Balls) of various descriptions and sizes.

THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of thread-like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.

HALWAS of different descriptions, such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Viv), (b) Saffroy Halva with almonds, (c) Gunny Halva, (d) Rose-scented Halva, (e) Vanila Halva, (f) Muskati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva, (h) Orange Halva.

All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.

No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our signboard and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.

No V. P. P. Orders will receive our attention The generous public are requested to give us a trial.

"ESAALI" LEADS SILK TRADE IN BOMBAY.

GOLD.
GOLD AND SILVER.
SILK.
EMBROIDERY

"RANIS" AND "MAHARANIS" WEAR OUR "EMBROIDERED SAREES."

Our Prices are the "Cheapest."

AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD

MEHTA & COMPANY

(ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. RY. LISTS)

ARE STRONGLY RECOMMENDED

for every type of AUCTION, for every intricacy in the Sale. Their perfect decency and integrity, their extensive influence in all markets, their persuasiveness in sales by facts and figures and their proved ability to FETCH the HIGHEST PRICES are features which make them the BEST of all the AUCTIONEERS!!!

Your realizations will show a great advantage if you exclusively engage "MEHTA & Coy."

INSIST ON MEHTA'S ASSISTANCE.

Refer to any Bank

25, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TELEPHONE No. 1285.

INDIA EQUITABLE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE: CALCUTTA.

A Model Life Insurance Company.

This is the only Indian Life Insurance Company which has been able to declare a bonus of Rs. 12-8-0 per thousand per annum on the first Actuarial Valuation.

THIS IS UNIQUE
THIS IS UNPARALLELED

Respectable Agents for unrepresented areas appointed on liberal terms

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For Bombay.
The Indian Products Supplying Agency Ltd, 53, Medows Street, Fort (Bombay.)

KARANJIA & Co., Ltd.,

LEADING HOUSE FOR SILKS.

Our prices for choicest stuff are always the lowest but the recent reductions made in the price of

GEORGETTE NINNONS

beat all records

Cheap bargains also in

FANCY SILK UMBRELLAS
PRESENTATION ARTICLES
JEWELLERY AND SILVERWARE
MARBLE BUSTS AND FIGURES

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BENARES FAMOUS FRUIT JAM (Murabba.)

AN EXCELLENT AND TASTEFUL TONIC FOR THE SEASON.

Purely manufactured and preserved with care. APPLES JAM, Rs. 3 8; PINE APPLES, Rs. 3 per seer. PEARS JAM, Rs. 2/8; AMBALA'S Rs. 2 per seer. Trial order solicited.

Order from
SWADESHI BROTHERS, Benares City;

NAROTAM GIRDHAR & CO.

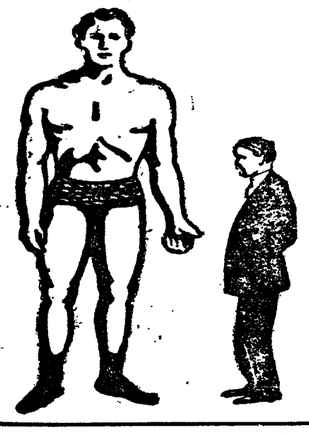
JUMMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

We are importing Chemicals, Pure Drugs and Patent Medicines direct from the best makers in Great Britain, France, America and Japan so can guarantee the quality of all goods supplied by us.

A trial order solicited.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY
THE
Royal Yakuti.

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the virile power and rectifies all urinary disorders. In fact, it makes man a man. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the French horn as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory, and to guard against debility. Price per tin containing 40 pills Rupees ten only (13s. 4d.) Postage extra. Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar, India.



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NERVO-VITALO PILLS

'THE WORLD'S
Tonic
PROVES TO MAKE YOU LIKE THAT FIGURE.
A course of six bottles Rs. 20.
Depot.—
CASH CHEMISTS,
FORT, BOMBAY.

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KABUTO PILSENER BEER
(BEST AND REFRESHING)
OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE

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Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.
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Agents Wanted where not Represented

ALL SORTS OF
LADIES' & GENTS' WATCHES CLOCKS & TIMEPIECES
Can be had at prices beyond competition
Trial Solicited. Catalogues Free.
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It goes without saying that
Baliwalla & Homi,
who have their Show-rooms at Hornby Road, opposite Whiteaway and Kalbadevi Road, are the
LEADING OPTICIANS OF BOMBAY.

Enterprize and progress are their watchwords and if you are in need of anything, the newest, the latest in the Spectacle Line, you cannot do better than have a peep in one of their Show-rooms.

They possess unrivalled testimonials from such high personages as H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla, H. H. the Raja of Jawhar, H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Gondal, the Hon. Sir D. D. Daver, Justice of the High Court, the Hon. Sir Jamsetji Jeejibhoy, Bart., Sir D. J. Tata and a host of others, come to the effect that their complicated Lenses which could not be got anywhere else in India, were supplied on demand by BALIWALLA & HOMI, the workmanship of which is as good as any of Europe or America.

They have the unique distinction of having won more than one gold medal, for superb craftsmanship.

Are you Married?

It is your duty to your dear wife and children to carry enough Insurance to provide for them in the event of your death.

Are you Single?

You will probably marry soon some day and have a family and in case you need a suitable provision for your retiring years

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Assure NOW, when health is good and premiums are low.

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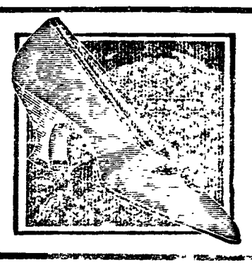
"Quality" & "Price"—Unbeaten



See Our Brands and also other brands. Compare the price and quality and you are our customer —POSITIVELY

It will pay you—and pay you well—to wear the brands we stock.

Our 'PRICES' are 'CHEAPER' than elsewhere and our customers are Never Satisfied with the CHEAPNESS offered by the rest.

Their quality has made their "Name" and "Fame."

Do you use our Brands? If not, you are DOING A GREAT INJUSTICE to yourself. Remedy that Now—and WRITE TO or CALL AT:

TAJBHOY & Co.,
Baria Mansion, Opp. Crawford Market, BOMBAY.

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GOLD MEDALS.

A cup of one's choice
The cup to delight
A boon to total heart
To refresh and rejoice
IS
CUP OF
PEARSE'S COFFEE

Our Coffee has earned in India wide reputation, and there is hardly a house all over that does not use PEARSE'S GENUINE COFFEE.

COFFEE
ROASTED BY GAS
AND GROUND BY ELECTRICITY.
TO BE HAD OF
All respectable Dealers
AND AT
BAKERS CONFECTIONER & CATERER
PEARSE & Co.
ARMY AND NAVY CONTRACTO

BUY
Roeinton Lawyer Nazareth & Co.'s FAMOUS POONA BISCUITS
(AWARDED GOLD MEDAL)

POONA MAIN St. & BOMBAY GRANT Rd.

Our Biscuits are made in an up-to-date factory with the latest machinery and ovens and by an expert with Home experience.

All orders however large or small will have the proprietors' prompt attention.

Roeinton Lawyer Nazareth & Co.
POONA.
Telegram: "BISCUITS."

THE ESSENTIALS OF LIFE.

The Doctor is essential for your Health,
The Lawyer is essential for your person and property,
The Merchant is essential for your necessities in Life,
Some profession is essential for acquiring Wealth and
Above all a Policy with us* is essential for you and your family.

*Because of our Plans, our Terms, and especially our
Special Benefits:—

For particulars of which, apply to,
BRANCH MANAGER,
The Great Eastern L. A. Co., Ltd.,
12/14, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.

THE LEADING AND ORIGINAL FIRM OF
OCCULISTS and OPTICIANS
Dinshaw M. Dastoor & Co.

Est. 1886.

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The first and only Firm that introduced Retinoscopy (the only scientific method of testing eyesight) in Bombay. Ours is the only firm that gives the benefits of a free consultation to purchasers of glasses of an **Ophthalmic Surgeon** from the **Royal London Ophthalmic (Moorfields, Hospital.**

The fact that we have the honour of having among our constituents many of the Government high officials, members of the Legal and Medical profession, Rajas and Nawabs whose written opinions we hold, is a sufficient recommendation of our scientific working and high quality of goods.

We make all sorts of high quality lenses. *e.g.* **Kryptok,** and various other forms of bifocal and Spherical Cylinders, Sphero Cylinders **Toric** Prisms and their combinations in white **Sir William Crookes** and other Tinted lenses.

"GUNC"

Cures acute cases without **Copaiba, Sandal Oil** or any internal medicines. **Painless Positive Cure** in 4 days. Re. **1** and Rs. **2.**

Try **KADI** *even where* all your remedies fail. Cures with instant relief, worst cases of **Asthma, Influenza, Bronchitis,** Colds, Coughs, etc.

Innumerable original Testimonials open to Inspection.

Price Re. **1-8-0.**

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A safe cure for **Sore, Inflamed, Weak Eyes, Granulated Lids, Corneal Ulcers,** etc. Invaluable to Mofussil Residents, Re. **1.**

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Prepared by a special scientific process so that they keep FRESH and SWEET in the hottest climates. They are distinctly ANTISEPTIC and their use eradicates Scurf and Dandruff. They form an ideal Brilliantine, without its greasy and drying effects, rendering the Hair SOFT, SILKY and GLOSSY

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A golden, crystalline liquid for the hair fragrant with the sweet perfume of the flower. The pet of the Ladies.

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PREPARED ONLY BY
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Wonderful remedy for lost energy, weak nerves, Rs. 10 for 8 Pills One pill at bed time only with milk or water.
"SPECIAL TREATMENT"—RS. 10 PER DAY.
"RADICAL CURE WITHOUT OPERATION.
Antifat, Cancer, Hydrocele, Piles, Elephantiasis, Varicocele, Hernia, Fistula, Tumor Paralysis, Asthma Diabetes, Consumption Female skin and eye diseases. Hours 7 to 9 a.m., and p.m. Advice Fee Re. 2 (Two) only.
Consulting Physician and Electro-Homeopath.
K. M. BARDOLIVALA,
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No. 2, 3rd Bhoivada, Bhuleshwar, Bombay.

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Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following special rate:—
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Replies to advertisements should be addressed Box number . . Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

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THE "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS undertakes all kinds of JOB PRINTING. A trial order is solicited. Apply The MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle", 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc., Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting. Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietors, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

TYPEWRITERS.—New National Portable Typewriters, Improved Model No. 3, Visible, 2 clrs. Back-spacer and Tab, weight only 9 lbs., just unpacked: Price Rs. 120, with improved 2 piece Travelling Case. American Rebuilt Olivers and Remingtons, all Models. Lowest prices. Remington No. 10, Visible, Rs. 200. Remington No. 7, Rs. 110. Remington No. 8 Rs. 125. L. C. Smith No. 5, Rs. 165. L. C. Smith No. 6, almost new, Leather Case, Rs. 500. Empire No. 1, portable. Rs. 110. Gujarati Oliver No. 6. Visible, almost new, Rs. 225. Yost No. 15, Fine, Rs. 140. Smith Premier No. 10, latest. Rs. 135. Hammond with Back Spacer Rs. 110. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., 36 (B), Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. Tele: "WRITERTYPE."

ASTROLOGY.—"Man Know Thyself." Mysteries of the Stars revealed by the well-known Astrologer PROFESSOR XENORIN, who is on tour here. Invaluable advices given in all matters, and yearly, monthly and daily events foretold. Attends private calls. Send date, time and place of birth Watson's Hotel, Bombay. 1734

SINGLE-KEY SETS of Superior 4 Lever unpickable PADLOCKS having only one key and a duplicate to pass all the locks in the particular set. Sets of 6 PADLOCKS 1¼in. size Rs. 11/8. 2in. size Rs. 13/13. 2¼in. size Rs. 18/8 p. set. Sets of 12 PADLOCKS 1¼in. size Rs. 22, 2in. size Rs. 27-10 p. set.—R. H. PATUCK & Co., 265, Hornby Road, Bombay. 597

BLACK LEPROSY not more than ten years standing. White Leprosy (Leucoderma) of any duration and all forms of Patches arising from Blood-Impurities cured radically and harmlessly in four weeks. Rs. 7-8 per week. Three days' treatment to be sent free if cure is felt sure. SRI WORKS, Beadon Square, P. O. Calcutta. 4A

EVERYTHING CHEAP and the best is sold daily or auctioned on every FRIDAY, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.) at MEHTA & Co., 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

PADLOCKS—Superior 4 levers unpickable interchangeable-key sets of 12. Padlocks having only 4 keys all alike. Price per set of 12 padlocks, 1½ in. size Rs. 25, 2in. size Rs. 29/10. 2¼in. size Rs. 38/12. R. H. PATUCK & Co., 265, Hornby Road, Bombay.

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NOTICE TO FORD OWNERS.—If you are thinking of insuring your Ford, please communicate with us as we can offer you specially low terms on insurance of Ford cars.—FORD AUTOMOBILES (India), Ltd., Hughes Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 707, Telegram "Autoford."

EDUCATIONAL.

PARENTS—Have you considered the future of your Boys? THE EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL, the acknowledged centre of Education for English, Mathematics, Languages, etc., etc., will train your Boys in all school Subjects, Morning or Evening at Moderate Rates. Day and Evening General English Classes. Special Senior Cambridge Matric and Typewriting Classes under experts. Individual attention is a special feature of the School. See PRINCIPAL at 259/261, Hornby Road, opp. Cox and Co., Fort.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—One English knowing CLERK, having experience in Stevedoring and Transhipping work. Typist preferred. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 412, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1573

WANTED—A CANVASSER for sundries and other Japanese articles. Only experienced men need apply to Box No. 452, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1698

100 VACANCIES for Typists and Shorthand Writers to be employed in Mercantile and Government Offices as soon as they are able to type by Touch System, 50 words per minute and take down Shorthand notes from 100 words and upwards per minute. Apply for full particulars to the PROPRIETORS, WOODSTOCK SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING SCHOOL, 251, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. 1641

WANTED.—Three competent TYPISTS, short-hand writers preferred. Apply Box No. 457, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1716

OFFICE SHIPPING CLERK required by European Mercantile Firm. Must have had experience of Steamer Agency work. Apply Box No. 463, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1727

WANTED.—An EUROPEAN LADY to teach English and French to a Parsi young lady, residing in a locality easily accessible. Apply to Box No. 451, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1695

WANTED.—A STEVEDORE, thoroughly experienced in the line. Give tenders for general cargo to Box No. 459, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1718

WANTED.—A STEVEDORE, must be license-holder. Apply with particulars giving tenders for general cargo to Box No. 458, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1717

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Two GRADUATES with French and Sanskrit. Apply stating least pay expected. EDUCATIONAL BOARD Unjha. 1651

WANTED.—Hindi and English knowing experienced CLERK for the Marwadi Commercial School, Panaswadi, Bombay. Pay upto Rs. 40. Apply the PRINCIPAL. 1601

WANTED—A full-timed PLUMBER, thoroughly competent and of practical experience. Pay according to qualifications. Apply sharp to Box No. 462, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1725

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—Three SURVEYORS for three months. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials stating pay required to SHETH PURSHOTAM VISHRAM MAVJI DWARKA". 1627

WANTED.—A qualified NURSE to accompany an invalid Parsee Doctor to England and America. A nurse herself proceeding to these places, will be greatly preferred. Apply Box No. 456, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1715

JUNIOR ASSISTANT required for Steamer Agency Department of European Mercantile Firm. Some experience essential. Must be of good address. Apply Box No. 464, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1728

WANTED.—An experienced LADY DOCTOR (L. M. & S. or M. B. B. S.), for the Palanpur Maternity Female Hospital. Apply with testimonials stating salary, to Messrs. SUROJMAL LALLUBHAI & CO., 227, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 1663

WANTED—A CLERK, must be well up in English and Gujarati correspondence, able to do general out-door work; of a robust constitution; Parsee preferred. Apply stating age and salary required to Box No. 461, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle". 1721

WANTED—Ten energetic and influential CANVASSERS for the town of Bombay to secure advertisers and subscribers for the Encyclopaedic Indian Directory. Pay according to qualifications. Apply sharp to the CHIEF AGENT, Bombay Circle, Bombay. 1738A

WANTED for Kirkee Arsenal, temporary CLERKS with previous experience, some on Rs. 35 rising to Rs. 50 per month, and some on Rs. 30. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating qualifications, to The CHIEF ORDNANCE OFFICER, Kirkee. 1735

WANTED —A GRADUATE TEACHER from 1st June next. Lodging and Boarding free to one having no objection to usual Parsi food. Apply stating optional subject. Second Language, qualifications, age, caste, lowest terms, etc., to the PRINCIPAL, PARSI HIGH SCHOOL, Panchgani. 1696

WANTED.—In Bombay, Madras, Calicut and Calcutta, men, experienced in English Correspondence and also well versed in keeping Gujarati books of accounts. Pay from Rs. 60 to Rs. 80. Also reliable and experienced men for buying mowa flowers. Apply KHAN BAHADUR HORMUSJI MANEKJI BHIWAN DIWALA, Chira Bazaar, Bombay. 1703

WANTED—Ten energetic and influential CANVASSERS throughout Bombay Presidency, to be devided into ten sub-circles by grouping together two or more Districts and States to secure advertisers and subscribers for the Encyclopaedic Indian Directory. Pay according to qualifications. Apply sharp to the CHIEF AGENT, Bombay Circle, Bombay. 1738

WANTED—Experienced SALESMEN in Hardware, Piece-goods, Mill Stores, etc., by a Firm of long standing wishing to extend its business. Also a smart SHORTHAND TYPIST, having good knowledge of English. Good salaries and prospects to really deserving and able persons. Apply Box No. 430, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1629

APPLICATIONS are invited from European quartermasters, gunners, etc., for two vacant positions of Bombay Port Trust Docks CHIEF INSPECTORS. Pay Rs. 260—10—250, with free quarters or Rs. 50 house allowance in lieu thereof. Experience in slinging heavy lifts, sailmaking, etc., essential. Applications, with testimonials and details of experience to be made to the MANAGER, BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS, Fort Street, Bombay. 1664

WANTED—REGISTERED MEDICAL GRADUATES of the Bombay University for duty at the pilgrim camp at Kamaran on Rs. 350 per month with free passage and quarters. The applicants will have to start for Kamaran at a short notice. The appointments will last for about four months. Applications are also invited for the following posts for the same camp:—1 COMPOUNDER; 2 DISINFECTORS; 1 ENGINEER; 1 FIREMAN; 1 FITTER; 1 CASHIER; 1 ASSISTANT CASHIER. Candidates should apply at once with testimonials, stating age and terms to The Personal Assistant to the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay, Poona. 1693

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ENGINEER, holding First-class Bombay Boiler Act Certificate, with mill experience, desires SITUATION. No objection to going up-country. Apply Box No. 460, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1719

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT as Purchasing Agent, good experience in Nuts, Gambira and Leather Goods. Apply to Box No. 442, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1671

PARSEE, 23 years' service, experience of accounts correspondence, SEEKS EMPLOYMENT in mofussil or abroad. Apply Box No. 415, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1575

WANTED.

WANTED—One STEAM LAUNCH of good power drawing 100 tons. Please apply stating the minimum price and name thereof to Box No. 411, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1572

WANTED—In a good condition BOLTON of the complete full Press or (finisher) maker D. Stuard & Co. Apply Messrs. RATANLAL & Co., 43, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay. 1694

WANTED to rent, in the town or suburbs, a small independent BLOCK of two or three rooms, bath and kitchen on moderate rent. Apply Box No. 438, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1653

WANTED—An ICE MACHINE complete with boiler and engine, one of Carbonic acid gas will be preferred to that of Ammonia, capacity 4 tons or over in 24 hours. Apply with full specifications of machinery to Messrs. AMIRCHAND JAWALA DAS, contractors, Pirewala Railway Station, Multan District, Punjab. 1687

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One 2-seater double cylinder "Swift", English make car, with Bosch magnet, in complete order. Can be seen at N. S. GUNMAKER, corner of Grant Road. 1645

FOR SALE—MILD STEEL TEES 6in. by 6in. by ½in. and 6in. by 3in. by ½in. 24 feet long. Apply R. H. VORA and Co., Lohar Chawl, Bombay. 1701

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FOR SALE—24 feet Lathe, almost new, Metal Press Factory, Oil Engines, Oster screwing machine brand new. Apply LONDON AEROGRAPH, Girgaon. 1729

FOR SALE.—Calcite (Carbonate of Lime) in large quantities on favourable terms. Apply Box No. 455, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1714

FOR SALE.—ELEVENTH EDITION of the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITTANICA (India paper), with travelling case. Price Rs. 350. Apply to Box No. 453, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1704

FOR SALE OR HIRE—At Mahableshwar, BUNGALOW, known as "Greenwoods" For particulars apply CHUNILAL JIWANDAS, Bhai Jiwanji Lane, Thakurdwar, Bombay. 1722

FOR SALE—4 SHOW CASES, fitted with very thick Plate Glass, suitable for a large shop. Apply to the Proprietor, THE INDO-FOREIGN STORES, opposite Colab Tramway, Head Offices, Bombay. 1644

FOR SALE—"B.S.A." MOTOR CAR, five-seater, Knight Engine, Wire Wheels, One-Man Top, all accessories complete. Absolutely perfect condition. RELIANCE MOTOR WORKS, LTD., Lamington Road. 1729

FOR SALE—A G. W. K. Car with Coventry SIMPLEX ENGINE, two seater, two cylinder, in perfect order and entire'y owner driven, Rs. 3,500. Apply T. R. PRATT, Kashmeri Gate, Delhi. 1658

FOR SALE—At Dumas, sea-side summer resort (near Surat), small as well as big Palatial upto date Bungalows with extensive grounds. Please apply to Box No. 445, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1680

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET at Walkeshwar.—A commodious three-storied house, near Government House, fitted throughout with electric lights and fans, with motor garage, stables and servants' quarters. Further particulars from Box No. 444, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1679

FRESH STOCKS received of STENCIL PAPERS for the Rotary and Hand Neo-Cyclostyle, for Handwriting or Typewriting. The BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay C. B.—B2.

INSURANCE OFFICES, auctioneers, agents, brokers, will find the D. Gestetner's Rotary Cyclostyle Duplicator, a source of immense profits and savings. 2,000 and over copies taken from one original. Simple—durable—inexpensive. "THE BOMBAY STATIONERY MART," Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay. C. B.—A2.

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NICOLLS & COMPANY.
Typewriter Experts,
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Hornby Road, Bombay.
Telegraphic Address:—TYPEEXPERT.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—2nd and 3rd floors of a new building, opposite Bhatia Bag, Hornby Road. Apply The SHRIKRISHNA STORES CO., LTD., No. 231, Hornby Road. 1625

TO BE LET—GODOWN in Premises at the junction of Gola Lane and Kings Lane, Fort. Apply soon to SETH ABDOOLA ABDOL RAHIM, 151, Kambekar Street, Mandvi. 1606

MATHERAN.—TO LET, for the Hot Season, large commodious BUNGALOW, known as Sands House, having 4 large Bed Rooms with Baths and Dressing Rooms attached. Most centrally situated. For rent and other particulars apply, FRAMJEE SONS & CO., Oriental Buildings, Bombay. 1709

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE.

D. V. SUKTHANKAR, who was our bill-collector has been DISMISSED on his being convicted for embezzlement of money belonging to our Company, and we beg to request all our customers not to deal with him on our behalf in the future.

THE AUTOMOBILE COMPANY, LTD.,
1697 5-12, Queen's Road, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on THURSDAY, the 3rd April 1919, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:

1. Letters from the Commissioner—Forwarding a list of Councillors coming into office on the 1st April 1919, and reporting the result of the appeals made to the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court against the election of certain Councillors.
2. Appointment of President of the Corporation for the year 1919-20.
3. Appointment of eight members of the Standing Committee.
4. Letter from the Under Secretary to Government, Political Department—Intimating that His Majesty has acknowledged, with thanks, the message of condolence sent by the Municipal Corporation of Bombay.
5. Letter from Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt.—Thanking the Corporation for their resolution appreciating his services.
6. Letter from the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha E. Wacha, Kt.—Thanking the Corporation for their resolution appreciating his services.
7. Letter from Lt.-Col. W. G. Liston, C.I.E.—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation's meetings.
8. Letter from Mr. J. A. D. McBain, C.I.E.—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation's meetings.

Bombay Improvement Trust Letters—

9. Forwarding excerpts from the Trustees' proceedings.
10. Forwarding the Budget Estimates of Income and Expenditure of the Board for the year 1919-20.
11. Schools Committee's Letter—Forwarding excerpts from the Committee's proceedings.
12. Letter from Mr. Bhagwantrao Gangadhar—Suggesting that the Tramways Company may be asked to fix a uniform fare of one anna for travelling from any one place to another.

13 (a). Letter from Mr. Ardesir Muncherji Mulla—Regarding the rule enforced by the Tramways Company prohibiting passengers from standing on the rear platforms of tramcars. (b) Letter from Mr. Sakharam Vithal Rao and others—On the same subject.

14. Letter from Mr. Dosabhoy Edulji Bharucha—Suggesting that steps may be taken by the Municipality for licensing hair-dressing salons in the City.
15. Letter from Mr. G. R. Devdhar and others—Regarding a private market proposed to be located at No. 659, Lady Jamsetji Road.
16. Letter from Khan Saheb M. Fariduddin and others—Requesting that the Municipal Market at Colaba may not be closed.
17. Re-appointment of Committees of the Corporation.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

18. Recommending a grant of Rs 4.61b to meet the cost of two new appointments of Inspectors under the Water Works Department.
19. Recommending sanction to the work of lighting the Bandra Slaughter House with high pressure gas lamps being undertaken.
20. Recommending sanction to exempt Marking Clerks of the Town Duty Staff from furnishing any security.
21. Forwarding a letter from the Commissioner reporting that the Government of India have decided as a special case to ask for no fee for the investigation of the Bombay water-supply by Lt.-Col. W. W. Clemensha, I.M.S., and recommending that the Commissioner be requested to convey the thanks of the Corporation to the Government of India for their decision.
22. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the nuisance caused by the storm-water drain extending from Kalachowki Road to Arthur Road, Mr. R. G. Mahimker be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
23. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the provision of a site for a temple at Valpakhady for the use of the Meghwal (Dhed) Community, the Secretary, Meghwal Sudharak Sabha, be informed that the Corporation have no objection to the site, which forms part of the open space adjoining the Municipal chawls at Valpakhady, being occupied by the temple for so long as the chawls are occupied by Municipal halalkhores or bigaries.
24. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the condition of certain open drains at Arthur Road, Mr. Vithal Ramkrishna Raoji be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
25. Recommending sanction to the payment of a moiety of the remuneration to be paid to Mr. W. A. Chambers, for fixing the rateable value of properties vesting in His Majesty and beneficially occupied.
26. Recommending sanction to the works for improving the supply of water to Cumballa Hill being carried out at an estimated cost of Rs. 34,464.
27. Recommending that in reply to their letter, regarding inadequate provision of lights at Khetwadi 8th Lane, Mr. Motabhoy Dossabhoy Bhiwandiwalla and others be informed that arrangement has been made to provide an additional lamp which will sufficiently improve the lighting of the street.
28. Recommending an advance of Rs. 56,000 to meet the cost for the drainage of lands near Vincent Road conjointly with the City Improvement Trust Scheme No. 31.
29. Recommending sanction to the excess expenditure incurred on Loan Works during 1917-18 over the revised estimates in respect of certain items being met as proposed.
30. Recommending a grant of Rs. 11,059 to meet the payment of a bonus of one month's pay to certain employees of the Municipality who had to do extra work during the last epidemic of influenza.
31. Recommending a grant of Rs. 500 to meet a moiety of the honorarium to be paid to Mr. G. H. Cowan, Salsette Development Officer, for his assistance to the Municipal Commissioner in his investigations regarding

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.
(Contd.)

the question of extending the existing limits of the City.

32. Recommending sanction to the arrangement proposed by the Commissioner for the acquisition of strips of land in connection with the scheme for the widening of Worli Road.
33. Recommendig a grant of Rs. 6,327 to meet the cost of repairing roads at the Clerk Road Reclamation.
34. Recommending an advance of Rs. 4,000 for purchasing a motor lorry for the use of the Water Department.
35. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the right of cultivating a piece of Municipal land known as Deonar Kacharpatti, Mr. Janardhan Thakooji be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
36. Recommending that in reply to his letter suggesting sites for the provision of a market for the residents of Grant Road and Tardeo Road, Mr. Rustomjee Jamsetjee Postwalla be informed that the question of providing a market for the locality is under consideration.
37. Recommending that in reply to their letter, on behalf of Mr. Mahomed Moosa, regarding the action taken by the Municipality in respect of work of melting silver carried on by their client at premises Nos. 52-56, Pydhoni, Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe, Solicitors, be informed that the Corporation see no reason to interfere in the matter.
38. Recommending that in reply to their letter, on behalf of Mr. Jethalal Narandas, regarding the action taken by the Municipality in respect of the work of melting silver and gold carried on by their client at premises No. 400, Shaik Memon Street, Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe, Solicitors, be informed that the Corporation see no reason to interfere in the matter.
39. Recommending that in reply to her letter, suggesting the provision of a street refuge at the junction of Bellasis Bridge, Bellasis Road, Club Road and Lamington Road, Bai Goolbai Sorabjee Jamsetjee be informed that the question of improving the traffic arrangements of all important junctions including the one referred to by her is being settled in consultation with the Commissioner of Police.
40. Election of two representatives on the Board of Trustees of the Prince of Wales Museum of Western India.

Government Letters—

41. Intimating the appointment of Mr. W. A. Chambers for fixing the rateable value of the Government buildings and lands in the City of Bombay.
42. Forwarding Government Notification extending the term of office of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay by one year.
43. Regarding high prices of foodstuffs prevailing in the City of Bombay, and the question of preventing the influx of famine refugees into the City.
44. Forwarding a Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888.

Letters from the Commissioner—

45. Reporting on the suggestion made by Mr. J. D. D'Silva that the names of East Indian Voters may be shown separately in the Election Roll.
46. Requesting sanction to revised regular lines being prescribed for a portion of Ghoga Street.
47. Forwarding a letter from the Anti Venereal League, Bombay, conveying the thanks of the Executive Committee of the League to the Corporation for their donation to the League.
48. Requesting sanction to the acceptance of an offer from Mr. Soorajmal Harnandrai for the erection of a drinking-fountain and cattle-trough near the junction of Kalbadevi Road and Princess Street.
49. Forwarding a letter from the Chief Secretary to Government who forwards a copy of the A Ward Committee's report for the year ending 4th February 1919.
50. Forwarding a return showing the pressure in the water mains in the different localities of the City.
51. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.
52. Requesting sanction to a supply of water being given to the Salsette Development Officer from the Tulsi main.
53. Forwarding a return showing the quantity of unwholesome foodstuff destroyed by the Market Department.
54. Notice of motion from Rao Saheb Manaji Rajooji Kalewar—For expressing opinion that an incinerator should be constructed on Tardeo flats and not in any portion of Kamatipura or Bapty Road.
55. Election of three members of the Schools Committee.
56. Schools Committee's Letters—Regarding the question of the revision of the scales of salaries of the Municipal School Teachers, etc.

Letters from the Commissioner—

57. Recommending for approval a scheme prepared by the Executive Engineer on the disposal of refuse.
58. Requesting sanction to the rate of annas 8 per 1,000 gallons being charged to Mr Ambaji Dharmaji for utilising Municipal water at Chimboor.
59. Regarding the question of admitting articled pupils in the Engineering Departments of the Municipality.
60. Requesting sanction to a gratuity of Rs. 270 being paid to Mr. John J. Fernandez, late plumber in the Executive Engineer's Department.
61. Forwarding a letter from the Collector of Bombay regarding the appointment of representatives on the Committees appointed by Government regarding the location of licensed liquor shops for different wards of the city.
62. Regarding the question of acquiring certain properties for the improvement of Abdul Rehman Street.
63. Submitting proposals for amending the Municipal Act so as to obtain powers for regulating and controlling the exhibition of advertisements and the erection of hoardings, etc., for the purpose of advertising.
64. Regarding proposals for selling land

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.
(Contd.)

at Agripada and reconstructing the Health Department stables and chawls on land to be purchased or leased from the City Improvement Trust.

Notices of Motions—

65. From Rao Saheb Manaji Rajooji Kalewar—For requesting the Schools Committee to formulate proposals for constructing two school buildings in Kamatipura.
66. From Dr. Dinsha Bamanji Postanji Master—For obtaining a report as to the ways by which the existing Municipal revenue may be increased to meet the growing expenditure on Education, Medical Relief, Sanitation, etc.
67-70. Memoranda from the Municipal Secretary—Submitting (67) a statement of Budget transfers sanctioned by the Standing Committee, (68) a return showing the attendance of Councillors at meetings and the changes that have taken place in the constitution of the Corporation and the Standing Committee during the year ending 31st March 1919, (69) a list of resolutions passed by the Corporation calling for reports from the Commissioner which have not been received and (70) a statement of Outstanding Committees of the Corporation.

Reports of Committees of the Corporation—

71. Regarding a proposal for the revision of the appointments and salaries of the Assistant and the Deputy Health Officers.
72. Regarding the alleged assurance given by the Municipal Executive that the City will get a constant supply of water at full pressure after the duplication of the Tansa Main.
73. Regarding a proposal for closing a portion of 1st Ganeshwady Lane.
74. Regarding the improvement of a portion of Parel Tank Road.
75. Regarding the question of providing footpaths on Dongri Street.
76. Regarding the law and rules in force concerning refunds and drawbacks and their working.

A. A. MOULVI,
Acting Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 25th March, 1919.

NOTICE.

THE right of ownership in the Mucha registered at the port of Mangalore under No. 5 on 8-1-19 in the name Kadri, purporting to be owned by ISAK and Tandel ABBUBAKKAR, is in dispute. Intending buyers or hypothecatees will do so at their risk. Further information may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

K. L. BHANDARI,
Vakil.
Dist. Munsiff's Court,
Kundapur, S. Kanara,
21st February, 1919. 1730

HORTICULTURAL PUPILS.

THERE are two vacancies for Horticultural Pupils in the Ganeshkhind Botanical Gardens, Kirkee. Pupils must have a good knowledge of English. Quarters and tuition free. Course lasts one year commencing from 15th May, 1919. For particulars apply to the Undersigned before the 30th April, 1519.

S. L. AJREKAR,
Ag. Economic Botanist.
Ganeshkhind Gardens, Kirkee,
20th March, 1919. 1611

NOTICE

TO BE LET.—Newly built beautiful airy flats at Altamount Road. Plot No. 6 with complete electric and sanitary fittings. Apply to Jehangir M. Billimoria Architect, Hughes Road, Jehangir Mansion, Chawpatty, or Budri Mahal, Hornby Road Fort 1949

FOR SALE.

(1) COAL SHARES of Rs. 10 each paying steady dividend of 25 per cent. at Rs. 12-8 per share. Excellent investment.
(2) SHARES of SYLHET LIME AND TRADING CO., LD. Dividend Prospect very good. Shares of Rs. 10 payable by small instalments.

THE INDIAN SHARE EXCHANGE,
2 and 3, Lall Bazar Street,
Calcutta.
1507

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY.

1. The SENIOR MINISTER in His Highness' Government.
   (a) Salary up to Rs. 2,000 per month.
   (b) Administrative experience and perfect knowledge of English and Persian essential.
   (c) Knowledge of Sanscrit an additional recommendation.
2. PRESIDENT of the State Municipalities.
   (a) Salary up to Rs. 600 per month.
   (b) Englishman with engineering qualifications preferred.
3. A TUTOR to two young students.
   (a) Salary Rs. 600 per month.
   (b) A European officer with literary qualifications preferred.

The following conditions apply to all the above posts:—
(a) Free unfurnished quarters.
(b) Will be guided in all respects by State rules, including travelling allowance and security, &c.
(c) Applications with copies of testimonials should be accompanied with photographs (not to be returned) without which no application will be entertained.

Apply before 1st April to the PRIVATE SECRETARY to H. H. Sri Sewai Maharaj Dev of Alwar. 1420

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Under the provisions of Section 29 (1) of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902, I hereby give notice and proclaim that any stray dogs found between the 1st April, 1919, and 31st March, 1920 (both dates inclusive), wandering in the streets or in any public place within the City of Bombay may be destroyed and that the destruction accordingly of any dog so found within such period will be carried out without further notice in accordance with arrangements already made for the purpose.

F. C. GRIFFITH,
Acting Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office:
Bombay, 25th March, 1919.
1723

NOTICE.

THE EASTERN ELECTRIC AND TRADING CO., of Karachi shift their Head Office on Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, opposite Cash Chemists, from 1st April, 1919.

Enquiry Solicited.
1532

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE PUBLIC that Mr. DEVIDAS SULAKHANMAL left service of our clients, Messrs. TULSIRAM JAGATRAM, on 6th January 1919. If any person will deal with him in our clients' name he will do so at his own risk.

JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS.
Attorneys for Messrs. Tulsiram Jagatram.
5, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay.
1733

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of SHIVSHUNKER NARAYEN alias SHIVSHANKAR NARAYEN alias SHIVSHANKER NARAYEN alias SHIVSHANKAR NARAYAN, Munccadum, of Bombay, Soma Vaunshi, Kshatriya, widower ..... Deceased.

SHANTARAM MORESHWAR MUCCADUM, of Bombay, Soma Vaunshi Kshatriya, Pathare Hindu, a Photographer by profession, grandson and Executor and Trustee named in the Will of the deceased abovenamed, residing at No. 26-28, 2nd Carpenter Street, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of the Probate.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this Twentieth day of March, in the year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Nineteen, and in the Ninth year of Our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI.

The 20th day of March, 1919.
Messrs. NANU HORMASJEE & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
1737

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that EBRAHIM KUBA MUDARI has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to my client.

All persons having any claim or demand against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, charge, gift, lease, sale, use, trust, lien, possession, inheritance, or otherwise are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at 14, Humum Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and if there be any such the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of pension and Tax land or ground, containing by admeasurement 245 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 127, 127, New Nos. 1004, and 1005, Old Survey Nos. 74-74 and New Survey Nos. 8179-8180, together with the mortgage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward Nos. 3513-3514 and Street Nos. 5 and 6 and which all premises are situate at Old Sonapur Second Cross Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the East by the property of Anandibai widow of Narayen Ambaji on or towards the North by the Sonapur 2nd Cross Lane, on or towards the West by a passage and on or towards the South by the property of S. K. Barodawalla.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1919.

MANCHERSHAW B. CHOTHIA,
Purchaser's Attorney.
1739

SAFETY RAZOR.

SAFETY RAZOR rivals "Gillet", identical in appearance and use at one-third the "Gillet" price. Uses the "Gillet" blades. British made, complete in case with three "Gillet" blades for Rs. 5/- (five) only (Postage extra) direct from the importers.

THE INTERNATIONAL STORES,
325, Hornby Road, Fort,
BOMBAY.

BOOKS ON MODERN ASTROLOGY.

(1) ASTROLOGICAL SELF-INSTRUCTOR A guide to the study of Astrology on modern lines with 108 Questions with full and detailed Answers. Easily understandable. Extremely useful for beginners. Re 1 only.

(2) "WHY ASTROLOGY SHOULD BE BELIEVED." A pamphlet proving that Astrology is a Science. As 5 only.

Apply to:—I. W. R. SARMA,
Cocanada, S. India
1731

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.

The sale of landed property at Deolali advertised to take place to-day is POSTPONED until further notice.

On FRIDAY, the 28th March, 1919, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 10 Cuffe Parade, Colaba (on the Sea side) very valuable and handsome made to order household furniture by Roberts and other well known maker very rich cut glassware, rich porcelain ware dining table, arm and without arm chairs, rule board and dumb waiters, very rich door and window curtains drawing room Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, rich cabinets, fancy ornament, one handsome especially made cutlery, table with spoons and forks, old China jars, fancy cabinet, marble figure, China vases, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, dressing and washhand table, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown presses, Jost fan, glass door book cases, (zoona) cupboard, marble top tables, Singapore cane, furniture wall and table clocks, tiffin baskets, ice box, aluminum utensils, etc., etc., the property of F. W. Luxton, Esq., (proceeded to Europe) and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF YARN.

On FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at 1 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction in the compound of the Meyer Sassoon Mill, Limited, Furguson Road, Parel, by order of Messrs. The E. D. Sassoon & Co., and on account and risk of the concerned.

100 Bales Yarn 4s Flag Ticket of 400 lbs. each of the Meyer Sassoon Mills Ltd.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc., on account of the under writers.

T.S.C.L. 3191 No. 7 equal to 1 case boots and shoes English.

At 2 p.m. (S. T.).

1 Second-hand rubber tyred victoria in good order.

1 second hand rubber planquin office shigram.

1 second hand rubber tyred vis-a-vis., in good order.

1 Bay horse, quiet in harness.

On SUNDAY, the 30th day of March, 1919, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Napean Road, Malabar Hill, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass, crockery and platedware, solid blackwood large dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, table and hall electric lights and fans, one mahogany sweet-tone square piano, rich cabinets, table ornaments, large size terra cotta figures, rich carpets, glass door book cases, writing tables, single and double almyrahs, dressing and washhand tables, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown presses, Singapore cane sofas and chairs, nearly new China matting, rich door curtains, copper and aluminium utensils, etc., etc., the property of Lt.-Col. Meyer, I.M.S., and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view three days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF POLO PONIES, ARAB AND WALER, HORSES, HACKS, ENGLISH BUILT VICTORIAS.

On MONDAY, the 31st instant, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Messrs. Abdul Wahed Mirja and Co.'s Stables, No. 32, Lamington Road, Byculla, the following horses and carriages:—

1—Chesnut C. B. horse, 14-2, 4 years old partly broken to harness.

2—Chestnut Arab horse 14 hands, 5 years, well bred, very handsome and promising, will make a very good Polo pony or hack for up-country.

3—Chestnut Arab, 14-1, 5 years, will make a good polo pony or hack.

4—Grey Arab horse, 14-3, 7 years, very handsome, free of marks, broken to harness.

5—Bay Arab, 14-2, 5 years, very handsome and perfectly broken to harness and saddle.

6—Grey Arab, 7 years, very handsome and a fine stepper, broken to harness.

7—Very handsome bicycle wheel English Victoria in good condition and perfect order with a handsome bay waler horse 15-2, 6 years old, broken to harness and very quiet for up and down work.

8—Very nice light English Victoria, very comfortable in perfect order suitable for Arab.

9—Bay Arab horse "Heliograph" 14-2, aged winner of a couple of races.

10—Grey Arab horse, 14-2, 5 years "Arab Chief" very handsome and well bred, will make a good polo pony, or hack for up-country.

AUCTION SALE OF FANCY WHITE DHOTIES.

On WEDNESDAY, the 2nd April next, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Morarjee Goculdas Market, Krishna Gully, Kalbadevi, by order of Messrs. M. Abdoola Aziz and Co., selling agents. Broach Fine Count A. and W. Co., Ltd., and on account and risk of Messrs. K. Daya and Co:—

5 bales each 200 ps. Naxi Fine Dhoties, 54 inches 8 yards.
8 bales each 200 ps. Naxi Fine Dhoties, 54 inches 9 yards.
7 bales each 200 ps. Naxi Fine Dhoties, 54 inches 10 yards.
5 bales each 200 ps. Naxi Fine Dhoties, 54 inches 11 yards.
2 bales each 200 ps. Naxi Fine Dhoties, 54 inches 9 yards.
3 bales each 200 ps. Naxi Fine Dhoties, 54 inches 10 yards.
4 bales each 200 ps. Patti Chiran Dhoties, 44 inches 8 yards.
4 bales each 200 ps. Patti Chiran Dhoties, 44 inches 9 yards.
2 bales each 200 ps. Patti Chiran Dhoties, 44 inches 10 yards.
2 bales each 200 ps. Chasam Silk Dhoties, 54 inches 10 yards.
3 bales each 200 ps. Chasam Silk Dhoties, 54 inches 11 yards.
2 bales each 200 ps. Fine Nuxi Cressent Dhoties, 54 inches 8 yards.
2 bales each 200 ps. Fine Nuxi Cressent Dhoties, 54 inches 9 yards.
1 bale of 200 pieces Fine Nuxi Cressent Dhoties, 54 inches 10 yards.
2 bales each 200 ps. Fine Coarse Nuxi Dhoties, 46 inches 8 yards.
2 bales each 200 ps. Fine Coarse Nuxi Dhoties, 46 inches 9 yards.
1 bale of 200 ps. Fine Coarse Nuxi Dhoties, 46 inches 10 yards.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE STORES OF FAZULBHOY, PEARL, PABANEY, CURRIMBHOY AND CRESCENT MILLS AND THE INDIAN BLEACHING DYING AND PRINTING WORKS LIMITED.

Under instructions from Messrs. Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Sons, Ltd. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on MONDAY, the 7th proximo and on the following days at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), each day sell by Public Auction, on the premises of each of the following mills:—

On the premises of the Fazulbhoy Mills Limited at De Lisle Road, Parel.

A lot of unserviceable stores such as empty casks of appranta, tallow, china clay and spindle oil, empty drums of terpentine and boiled oil, empty tins of kerosine and nilosite oil, tallow, gresy oil calsium and magnesium, empty wooden cases of oil, empty jars, empty bottles, empty boxes, empty bags of grain, old rejected pickers, old buffers, old and new prices or roller skin, old roller cloth, hoop iron, healds, old spurning rings, full press bardan doocha, loose planks or wooden castes, old tin scraps, etc.

On the premises of the Pearl Mills Limited. A lot of unserviceable stores such as empty casks of apprenta, tallow, china clay and cylinder oil, empty drums of boiled oil, empty lins of kerosine and spindle oil in case, empty drums of calsium, old pickers, old and new preses of roller skin, old roller cloth, pieces of hoop iron, healds, empty boxes of ring travellers, empty bottles, full press bardan doocha, etc.

On the premises of the Pabaney Mills, Limited.

A lot of unserviceable stores such as old pickeys, old buffers, empty jars, empty bottles, empty drums, of boiled oil empty cases, empty bags of sago floor, empty casks of tallow and spindle oil, pieces of hoop iron, old winding bobbins doocha of old gunny bags etc.

On the premises of the Currimbhoys Mills, Co., Ltd.

A lot of unserviceable stores such as ring travellers boxes, ink bottles, acid jars, old and new pieces of roller skin, new pieces of roller cloth, old pickers, spindle oil tins, empty drums, empty casks of coal tar, old healds, buffers, elastic and empty cases of kerosine oil, hoop iron, old fryers, rings, C. I. water tanks, tin and iron scrapping, etc.

On the premises of the Indian Bleaching Dying and Printing Works Ltd. Purbhadevi Road, Dadar.

A lot of unserviceable stores such as old hoop iron, cloth rags ends, cotton banding pieces, manila rope, waste engine rope, bardan and full press bales doochas, brass dust and pieces, W. I. pipe, iron pieces, castings, copper in pieces, rubber pieces, leather and hair belting, zinc sheets, iron chains, iren in pieces, empty ink bottles, empty wooden boxes and cases, empty tins of colour, empty casks, gunny bags, etc.

On the premises of the Crescent Mills Co. Ltd., at Ferguson Road, Parel.

A lot of unserviceable stores such as empty casks of allow grease, and china clay, empty tins of oil, empty drums empty oil cases, empty bags of sago and farina, empty jars, empty dealwood cases, hoop iron, spinning rings, liesum tares of F. P. cotton bales etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & Co.,
Bombay, 26th March, 1919.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 3400.

AUCTION SALE ON SUNDAY THE 30TH MARCH AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 30th day of March 1919, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at "Datoobhai Mansions" Mayo Road, opposite the Band Stand, Fort, very valuable teak and blackwood plain and carved household furniture comprising large sliding dining table, dining room chairs, handsome sideboard, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meatsafes, refrigerator in box, rich glassware, crockery and pledware, marble top tables, tiled and plain top teapoys, Chesterfield sofas, Chesterfield easy chairs, handsome cabinets, corner cabinet, silver show cases, tapestry upholstered drawing room suite, brass flower vases, flower pots, rich pictures, carpets, sweet toned cottage piano, single and double iron bedsteads, handsome mirror and hand door almyrahs, clothes and gown presses, marble top dressing and washhand tables, reclining sofas, book cases, bath room furniture, bead door chicks, electric table and hall lamps, cooking utensils, etc., etc.

The property of the Honourable Mr. J. P. Orr, I.C.S., C.S.I., Chairman, the Bombay Improvement Trust and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD STEEL BAND SOLID MOTOR TYRES AND OLD MOTOR COVERS.

By order of the Purchasing Officer for Mechanical Transport Stores, Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by public auction on SATURDAY, the 29th day of March, 1919, at 11 a.m. (S.T.), in the morning at Old Town Barracks, Bazar Gate Street, Fort.

A lot of old steel band solid motor tyres, and old motor covers.

Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF LARGE QUANTITY OF WOOLLEN AND COTTON CLOTHING, SHIRTS, VESTS, DRAWERS, SOCKS, BLANKET CUTTINGS, JACKETS, ETC.

By order of the Officer-in-Charge, Clothing Depot, Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 31st March, 1919, at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.), at "H" Shed Grain Depot Mazagon.

A large quantity of woollen and cotton Army clothing comprising, shirts, vests, drawers, socks, blanket cuttings, jackets, etc

Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down and the lots will have to be removed within 2 days.

J. S. MODY & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th March, 1919.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS BOMBAY.
No 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 521.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD HANDSOME TEAKWOOD AND CANE FURNITURE, ETC., OF V. TRODA, ESQ., THE MUSICIAN OF THE ROYAL OPERA CO., AND OTHERS.

On SUNDAY, the 30th day of March, 1919, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) sharp, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Gilbert Building, opposite Babulnath Temple, Chowpatty, valuable handsome household furniture consisting of dining table, dining chairs, meatsafes, dinner waggon, Chesterfield easy chairs, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, sideboard, mirror door almyrahs, dressing, writing and wash-hand table clothes and gown presses, artistic cabinets, chairs, plain teapoys, revolving book case, cane furniture, bentwood rocking chairs and sofas, iron and brass beds, baba gharry, tricycles, baby's cot, clothes basket, bath tub, towel horses, camp cot, English and Brussels carpets, American rolled top office table, English palm stands, crockeryware, copper pots, etc.

The property of V. Troda, Esq., the Musician of the Royal Opera Co. and others.

Catalogues will be printed and the property will be on view 3 days before the day of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th March, 1919.

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.—(Contd.)

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF 2 CASES SOKA POPLINS.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 2-45 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Seth B. Amad and on account and at the risk of Messrs. A. K. Premchand and Co. of Engrejigully:—

1 case Soka Poplins Black No. 1500, 43 inches, L. L. Teli's goods.
1 case Soka Poplins Coloured No. 1500, 43 inches, L. L. Teli's goods.

AUCTION SALE OF 2 PACKAGES DHOTEES.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Seth Narandas Mathuradas and on account and at the risk of Seth Jagjiwan Anandji of Lakhmidas Khinji Market:—

2 packages Dhotees No. 645 or other, 8 to 9 yards.

AUCTION SALE OF 21 BALES JAPANESE SHIRTINGS.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 3-15 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Seth Bhanji Harji of Mangaldas Market:—

21 bales Japanese Shirtings No. 55000.

AUCTION SALE OF 8 PACKAGES JAPANESE SHIRTINGS.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Seth Haridas Tricumdas and on account and at the risk of Sha Narottam Motichand:—

7 packages Japanese Shirtings No. 99000.
1 package Japanese Shirtings No. 99000.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th March, 1919.

For your Household and Office requisites always run to the

B. Maneklal & Co.'s AUCTION ROOMS, FIRST

BEFORE YOU GO ELSEWHERE

Most of your requirements will surely be fulfilled at a nominal cost.

Everything can be had at fixed rates on all week days except Saturday.

Rooms:—Entrance Medows Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 3297.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS
NO. 25, HUMMUM STREET, FORT
Telephone No. 4083.

AUCTION SALE OF HARD DRAWN BARBED WIRE (COPPER).

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY the 27th March 1919 at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at their rooms by order of the offices concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. S. Inowye the following goods:—

40 Coils H.D.B.C. Copper Wire No. 8.
24 Coils H.D.B.C. Copper Wire No. 10.
34 Coils H.D.B.C. Copper Wire No. 12.
100 Coils H.D.B.C. Copper Wire No. 16.
20 Coils H.D.B.C. Copper Wire No. 18.
14 Coils H.D.B.C. Copper Wire No. 20.
10 Coils H.D.B.C. Copper Wire No. 22.
(each Coil weighing 112 lbs. (about)).

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down and goods to be removed within two days

AUCTION SALE OF 450 BALES DAVID MILLS YARN.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 1st April, 1919, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, by order of The David Mills Co., Ltd., and on account and at the risk of the undermentioned parties, the following goods:—

On account and at the risk of Mr. Ramanlal Chabildas:—

325 bales David Mills Yarn No. 10, China Cockatoo Ticket Flower Tie, each 400 lbs.

On account and at the risk of Mr. Jivanchand Talakchand:—

125 bales, No. 10, David Mills Yarn, China Cockatoo Ticket Flower Tie, each 400 lbs.

AUCTION SALE OF 375 AMERICAN MILD STEEL BARS.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, 29th March, 1919, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Victoria Dock No. 10 Shed, by order of the Insurance Office concerned, the following goods landed ex. s. s. "Tjibodas":—

A.N. 875 I.K.—375 American Mild Steel Round Bars, weighing 49 tons.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

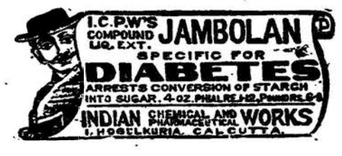
AUCTION SALE OF 26 BALES COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 28th March, 1919, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at G. I. P. Railway Goods Depot, Colaba, near Tramway Co.'s Stable, on account of the concerned, the following slightly damaged cotton:—

26 bales Ellichpur Cotton.

MENESSE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th March, 1919.


I.C.P.W'S COMPOUND LIQ. EXT.
JAMBOLAN
SPECIFIC FOR
DIABETES
ARRESTS CONVERSION OF STARCH INTO SUGAR. 4 OZ. PHIALS. RS. 2 PHIALS. RS. 3
INDIAN CHEMICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS
1, HOGELKURIA, CALCUTTA.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MODY & CO,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
MEDOWS STREET, FORT.
OPPOSITE NEW SHARE BAZAAR.

AUCTION SALE ON 28TH MARCH, 1919, AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Auction sale of valuable teak and blackwood artistic design made-to-order drawing room, dining room, and bed room, furniture, cottage piano by "Rose and Co.," Milner's iron safe, cash register machine, camera, telescope, Singer sewing machine, cabinets, almirahs, glassware, crockery, etc.

Messrs. MODY and Co., will on FRIDAY, the 28th day of March, 1919, sell by Public Auction in their Auction Room in Medow Street, Fort, opposite the New Share Bazar (where all the furniture has been removed for sale) very rich made to order teak and blackwood artistic drawing room, dining room, and bed room furniture, such as dining table, dining chairs, mirror back sideboards, fancy drawing room mirror back Wimbridge pattern cabinets, drawing room silk tapestry lined spring cushion suits of sofas and chairs, easychairs, rocking chairs, marble centre-tables, sofas, blackwood cupboards, revolving bookstands, writing tables, cash register machine, telescope, camera, teak wood fancy teapoys, glass painting almirahs, show cases, dinner waggon, carpets, Singer foot and hand sewing machine, cottage piano by Messrs. "S. Rose and Co.," folding screen, fancy Wimbridge pattern mirror back corner cabinets, mirror back hatstands, marble top washhand tables with sets, towel horses, hatrack, bath tub, Mahoganise dressing chest of drawers, cash and despatch boxes, "Milner's" fire resisting iron safe original cost Rs. 1,500, Chubb's safe box, dressing tables, teak wood single and double bedsteads with mattresses, baba gharry, baba cots, cane furniture, hanging gown presses, copying press on stand, crockery, glassware, cooking utensils, etc.

Property of W. G. Mason, Esq., Military Works Services, and A. Velice Esq., of Messrs. Ralli Bros.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE THIS DAY, 26TH DAY OF MARCH, 1919, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF DIAMONDS, EMERALDS, RUBIES, AND PEARLS JEWELLERY.

Messrs. MODY and Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of March, 1919, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction by order of the Company of well-known Jewellry Merchants who want to have their partnership closed on account of settling their accounts the following jewellery such as:—

Diamond necklaces, diamond, emerald and ruby necklaces, diamond and brilliant bracelets, diamond earrings, diamond kudajody diamond lavangias, diamond, emerald and rebroses, diamond collar buttons, diamond button sets, rings, hoopsrings, diamond sarpeins, 1 emerald ring, (pure), pearl bangles, tirammala neckchains, diamonds and emerald marquis rings, loose diamonds emeralds and rubies, opals, moonstones, cats eye pieces, etc., etc.

Jewellery is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 31 CASES BUTTER.

Messrs. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will on THURSDAY, the 27th day of March, 1919, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, in the Godown of Seth Hussonally Abdoolally's Building and opposite the Fountain on Mint Road, Fort, by order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of the Proprietor, The Chempeon Dairy Co.:—

31 cases each 100 tins, each tin of 1 lb. nett Butter.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale, and the balance will have to be paid and cases taken delivery of within 2 days.

MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 26th March, 1919.

AMUSEMENTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of Concerts, Cinemas, Amusements are inserted in these and other ... at Rs. 2 per inch per column at the rate ... insertion in single column.

IMPERIAL
THE PREMIER PICTURE PALACE OF BOMBAY.

TO-NIGHT!
TREMENDOUSLY EXCITING SUPER-SERIAL, THE
NEW MACISTE
or the thrilling adventures of
A MODERN HERCULES

8 Reels of this thrilling super-serial will be screened this week, showing Maciste as Policeman.

A THRILL TO EVERY INCH OF THE SUPER-SERIAL.

See how the modern Hercules brings a rascally Count to book.

A STORY OF TENSE DRAMATIC INTEREST.

The film is supplied by K. A. Sethna & Co., Agents to Arturo Boneschi.

PATHE GAZETTE.

Every night: 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.
Every Saturday and Sunday:—Matinee at ... m
Extra Show—Every Sunday at 3-30 p. m.

NEXT WEEK
Further episodes of the New Maciste "Maciste as an Athlete."

NEW ALEXANDRA
Nea Crawford Market.
To-Night
Episode 13th & 14th.
OF THAT ASTOUNDING SERIAL
THE BULL'S EYE
featuring
EDDIE POLO
THE DARE-DEVIL
Together with Pictorial News and 2-Part Comedy.
3 Shows nightly at 7, 8-45, and 10-30

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EMPIRE
COMING SHORTLY
The Film Sensation of the year
"TARZAN OF THE APES"

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Bombay's Most Central Theatre.
HOME OF CELEBRITIES
To-day at 6-30 & 10 p.m.
SPLENDID PICTURE BILL
HARRY HILLIARD and JUNE CAPRICE in the 5-reel Photo-play:
"Caprice of the Mountains"
A refreshing story of the out-of-doors, replete with dramatic interest and beautiful sceneries, describing the love story of a young mountain girl that marries a society youth of the town.
A comic story describing Sunday Pleasures in Ecstasy.
She walks in beauty like the night
Of cloudless climes and starry skies,
And all that's best of dark and bright
Meet in her aspect and her eyes:
Thus mellow'd to that tender light
Which Heaven to gaudy day denies.
Prices:—Re. 1-8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 & 4.
Seats in side boxes Rs. 2 each.
Dress Circle Boxes Rs. 5 each.
NOTE—Tramway extended right upto the corner opposite Royal Opera House.

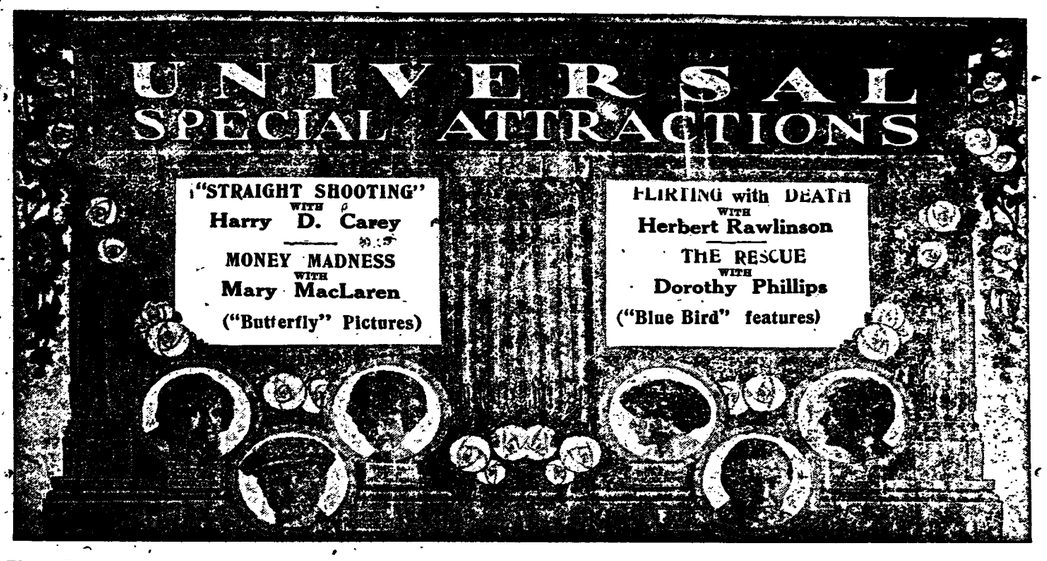
Bombay's Popular Picture Palace
THE MAJESTIC
(Tram Terminus, Girgaum)
presents to-day and during the week at 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.
SEVENTH INSTALMENT
OF THE GREAT UNIVERSAL SERIAL
"THE BULL'S EYE"
featuring
EDDIE POLO
together with a two reel L.K.O. Comic and Dance of Love by Little Lena Baskette.
Coming Shortly.
Film Version of Marie Corelli's famous novel THELMA.

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF
H. H. The Maharaja Sayaji Rao Gaekwad of Baroda
Gandharva Natak Mandali
will perform at the
NEW ELPHINSTONE THEATRE
Grant Road
Wednesday 26th March 1919 at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)
In aid of the
BOMBAY HINDU GYMNASTIC CLUB
(SANGIT) SWAYANWAR (Acts 1 to 5)
Saturday 29th March 1919 at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)
NEW PERFORMANCE
BY THE LATE MR. R. G. GADKARI,
EKACHA-PYALA
(Sangit into 5 Acts),
Sunday 30th March 1919 at 3 p. m. (S.T.)
NEW PERFORMANCE
BY THE LATE MR. R. G. GADKARI,
EKACHA-PYALA
(Sangit into 5 Acts)
Admission Rs. 4, 3, 2½, 2, 1½, 1. As. 12 & 8.
TICKETS—can be had at the Mandali's Residence at Nana Shankarshet's Temple, Tardeo.
K. P. PANDIT, *Manager.*

JUST RECEIVED
Fresh stock of MICHELIN and other well known TYRES, Motor car and Motor cycle accessories.
ROYAL MOTOR CO.,
Opposite Imperial Cinema.
LAMINGTON ROAD, BOMBAY

ENCOURAGE INDIAN INDUSTRY.
Enquiries Solicited for
ALL KINDS OF OIL-PAINTS,
(Moist-paste or Ready-mixed)
ENUINE RAW, PALE BOILED AND DOUBLE BOILED LINSEED OILS.
VARNISHES, GOLD-SIZE, BLACK-JAPAN, 'STICK-FAST' PUTTY &c.
Manufactured by:—
THE INDIAN WHITE PAINT MFG. CO.
Pioneer PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES MANUFACTURERS IN INDIA.
Telegrams:—"Whitepaint"—Phone No. ...
Factory & Offices: BYCULLA BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.



For Bookings, communicate with—

The Universal Film Manufacturing Co.,

HEERA HOUSE,

Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY.

A Really Enchanting Pathe Drama full of Smiles!

"A LITTLE SISTER OF EVERYBODY"

(5 parts 5000 feet)

featuring the celebrated popular Star Miss

BESSIE LOVE

in the principal Role.

Love and Sympathy and Kindness and Gentleness—all this predominates Miss Bessie Love's most lovely deeds.

The Great Question of the Dispute between Capital and Labour is at length solved, but how?—Well, see the answer in this fascinating Drama at

THE WEST-END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

The Programme includes the Gaumont Gazette and a screaming 2-Reel TOTO Comedy.

"FARE PLEASE!"

Four Shows daily 5-30; 7; 8-45; 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

KEEP WIDE AWAKE!

From Saturday next Commences at the West-End Cinema the new powerful Serial

"EXPLOITS OF JUDEX"

Entirely New 21 parts.

STRONG IN BODY AND VALIANT BUT SOFT IN HEART AND SYMPATHETIC,

"MASCISTE"

is creating a great hubbub in the City just now with his entirely new and exciting adventures.

"MASCISTE"

the friend of the innocent and the weak—this Hero with the Iron Nerves, is simply doing wonders in his new role of

MASCISTE as a Policeman.

See with what daring deeds he frustrates all the nefarious plans of a villainous Count and how he rescues an innocent widow from a false and unjust accusation. See his many other intensely powerful exploits at the

CINEMA PRECIOUS

(Grant Road Tram Terminus)

Our First Show Daily Commences at 5-15 p. m. (S. T.) when Ladies and Schoolchildren are admitted at Half Rates in all the Classes except the Third. Rest of the Shows at 7; 8-45 10-30 p. m. (S. T.).

POPULAR PRICES.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Mar. 13th:

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool		4,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		
" " Sales of East Indian		50
" " Imports		1,000
Mid. American Spot		15.47
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakel		27 09
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time).	May	24 50
	July	23 51
	Oct	22 32
New Orleans 10 a.m.	May	24 97
	July	23.54

Liverpool, Mar. 17th.

		Bales.
Total Days Sales at Liverpool		3,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		
" " Sales of East Indian		
" " Imports		44 000
Mid. American Spot		15.76
Egyptian F.G.F spot		27.78
New York 11 a.m (As known in Liverpool at closing time).	May	25 05
	July	23 50
	Oct	22 05
New Orleans opening 10 a.m	May	25 06
	July	23.54

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Mar. 13th:

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

New Contracts:

Months	To-day's price
Mar.	16 40+32
April	15.52-36
May	14.18+38
June	
July	13 80+35
Aug.	13 69+30
Sept.	13.45+35

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

Liverpool Mar. 17th:

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

New Contracts:

Months	To-day's price
Mar.	16 43
April	15.72
May	14.41
June	
July	13.97
Aug.	
Sept.	13.54

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Mar 13th:

New Contracts:

Months	To-day's price
March	16 36
April	15 66
May	14.26
June	14.04
July	13 83
Aug.	13.61
Sept.	13.36

Liverpool, Mar. 17th:

New Contracts.

Months	To-day's price
Mar.	16.38
April	15.63
May	14.30
June	14.19
July	13.99
Aug.	13.64
Sept.	13.42

EGYPTIAN FUTURE.

Liverpool, Mar. 13th:

New Contracts:

Months	To-day's price.
Mar.	27 09 Unchgd

Liverpool, Mar. 17th.

New Contracts.

Months	To-day's price
Mar.	27.09

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Mar. 13th.

M.G. Bengal Good		11.66
" " Fully Good		11.58
" " Fine		11.85
" No. 1 Oomra Good		13.47
" " Fully Good		13.97
" " Fine		14.37
" Broach Good		14.46
" " Fully Good		14.71
" " Fine		14.96

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Mar 10th:

Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
" " to Continent	Nil
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	16
Demand Bills	
Silver Commercial Bars	101½

New York, Mar. 11th:

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	16,000
Futures at New York May	22 80—25
" " July	22 03—37
" " Oct.	20 81—84
Spot Cotton at New York	26.25—30
" " Orleans	27.25 Unchgd.
Futures at New Orleans May	23 46—30
" " July	22.15—30

MONEY MARKETS.

London, Mar. 14th:

Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4
" " 6 "	4 1/8
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	26 45

London, Mar. 17th:

Rentes 3%	62 1/2
Interest day to day loans	3
Consols 2½ %	57½
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	27.76

WAR LOANS.

London, Mar 14th:

3½ % 1925—1928	£87½
4½ % 1925—1945	£99½

London Mar. 17th.

4½% 1925—1945	£99½
5 % New	£95 1/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Mar. 14th:

METALS:

Copper Brazlers	£113
Yellow Metal	10½

London, Mar. 17th.

METALS:

Standard Copper G.M.R.	£77
Wheat Allout to United Kingdom	1,170,000 quarters.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

MARCH, 25.

The Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 480 for Fully Good Broach April, May, and after touching Rs. 481¼ declined to Rs. 474¼. Later on the price improved to Rs. 477, and for some time the rate ruled at and about Rs. 476-77. A moderate business was done in Fully Good Broach July, August at twenty rupees over the May, June, price. The bazaar closed at Rs. 475¼ for Broach May June. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 476¼ declined to Rs. 472, and after fluctuations closed as under.

For ready cotton the enquiry has been moderate.

We give below the settlement rates of the Cotton Contracts Committee, as also the spot Rates, which are the settlement rates for March contracts.

QUOTATIONS 6 P.M.

		Rs.
Fully Good M. G. Broach	April-May	472
Fully Good M. G. Bengal	May	392
Fine M. G. Oomras	"	452

COTTON CONTRACTS COMMITTEE.

SETTLEMENT RATES 25TH MARCH 1919.

		Rs
Fully Good M. G. Broach	April-May	475
Fully Good M. G Bengal	May	397
Fine M. G. Oomras	May	458
Good M. G. Southerns	May-June	483

SPOT RATES.

Descriptions.	Upper Sind.	Fine.	F. G.	Good.	Delivery
M.G. Bengal	419	402	390	375	Ready
M.G. Sind-Punjab	405	397	385	370	"
M.G. Rhandesh	...	...	...	...	"
M.G. Oomras No 3	463	452	417	412	"
M.G. Oomras No 4	—	442	427	412	"

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton, produce, etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 24th Mar. 1919.

Cotton	13 973 bales.
Wheat	31 582 Cwts.
Linseed	548 "
Rape, etc	417 "
Groundnuts	227 "
Cottonseed	Nil
Jowari	819 "
Castorseed	Nil
Rice	33,661 "
Sarsabullums	2 450 "
Myrabolams	2,710 "
Dowraree	Nil
Gram	19,270 "
Cowas	2,662 "
Ajwa	50 "
Ashoof	127 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce:

Bombay, Mar. 25th—5-30 p.m.

Ready	Bazaar Terms	Rail Deliver)
	Rs. as. p	Rs. as. p
Wheat White Delhi 70-35	74 0 0	10 5 0
" " Cawnpore 70-80	74 0 0	10 5 0
" Karachi Bansla	74 0 0	10 5 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	11 1 0	11 0 0
" Cawnpore	11 0 0	11 3 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	13 0 0	14 1 0
Linseed Brown Bold	12 14 0	13 6 0
" Thin	12 6	12 14 0
Teelseed White 85-15	110 0 0	----
" Gajar 75-25	106 0 0	----
" Black	100 0 0	----
" Gajar 50-50	91 0 0	----
Poppyseed, White	76 4 0	----
Groundnuts	93 0 0	----
Barley	7 2 0	7 10 0
Unwrassed	80 0 0	----
Castorseed	75 0 0	15 0 0

Forward.	Rs. as. p.
Wheat April-May	9 2 0
Linseed May	13 13 6

BOMBAY AND CHINA YARN MARKET.

Bombay, Mar. 25th.

Rate per Bl.

	Rs. as. p.
Davids No. 10	0 13 4
Shapurji No. 10	0 14 0
Simplex No 10	0 14 0
Currimbhai No. 12½	0 15 0
Light Houses No. 6½	0 12 0

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Mar. 25th.

Market Rates:

Bank Telegraphic	1 6 15½
Bank Demand	1 6 0
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s.	1 5 5½
Fcs. Demand	202½
American Dollars	226
Hongkong "	213½
Shanghai	313
Japan	142½
Singapore	164½

Market Steady.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bombay, March 25.

BULLION.

Bar Gold Rs. 31-2-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/5 31/32.
D. D. on London 1/6 1/32.
Credit 3 Msd/a 1/6 11/32.
D. D. on France Fr. 194.
Credit 3 Msd/a Fr. 202.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 142-8.
60 D/st Japan Rs. 140-4.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 209-8.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 312-8.
D. D. on Singapore Rs. 156-8.
D. D. on New York Rs. 280.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-1947 92.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1920-22 99-8.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 82.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 95.
3½ per cent Paper 75.
4½ per cent. Port Trust Long dated 89.
4 per cent. Port Trust Long dated 84.
4 per cent. Municipal Long dated 83.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust Long dated 82.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 91.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 91.
4 per cent. Municipal Short dated 92.
The following are the Bank Rates:—
Bank of Bombay 7 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 7 per cent.
Bank of Madras 8 per cent.

SHARES.

The market was quiet but Steady with very little business passing.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 2,070, Swan 575, Simplex 615, Shahpurji 117½, Pearls 532½, Madhowji 2,020, Luxmi Cotton 1,725, Kohinoor 1,150, Currimbhoy 337½, Kastoorchand 1,025, Finlay 462½, Fazulbhoy 715, David 570, Crescent 217½, Colaba 1,505, Century 430, By. Cotton 585, By. Dyeing 1,445, Bundi 32, Katni Ord. 252½, Katni Defd. 1,345, Tata New Defd. 430 p. Tata Old Defd. 1,080, Tata Ord. 235, Shivrajpur 37, Alcocks 910, By. Burma 895, By. Tramway 527½, By. Steam 342½, Tata Hydro: 1,275.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 2.075, Swan 572½, Simplex 615, Shahpurji 116½, Pearls 535, Madhowji 2,020, Luxmi Cotton 1.725, Kohinoor 1.150, Currimbhoy 335, Kastoorchand 1.025, Finlay 462½, Fazulbhoy 715, David 570, Crescent 217½, Colaba 1,505, Century 430, By. Cotton 540, By. Dyeing 1.445, Bundi 32½, Katni Ord. 260, Katni Defd. 1.360, Tata New Defd. 435, Tata Old Defd. 1,082½, Tata Ord. 235, Shivrajpur 36½, Alcocks 912½, By. Burma 892½, By. Tramway 530, By. Steam 347½, Tata Hydro: 1,275.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, March 24.

The market for jute mill shares opened steady but with only a small business passing. Kamarhattys were done at Rs. 584 and Northbrooks at Rs. 52-12 and Reliance at Rs. 35. Coal shares were in fairly strong request and considerable business was transacted in these securities with prices well maintained. In miscellaneous section Beldanga Tannery were done at Rs. 12. This section of the market ruled very steady. The following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Bansra 32-12, Bengal Dhemo 14-4, Central Collieries 14-4, Enfield 12-4, Ghusick 24-4, Gopalichuck 13-12, Jasnadih 15-12, Jainty Central 25-14, Kalapahari 24-8, Khoodia 11-8, Kuardi 25-8, Marine 18-8, Ondal 51, Pandaveswar 12-8 s.l., Raneegunge 66-12, Samla Kendra 22-8, Satpukuria 13-12, Sarakdih 17-4, Singaran A 14-4.

Jute:—Belvedere 383, Budge Budge 452, Caledonian 472, Delta 486, Fort Gloster 620, Gourepore (pref) 103, Kamarhatty 584, Northbrook 52-12, Reliance 35.

Miscellaneous:—Alliance Bank (pref) 102, Beldanga Tannery 12, Bengal Brass 19, Bisra Stone and Lime 43-12. Buxa Forest Bye Products 15, British Burma Petroleum 13-12, Chemical Industries 24-12, Crawford and Co. 118, Furketing Saw Mills 13-8, Kalyanpur Lime 15-8, Nagpur Clay 24-12, Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Railway 82 s.l., Sara Serajganj Railway 84, Villiers Engineering 16-4.

Tea:—Sarugaon 29-8 x.d.

Government Paper three and a half per cent was quoted at Rs. 71-2 to Rs. 71-4 and small lots were done at Rs. 71-8 to Rs. 71-12.

SMALL CAUSES COURT.

AN UNSUCCESSFUL MUNICIPAL APPEAL.

COMMISSIONER'S RIGHT TO REVISE ASSESSMENT.

Khimchand Outamchand v. the Municipal Commissioner.

(Before His Honour Mr. K. N. Jhaveri.)

The appellant in this case owned a property at Vithalwadi of which the net rateable value was fixed by the Municipal Commissioner in the first instance at Rs. 4,440 for the official year 1918-1919. On the basis of this assessment a bill was presented to the plaintiff for the period of six months from 1st April to 30th September 1918, which was paid by him. Subsequent to such payment the appellant was served with a notice from the Municipal Commissioner intimating that the rateable value had been increased to Rs. 5,500, which amount was after hearing the appellant, was reduced to Rs. 5,229 by the Deputy Assessor and Collector. Feeling dissatisfied with this decision, the appellant had filed the present appeal challenging the enhanced assessment on the following grounds.

Firstly, that the Municipal Commissioner had no power to increase the assessment so as to give it a retrospective effect, particularly after recovery of the tax. Secondly, that the increase was not justified in fact.

Mr. K. K. Suntoke appeared for the appellant and Mr. Leslie Crawford of Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co. appeared for the respondent.

His Honor in dismissing the appeal delivered the following judgment:—

JUDGMENT.

This appeal raises an important question, important in the sense that the powers, which the Municipal Commissioner claims to have vested in him, have not till now been exercised by him to the prejudice of property owners, who consequently were led to believe that he was not clothed with them.

The facts which are not in dispute are that the appellant was assessed in respect of his premises at Vithalwadi, for the year 1917-1918 at Rs. 4,400, that the same assessment was continued for 1918-1919 and that a bill based on that value for a period of six months from 1st April to 30th September 1918, was presented to him and paid by him. Thereafter a notice dated 27 August 1918, was served upon him by the Commissioner intimating that the rateable value of his premises was increased to Rs. 5,500. The appellant complained against the increase and the amount was reduced by the Assessor, after he heard him, to Rs. 5,460 (as it turns out now, on figures supplied by the appellant himself). He feels dissatisfied with this action, particularly as it is sought to be given retrospective effect, by the Commissioner, seeking to recover the supplemental amount for the half year for which he has already paid.

It may be mentioned that the amount was raised from Rs. 4,400 to Rs. 5,460 on the figures supplied by the appellant and when, on further investigation, the Commissioner learnt that even the appellant had made a mistake in furnishing the figures, he very fairly rose to him pointing out the mistake and reducing the amount of his own accord to 5229 which the appellant accepts as a correct amount and does not wish to dispute. So on the merits there is no disagreement.

Before considering the question of the power of the Commissioner to increase the assessment once fixed the following few facts have to be borne in mind.

COMMISSIONER'S POWERS.

No property owner is concerned to question the power of the Commissioner to reduce the assessment in those cases where on account of vacancies, or demolition of the premises etc., he is given discretion to do so. He is concerned to question it when it goes the other way. Just after the war broke out, it was represented to the Commissioner that many tenants had gone out of Bombay, that there were many vacancies and the rents had gone down. The Commissioner under these circumstances reduced the assessment. Thereafter, the rents began to increase and in spite of the Rent Act, the Commissioner finds that many property holders receive larger rents than they care to admit before him, and that in consequence many properties pay less than what they really ought to pay. Under such circumstances he would be justified in amending the rateable value fixed by him. This appeal in itself furnishes a concrete example of what has been going on in this direction. The reduced value of Rs. 4,400 has gone upto Rs. 5,229 and the appellant is still unwilling to bear his proportionate share of the municipal tax.

The power to amend the Assessment Book by either reducing or increasing the amount of the rateable value and of the assessment based thereon is clearly given by section 167 of the Municipal Act. The preceding section 166 makes the Assessment Book to be conclusive evidence of the amount of the property tax, leviable on each building, subject to such alteration as may be made therin under the provisions of the next following section 107. The popular impression, that once the assessments is fixed it is unalterable, is wrong based as it is, on the Commissioner having till now refrained from exercising the power. If he has got the power to reduce he can surely increase also on suitable and justifiable grounds. In England such alterations are made by means of supplemental lists "when any property has been increased or reduced in value. (Walsbury Vol. 24, p. 51, para. 837). Objections are heard against the supplemental list in the same way as on the original list. The Commissioner here also has followed the same procedure. I therefore hold that the Commissioner has got full power to amend the lists as he has done.

APPEAL DISMISSED.

Then it is argued that he cannot give the amendment a retrospective effect and make the assessee pay a further amount for the same period for which he has already paid on the original bill. Sub-clause (2) of section 167 furnishes a reply to that argument. It makes the amendment come into force from the earliest day in the official year when the circumstances justifiing the amendment existed. Section 201 expressly reserves the liability of the assessee to pay any increased tax to which he may be assessed under section 167 after he has paid the bill on the original or first assessment, so that the combined effect of both the provisions is that: provided an assessment is properly made, the Commissioner can recover the excess as if it was part of the original amount. It stands to reason also as an increase, unrecoverable, would be no increase. Appeal dismissed. Appellant to pay Rs. 51 as costs.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

Bombay, Mar. 25th

			Total up-to-date.	
War Bonds	Rs.	..	Rs.	..
Cash Certificates	"	620-0	"	8,97,546-4
Total	..	620-0	"	8,97,546-4

The N. Y. K. Steamer "Yubari Maru" left Singapore for Colombo on 21st instant.

The N. Y. K. Steamer "Tosan Maru" left Moji for Bombay on 21st instant, and due here on 19th April 1919.

The O. S. K. Steamer Burma-mara left Colombo on the 22nd and is due here at 8 a.m. on the 26th instant.

The O. S. K. Steamer "Shokwa-maru" left Djibouti on the 22nd for Marseilles.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Mar. 25.

S. S. Clay Mackentosh, Watsonosan, Liverpool.

S. S. Olympia, Liverpool, February, 28.

DEPARTURES.

Mar. 25.

S. S. Harima Maru, Takahashi, Kobe.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

S. S. Culna, Morrison, London, etc.

S. S. Hejaz, Bonnet, Shanghai and Hongkong.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Heishin Maru for Kobe, etc.

Steamer Chakla for Persian Gulf.

Steamer Meteor for Rangoon.

Steamer City of Sparta for Liverpool.

S. S. Hejaz:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's China mail steamer Hejaz, 2,483 tons, Captain P. Bonnet, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Hongkong and Shanghai, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Olympia:—The Anchor Line steamer Olympia, 325 tons, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool, with a general cargo and passengers, which port she had left on 28th ultimo.

S. S. Clan Mackintosh:—The Clan Line steamer Clan Mackintosh 3,943 tons, Captain J. Wateshouse, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool, with ballast.

S. S. Culna:—The P. & O. S. N. Coy's English mail steamer Culna, 3,885 tons, Captain N. C. Morrison, will sail to-day from the Bellard Pier Station for London via Aden, Suez, Port Said, Malta Zibralter, Marseilles and Middlesbrough, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Tuesday, 25th March, 1919.

Berth	Steamers Name	Destination	Date	Agents
	PRINCES DOCK.			
B	Basha Wara	1922 Marseilles	18-3-19	C S Kahka
F	Hwah Wu	2760 N F	N F	N Y Kahka
L	[illegible]	2891 N F	N F	B & F & N Co
M	Rocco	2321 N F	N F	W & A Graham & Co
O	Schooner Utopia	286 N F	N F	1-4-19 Sharif Hassan owner
F	Derbyshire Court	3019 N F	N F	W & A Graham & Co
Q	Bashayam	100 N F	N F	J Mackintosh & Co
	HARBOUR WALL.			
	Indravati	513 N F	N F	B B W Co
	Oporto	440 N F	N F	B B W Co
	Vengurla	552 N F	27-3-19	B B W Co
	Bahadurl	349 Marmagoa	26-3-19	B B W Co
	Sabarmati	443 N F	N F	B & M Co
	MERSEYTHER DRY DOCK.			
	Ravenshoe	3542 N F	N F	Dr R I M
	VICTORIA DOCK.			
	S-Hoh'in Maru	2276 Kobe	4-4-19	N Y Kahka
6	Akbar	2357 Aden	29-3-19	T Morrison & Co
8	City of Florence	3490 N F	N F	K Ekon & Co
12	Tweeba	3657 Durban	27-3-19	M W & Co
15	Palitana	1914 P Gulf	27-3-19	M M & Co
16	Shamshar	1718 Suez	M M	P G S N Co
	ALEXANDRA DOCK.			
1	Palamcotta	2704 Burma	29-3-19	M M & Co
2	Wardha	1904 Burma	29-3-19	M M & Co
3	Coolyanna	2.96 Burma	15-3-19	M M & Co
4	Rosal	1899 Burma	27-3-19	M M & Co
5	Kurdistan	3329 Suez & Aden	28-3-19	B I M
6	Hejaz	2483 Shanghai	28-3-19	M M & Co
7	Culna	3964 London	26-3-19	M M & Co
8	Arabia	6432 London	29-3-19	M M & Co
10	Barjora	1905 Burma	25-3-19	M M & Co
11	Canada	2349 N F	N F	M M & Co
12	Thessaly	3901 Burma	29-3-19	B I M
14	Bhuja	3112 N F	N F	T Morrison & Co
15	Wardhall	1934 Burma	29-3-19	D B I M
16	Nila	1991 N F	N F	B I M
17	Bryn-eryr	3083 Suez	29-3-19	D B I M
18	Wyke	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	Northbrook Outside	2047 N F	N F	B I M
13	Loanda	3428 London	9-4-19	M. M. & Co
	Jetty and City of Sparta	3498 U Kingdom	28-3-19	K Watson & Co
12	Lagada	3383 Marseilles	2-4-19	M Goculdas & Co
	HARBOUR WALL.			
	Meteor	2546 Rangoon	N F	A P & Co
	MUGHES DRY DOCK.			
14	Hongmoh	2535 Suez via Aden	3-4-19	B I M

EXPORTS.

March 25.

S. S. Hwah Wu for Kobe:—600 bales cotton yarn Mitsui Bussan Kaisha: 300 bales cotton, Kikachand Deochand and Co.

S. S. of Sparta for Liverpool:—2,500 tons manganese ore, Turner Morrison and Co.

S. S. Loyalty for Marseilles:—200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S. S. Hejaz for Shanghai:—100 bales cotton, Madhavdas Amurey and Co.; 125 bales cotton grey twist, Currimbhoy and Co.; 100 bales cotton grey yarn, Tata Sons and Co.; 50 bales cotton grey twist, David Sassoon and Co.

S. S. Hejaz for Hongkong:—125 bales cotton grey twist, David Sassoon and Co.; 50 bales cotton grey twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co.

S. S. Hwah Wu for Hongkong:—10 bales cotton yarn, Yuasa Cotton Trading Co.

IMPORTS.

MARCH, 25.

S. S. Rocio from Melbourne, Agents W. and A. Graham and Co.—75,771 bags wheat.

S. S. Taroba from Mozambique, Agents M. M. and Co.—190 casks wines, 3 cases lamps, 50 cases colonial spirits, 57 cases liquors, 1,059 cases soap, 250 bags Colombo roots, 100 bags aim aim, 78 bags mogubeans, 45 bags bairee, 3,033 bags cajunuts, 11 bags 25 bundles wax, 82 cases gorual, 6 cases shark-fins, 150 pieces, 558, tasks ivory, 2 cases tortoise shell, 24 bags dara, 60 bags behde mere, 14 cases horns, 130 cases blue 2,963 bundles clove stem, 150 bales cotton, 731 cases sunlight soap, 2 cases piece goods, 122 bags potatos, 60 bales waste paper.

IMPORTANT MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Best English Lathes from 6' to 28
Heavy type Planing Machines.
Pulley Turning Lathes.
Radial Drilling Machines.
Middle Size Drilling Machines.
Robinson's Wood Planing Machines
Wooden Lathes.
Derrick's Crane.
Wheel Cutting Machines
Looms from 24" to 60" of Standard. English Make
Spinning Machineries of all descriptions.
Gins and Cotton Presses
Complete sets of Electric Installations for 30 lights.
Diesel Oil Engine of 80 B.H.P.
Paxman's Steam Engine of 30 B.H.P.
Best English Mild steel Shafting 2" to 2¼" of 18' to 22' length each and anvils of various sizes.

For further particulars and prices apply to:

E. K. PALIA & CO.

72-76, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Notices under this heading are inserted at the rate of Rupee One per Line per insertion.

ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

Band of the 1/13th G. I. P. Railway, Battalion (I. D. F.) at Bombay Gymkhana commencing at 6.15 p.m.

Homeward English Mail closes at 4 a.m., and with late fee up to 8 a.m.

Mails for the Straits Settlements, Saigon, Manilla and Hongkong via Negapatam will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m.

Salle Francaise: Thirteenth Number of the "Spoken Journal," and concert, 6-15 p.m.

Mails for China and Japan will be closed at the General Post Office, at 2 p.m.

Authropological Society of Bombay, monthly meeting, Town Hall, 6 p.m.

The Gaekwar leaves Apollo Bunder for H. M. S. New Zealand—8-30 p.m.; again, 5 p.m.

THURSDAY, March 27.

Mails for China and Japan will close at General Post Office at 4 p.m.

Mails or Muscat, Jask, Baundar-Abbas, Dubai Bushire Charbar and Pasni will close at The General Post Office at 6.30 p.m.

S. S. Nagoya with English mails of 6th instant due at daylight.

SATURDAY, March, 29.

Monthly meeting of Bombay Medical Union, 7-15 p.m. (S.T.)

SUNDAY, March 30.

African Mails will be closed at the G. P. O. at 6-30 p.m.

MONDAY, March, 31.

Mails for Mauritius, and Reunion via, Dhanushkodi and Colombo per S.S. Obra, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6-30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

Excelsior Theatre: Humphrey Bishop at 9-30 and Cinema at 6-30 p.m.

Empire Theatre. Cinema at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Royal Opera House: at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Imperial Cinema: 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

West End Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Majestic Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Precious Chinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30.

New Alexandra: 7-0, 8-45, and 10-30 p.m.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

Messages are now accepted for Resht, Enseli, Astara and Ardebil in Persia.

ISRAELITE BROTHERHOOD.

The Jewish History Class will meet to-day at 9 p.m. All interested are invited to attend.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed Mails for China, and Japan per s.s. Hwah Wu will be closed at the General Post Office at 4 p.m., to-morrow instead of to-day as previously notified.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Gentlemen of the Special as well as the Common Jury summoned for the ensuing Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court this (Wednesday) morning, at 10-30 o'clock (S. T.).

DR. GULAMALLY'S EYE HOSPITAL.

At Dr. Gulamally's Eye Hospital, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, the total attendance of different nationalities in February last was 801; of whom 612 were males and 189 females.

WORLEE VIDYARTHIVRINDA.

Rao Saheb Yeshwantrao Harischandra Desai has given a donation of Rs. 50 to the Worlee Vidyarthivrinda, for the encouragement of female education by inviting essays from the ladies of the Pathare Kshatriya Community.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ ANNIVERSARY.

In connection with this anniversary the Pandharpur Orphanage and Foundling Asylum Day will be celebrated to-day, when there will be a public meeting in the Samaj Mandir at 6-30 p.m. The Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas will preside and Messrs. J. K. Mehta and V. S. Sohoni will be the speakers.

SUPPORT TO MR. PATEL'S BILL.

At a meeting of the Hindu residents of Dadar sympathising with the above bill held at the "Padval" hall, Dadar, on Sunday last Mr. S. V. Keer in the chair, a resolution supporting the Bill was passed. Several persons spoke stating the benefits that will be derived if the Bill is passed into law and showing the hollowness of the arguments brought forward by the opponents of the Bill.

PROTEST FROM ART EXHIBITIORS.

The following resolution was passed at the meeting of Art Exhibitors held under the presidency of Mr. R. K. Phadke, at Mr. Phadke's studio on Sunday the 22nd instant:—

This meeeting of the Art Exhibitors in Bombay unanimously disapproves of and protests against the new rule prohibiting free admission to the Exhibitors, at the Annual Exhibition of the Bombay Art Society, during the first week after its opening and requests that this rule, which is quite contrary to the usual practice, aims and objects of the Society, as embodied in its rules and regulations, should be repealed forthwith."

FORGERY OF POSTAL SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTANT.

Mr. Dattatraya Mathar, Postal Inspector, has reported to the Police, of a forgery together with cheating at the Byculla Post Office, in respect of Rs. 180, on the 20th. A student of the Grant Medical College, I. J. D'Silva, had in his savings bank account at the Byculla Post Office Rs. 350, and he missed his pass book on the 20th. He informed the Post Office of the incident, who found that a sum of Rs. 180 had been withdrawn from the said account. The forger, it is presumed, copied the signature from the front page of the pass book.

SEQUEL TO TOWN HALL FIASCO.

DEFAMATION CASE COMPOUNDED.

The case arising out of the strike of the employees of the Mulji Jetha Cloth Market in which Mr. Gordhandas Karsondas Shroff piece-goods merchant, had obtained summons against Mr. Natwarlal Narandas, a cloth-dealer charging him with defamation, was called on for hearing at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Aston, on Tuesday, afternoon.

Mr. Balubhai, J. Desai and Mr. C. N. Kanuga pleaders, appeared for the complainant. while Mr. Rangnekar, Barrister-at-law with Mr. Nariman, pleader defended the accused.

The facts, as alleged by the complainant have already been published in our issue of the 13th instant.

On the case being called out, Mr. Balubhai said, that, through the intervention of friends, the parties had come to a settlement and he had received instructions to withdraw the case.

His Worship therefore marked the case as compounded.

HUGE COCAINE SMUGGLING.

ACCUSED GETS 6 MONTHS.

At the Mazagon Police Court before Mr. Khairaz, Inspector Power charged one Nathoo Ramchandra, with transporting 302 ounces of cocaine, valued at Rs. 72,4o0, without any license.

It appears that in consequence of certain information the Police used to keep an eye on the accused for some days; and on the 22nd instant, one Police sepoy found the accused driving in a Hackney Victoria, at Kamatipura and he wanted the Victoria to be stopped whereupon the accused jumped out of the Victoria and began to run. He was, however, overtaken at Foras Road. In the Victoria a leather bag, and a cane basket containing the cocaine were found.

The accused pleaded guilty and begged for mercy and his Worship, taking in view this as the first offence of the accused, sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

His Worship also complimented the Police in detecting smuggling of such a large quantity of the deleteriorious drug.

ATTEMPT TO SMUGGLE OPIUM.

TWO MILITARY ORDERLIES CONVICTED

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Oliveira, Sub-Inspector Chandkhan charged two military orderlies, Chaker Badar and Panchi Lilla with possessing 15 pounds and 11 ounces and 19 pounds and 10¼ ounces of opium, respectively, without any license, Mr. Charles Glancy of the Customs Preventive Department deposed that on Sunday while the accused were passing through the yellow-gate of Alexandra Docks, he detained and searched them on suspicion, when the opium was found concealed on their person.

Both the accused pleaded guilty and were sentenced to five months' rigorous imprisonment.

LAPSE OF A CENTRAL BANK PEON.

SENTENCED TO ONE YEAR HARD LABOUR.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Oliveira, Inspector Smith, charged Rama Manjuppa, a peon in the Central Bank of India, with criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 2,000.

Mr. Jal Rustamji Nanavati, a clerk in the said Bank deposed that on the 11th instant the accused was entrusted to collect a Hundi for Rs. 2,000 from the Ahmedabad Advance Mills, Limited. He took the Hundi and cashed it but did not pay in the money. He was suspected and searched while the money was found in a leather bag in one of his shelves.

The accused who had previous conviction pleaded guilty and was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

MISAPPROPRIATION OF A BICYCLE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Aston, Deputy Inspector Furguson, charged Juffer Ismailji alias Karim Ali, a Mahomedan youth, belonging to a respectable family, with Criminal Breach of Trust in respect of a bicycle valued at Rs. 75.

It appeared from the evidence that on the 4th of February, the accused had hired the cycle from one Temulji Ratanji Mistri and then he pledged it with a Bania for Rs. 12, on the 11th instant. The complainant who never saw the accused after he had taken the cycle, met him on Friday last at Crawford Market, when he handed the accused over to the police.

Mr. Vijaykar, pleader, who appeared for the accused, pleaded that he should be punished liniently as this was his first offence and that he was belonging to a very respectable family.

His Lordship convicted the accused and sentenced him to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100, or in default five weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

CYCLE STEALER SENTENCED TO SIX MONTHS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Aston, Inspector Sykes charged one Abdul Hussein Yussafali with theft of a bicycle and another Husein Ali Gulam Hussein with helping a stolen article to be sold.

It appears that the first accused who was convicted of theft of two cycles and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment only on the 17th instant, took away the cycle of one U. Fernandez from near the York Building, Fort, and wanted to sell the same to a cycle shop keeper. But the buyer wanted some one to testify that the cycle was his own whereupon the first accused took the second accused, who certified to the buyer, that the cycle belonged to the first accused.

Both the accused pleaded guilty, and his Worship convicted and sentenced the first accused to six months' rigorous imprisonment and the second to a day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 15.

A PICKPOCKET SENTENCED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Aston, Deputy Inspector, Ferguson charged one Abdulla Ismail, having seven previous convictions with theft.

It appeared that on the 21st instant, the accused pickpocketed a cloth-bag containing Rs. 2-15 0 from the pocket of one Mahomedali Amjadali, while he was alighting from a tram car.

The accused who was caught red-handed pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to five weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

MR. JOSEPH BAPTISTA.

TO ARRIVE IN BOMBAY TO-MORROW.

Mr. Joseph Baptista, Bar-at-Law, president of the Indian Home Rule League, is arriving in Bombay, to-morrow. It is proposed to give him on his landing at the Bundar, on behalf of the joint branches of the Home Rule Leagues, a fitting reception in recognition of his valuable services in England in the cause of Home Rule. All volunteer corps are requested to be present at the Bundar in uniform.

PARTIAL COLLAPSE OF A BUILDING.

GIRL OF 8 CRUSHED UNDER DEBRIS.

The Coroner, Dr. W. Nunan, held an inquest at the Coroner's Court, touching the death of Kattonbai, a Hindu girl aged 8 years, residing on the second floor of a house in Dongri Street, with her father, Natsi Govindji. On Monday some repairs were being carried on the first floor of the five storied house, in which the deceased was living, when the flooring of the rooms at the rear of the building from the second floor upwards, gave way. The father was engaged in removing things from one room to another when there was a collapse. The girl was found dead when she was taken out of the debris.

Natsi the father of the deceased said that he had received notice that the room was dangerous, and he was vacating on that account.

Further hearing was adjourned at this stage.

ARSENIC POISONING.

HINDU DIES WHILE EATING MELON.

The Coroner also held an inquest on the body of a Hindu, name unknown, who suddenly expired while eating water-melon in front of the shop of one Amin Hubib, in Kandawadi, on the 13th. The Police Surgeon found, on examination, evidence of irritant poisoning, and he suspected arsenic in a fluid state and the Chemical Analyser to Government confirmed this statement.

The jury returned a verdict, that death was caused by arsenic poisoning, but there was no evidence to show, in what form or why the arsenic was taken or administered.

ROBBED WHILE SAYING PRAYERS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Oliveira, Sub-Inspector Kaweshwar, charged Gulam Rassool and Muktarsha Kabirsha with the theft of a wooden box containing some gold buttons, a pincer and a comb, which they took away from the door of a mosque, where one Hafiz Abdul Karim left these articles while he went in the mosque for saying his prayers.

Evidence showed that on the 17th instant, the complainant saw the second accused wearing his buttons. He arrested him and the first accused who was with him and handed them over to the Police, who recovered the rest of the contents from the first accused and the box from one Syed Hussein to whom the second accused sold it for Rs. 1½.

The accused were convicted and sentenced.

BOMBAY S. P. C. A.

The following is the statement of work done by the Agents of the Society during the month of February 1919:—

Out of 399 prosecutions instituted during the month, in 177 cases, the owners of the animals were also prosecuted along with their drivers. In 89 cases convictions were obtained against the bullock cart drivers and also 4 loaders for allowing their carts to be overloaded. In 21 cases out of the total number of convictions obtained against the driver of horses and bullocks for perpetrating gross cruelty to their animals, one was fined Rs. 40 one was fined Rs. 25 three were fined Rs. 15 each, and 16 were fined Rs. 10 each. In six cases convictions were obtained against the owners of horses and bullocks for allowing their unfit animals to be worked, one was fined Rs. 15 and five were fined Rs. 10 each. In two cases convictions were obtained against the owners of the buffaloes for working their emaciated animals in a mortar-mill. They were fined Rs. 3 each. Out of nine convictions obtained against poultry dealers for carrying 13 fowls and eight pigeons suspended by the legs two were fined Rs. 5 each one was fined Rs. 1 three were fined annas 8 each two were fined annas 4 each while the other was warned and discharged. In five cases convictions were obtained against poultry dealers for huddling together 19 swans, 48 ducks and 12 turkeys in five small baskets out of which two were fined Rs. 5 each while the other three were fined Re 1 each. In one case conviction was obtained against a person carrying seven Patridges in vegetable basket with their bodies crushed under foodstuff. He was fined annas 8.

According to arrangements made to send round agents of the Society to detect cases of unfit horses worked at night, five cases of such horses were arrested during their night patrol.

B. S. D. P. HOSPITAL FOR ANIMALS

During the month of February the total number of animals and birds admitted into the hospital was 193. 128 were discharged cured and 18 uncured. 27 died. There were 171 in the hospital on the 1st day of the month and 191 on the last day. 50 were treated as out-patients. Besides these 422 animals were treated by the Society's Vetterinary Inspectors as out-patients at the dispensaries opened in the Honorary Presidency Magistrates' Courts at Esplanade, Girgaum, Mazagon and Dadar.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, March 24.

The names of the following British officers appear in the casualty list No. 845 of the Indian Expeditionary Forces:—

Killed:—Royal Air Force, Captain A. P. Adams.

Wounded:—I.A.R.O., Lieut. J. Mcbride.

BENGALI BATTALION.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, March 25.

It is stated that the Bengali battalion will be maintained and that there will be no reduction in its strength. Subadar Major S. N. Basu will probably be placed in charge of it.

The steamer Zealandra sails from Karachi on Thursday, for the United Kingdom with 1,450 British troops from Mesopotamia, on demobilisation.

The Transport Barpeta arrived at Karachi on Saturday, with the 1/5th Gurkhas.

FOOD GRAIN SITUATION.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—A review of the food grain situation at present in this Presidency reveals beyond doubt the fact that on the whole the Bombay Presidency is bare of stocks of food grains. Whatever this may be due to, there is no doubt that the situation lends itself most temptingly to profiteering by middlemen. The Government of India have put the problem in undoubtedly the most capable hands by entrusting the Food Commissionership to Mr. Gubbay. The control of rice from Rangoon has up to now been as perfect as feasible. More or less can the same be said of the control of wheat and grain as far as the Government of India are concerned. The importation of wheat from Australia is a step that is bound to relieve the existing situation and it is confidently hoped that Mr. Gubbay will get surplus stock for India from whatever source available.

The arrangements for distribution of controlled food grains in Bombay after arrival are however not such as can be said to be effective. It is generally contended with considerable truth that the system of control as followed in Bombay is one that has lent itself to extraordinary profiteering by grain merchants generally (wholesale and retail sellers included). It is quite possible that the Bombay Government has not powers enough to deal with this evil, but the fact remains that very little food grain is available at controlled rates in Bombay.

In my capacity of General Secretary of the Famine Fund, I have been watching the whole situation during the last four months and I have no hesitation in asserting that owing to the slack control of prices of food grains and owing to the loose manner in which cheap grain shops are run in the affected areas, the money spent by such institutions on cheapening grain is a mere transfer of money from charitable bodies or persons to profiteering merchants.

A visit to the office of the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, on any week day will show a crowd of people from Bombay and up-country waiting there to get their priority passes. As a rule, these are given to the latter on production of licenses from Collectors in districts. It is not easy to understand why Collectors do not secure priority certificates themselves from the Director of Civil Supplies direct, instead of getting the up-country merchants to wait for them in the Director's office here for a day or two. The worst difficulty of the merchants from the up-country however commences when they try to buy rice or wheat or for the matter of that any food grain in the market at controlled rates. More than 70 per cent. have to pay a premium over controlled rates and no voucher is available to them for this extra premium. I have never been able to understand how the Collectors in the districts fix the selling rates of their licensees under such circumstances. I know of one place, where the Collector had sanctioned as the maximum rate for Rangoon rice a rate equivalent to Rs. 14-8-0 per bag against the market rate of Rs. 12-4-0 in Bombay.

Similarly regarding purchases of wheat, bajri, juvari, maize, dal, etc., from Punjab, Central Provinces, Central India, etc., it would be most instructive to know how the various Collectors and Municipal Grain Sub-Committees in the mofussil check the cost price, figures put forward by grain merchants. Instances have not been wanting till now showing some merchants putting forward made up invoices and cost price figures.

The difficulties of these officers and institutions are obvious and deserve to be borne in mind. They must have a reliable agency to buy their grain. It is impossible for the majority to command their own staff in the various districts. What they want is a reliable agency that will charge actual out-of-pocket expenses and the usual trade commission of ¼ to ½ per cent. If the Director of Civil Supplies in Bombay could send Rangoon Big Special rice bags (which are as a rule of a standard quality), against orders from Collectors, the rice difficulty would soon be met. For the wheat, bajri, juvari, etc., producing districts the greatest want is of an agency for purchase worked there on the usual trade lines and the officers in the districts may well give special facilities to such an agency.

The duty of the people:—In the course of the debate in the Imperial Council the Hon. Mr. S. Banerji is reported to have said as under:—

"He maintained the rise in the price of cloth as well as other necessaries of life was due, to some extent, to the tactics of speculators whom he characterised as ungrateful persons. The question of dealing with speculators with a view to the protection of poor men was one of the greatest problems for the consideration of Government. *They could only state the problem and the solution must be left to Government.*"

This is just the attitude that I think should not be taken by the people in this matter. Mere Government control, however strict, will not achieve anything. The only remedy is close cooperation between the Government officials in charge of food grain control and the most trusted and experienced leaders of the public.

The work in this case has to be done by people conversant with grain business. This business, though not difficult to grasp, may take some time for people not in the line, to clearly follow. But ordinary common sense is sufficient to prevent any extravagant abuse.

The Municipalities and Local Boards in the districts do not seem to have still seen their duty to the areas they control. They either do not need money to finance their grain shops or they have not begun work in this direction. In reply to questions put by me in the Council this month, the following replies were given:—

(i) (a) Up to a recent date only two Municipalities and one Local Board had applied for loans for financing cheap grain shops, but during the last week further applications have been received and are under consideration.

(b) Both the Municipalities and the Local Board referred to in (a) have been granted loans as shown below:—

	Rs.
Godhra Municipality	25,000
Broach Municipality	25,000
Broach District Local Boards ...	35,000

(c) None have been refused.

(ii) About a week provided the manner in which the shop is to be managed is clearly stated.

In view of the assurance of the Bombay Government regarding speedy disposal of applications from Municipalities for loans to run grain shops it is to be hoped that more efforts in this direction would be made before long.

It will thus be seen that considerably more requires to be done by the Bombay Government and by the leaders of people in Bombay and in the districts before food grain can be available to the bulk of the people at controlled rates *plus* reasonable trade commissions. My experience in running a dozen cost price grain shops in Bombay City in cooperation with a small number of public spirited grain merchants has been that every effort on sound business lines counts and is effective. When my friends started their work, we could sell grain retail at Rs. 0-3-0 to Rs. 0-8-0 per pailee lower than the usual Bania shop in each locality. The turnover has already exceeded our estimates and there is demand for more shops to be started on the same lines. The rates of the Bania shops show smaller margins over our rates at present.

It is absolutely necessary that all similar institutions should receive the very best help the Government can give them. If the supply of grain to the districts is put on the lines indicated above, the general feeling is that a good deal of relief work in the direction of human relief may disappear.—Yours, etc.,

PURSHOTAMDAS THAKURDAS.

Bombay, March 25.

INDIAN FAMINE AND FOOD CONTROL.

GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS CRITICISED.

PERTINENT QUERIES BY INDIAN CHAMBER.

The following representation has been addressed by the Secretary of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau, Bombay, to the Secretary, Revenue and Agricultural Department, Government of India, Simla:—

The attention of my Committee has been drawn repeatedly to the sufferings and hardships of the general public alleged to be due to the system of control exercised by the Government over movements of food-stuffs and their operations. The chief grievances are:—

(1). Prices of food-stuffs have risen up tremendously high above not only the pre-war prices but also prices prevailing last year.

(2). There is a great difficulty in moving goods on railways even though there may be priority certificates.

(3). While it is said that there is a great scarcity of waggons to carry all the traffic offered to railways resulting in acute distress in several parts of the country, we find non-food-stuff substances like cotton and linseed coming in large quantities to Bombay. The present situation in Bombay is extremely grave and my Committee fear that unless immediate steps are taken to ease it, it will become worse. In this connection my Committee will be greatly obliged if you will inform them of the following particulars:—

(a). What are exactly the countries to which rice has been allowed to be exported from Burma and wheat from Bombay on the ground of there being Indian population there?

(b). What is the proportion of the Indian population to the population in such places?

(c). What are the quantities of rice and wheat thus exported from India during the period of the control?

(d). What proportion of the total freight from Burma to Indian Ports is given for rice for the last few months?

(e) My Committee learn that exports of wheat and rice from Bombay to African and Asiatic Ports are made from the share allotted to it every month. As Bombay does not always get its full quota of the quantities allotted the result is that it does not get its requirements satisfied. Government will be pleased to inform my Committee if the deficit occuring in one month is made up in succeeding months. The allotment to Bombay is in the opinion of my Committee quite inadequate as may be judged from the continuance of high prices and must be at an early date increased. With regard to the inter-provincial control my Committee feel that it is essential that even in respect of wheat, rice and gram, it should be greatly relaxed with a view to its ultimate abolition.

FREIGHTS ON BURMA RICE.

My Committee are given to understand that actual cost of carrying rice from Burma to India amounts to no more than rupees fifteen while the charge recently announced by the Shipping Controller is Rupees thirty. Such a state of things my Committee are compelled to say, is not creditable, looking to the severe famine conditions prevailing in this country.

The famine conditions should have warranted a total prohibition of the export of all food-stuffs from India including Burma long ago. Even now it is the sincere wish of my Committee to see the exports of all food-stuffs out of India totally prohibited. If the Government are of opinion that it is not too late to take such a drastic step, it may be taken in view specially of the fact that all the other measures adopted upto now have altogether failed to relieve the situation.

TILAK PURSE FUND.

AN APPEAL TO THE PUBLIC.

The following appeal has been issued:—

The suit for libel brought by Lokmaniya Tilak against Sir Valentine Chirol has now been decided by the jury in favour of the latter. Mr. Tilak has decided to appeal against the verdict and will, if necessary, go to the furthest limit that the law allows in seeking to have the decision reversed. The expenses he has already incurred, it is needless to say, constitute a crushing financial burden on his shoulders, has risen so far being more than three lakhs of rupees. He will now have to incur further legal expenditure; and, if in the end the decision of the lower court is upheld he will have to pay the heavy costs of Sir Valentine Chirol as well.

Since the case is to go to another Court we cannot discuss its merits in the appeal that we are now making. But we feel that Mr. Tilak's Countrymen will agree that the case cannot be regarded as one of a private character. The burden cast upon Mr. Tilak has come upon him in his capacity as a public man, a political leader and a selfless patriot who has devoted his whole life and has striven without ceasing, in good and ill-repute and through much suffering, for the attainment of the goal of political freedom for the people of India. Now, in the evening of his life, he is fighting against heavy odds, a battle in the law Courts, which personal as it may be to him, is also the battle of his country. We feel sure that the hearts of all Indian patriots will go out to him in his loneliness in a distant land, far removed from the millions of his devoted followers, undergoing the strain and anxiety and weariness of his long fight. At such a time and in such circumstances we feel that it is the duty, as we believe it will be the pleasure and ardent desire, of Lokmaniya Tilak's followers and all those who have been fighting side by side with him in the cause of Home Rule, to give immediate practical expression to their feelings and their desires to help. This they cannot do better than by subscribing to relieve him of all financial anxieties arising out of the case. For this purpose a Tilak Purse Fund has been started and a Committee formed; and we appeal, without hesitation or misgiving, to all Indians to contribute according to their capacity. Contributions may be remitted to:—

1. L. R. Tairsee, Bombay, 72, Apollo Street.
2. Y. V. Nene, Bombay, Sadashiv St., Girgaon.
3. G. S. Marathe, Poona City, Shanwarpeth.

Volunteers wishing to help in the collection should see Mr. Nene and receive from him tickets issued for the purpose.

D. D. SATHAYE.	L. R. TAIRSEY.
M. B. VELKAR.	JAMNADAS
A. S. ERULKAR.	DWARKADAS.
G. B. VAIDYA.	B. G. HORNIMAN.
S. S. GANGLE.	SAROJINI NAIDU.
NARANDAS PURSHOTTAM.	UMAR SOBANI.
	P. K. TELANG.
MAVJI GOVINDJI SETH.	S. G. BANKAR.
	C. M. DESAI.

R. H. BHADKAMBAR.

AVIATION IN INDIA.

ROUTE FROM WEST TO EAST.

(Associated Press.)

KARACHI, Mar. 24.

The "Daily Gazette" writes that there seems to be some ambiguity or indecision on the part of the Air Force people with regard to the route from west to east India. In all recent telegrams from Burma and elsewhere, concerning General Borton's movements, the Bombay-Calcutta-Burma route is spoken of, and Karachi is apparently left out in the cold. We should like some definite pronouncement from the flying people whether or not Bombay-Calcutta-Burma really means Karachi-Delhi-Calcutta-Burma. At all events it is certain that an extensive flying ground is to be established at Karachi, at an early date, and we understand that something like a couple of lakhs is to be spent on laying out the ground and erecting temporary hangars, garages, and workshops, which will, later, be replaced by more elaborate buildings.

IRRIGATION PROBLEMS OF SIND.

A NEW VAST SCHEME.

(Associated Press.)

KARACHI, March 24.

The first and foremost among the great irrigation problems in which Karachi is interested, comes the further utilisation of the Indus water for the development of Sind. The construction of the great barrage across the river, just below the Sukkur gorge and the cutting of high level perennial canals to serve both Eastern and Western Sind, is now under final consideration. Next to the Sukkur Barrage project, in magnitude, comes the proposal to irrigate the Sind Sagar Doab (between the river Indus and River Chenab and Jhlum), a vast scheme which will take some years to mature. Of more immediate interest to Karachi is the withdrawal of water from the river Sutlej to irrigate the great tracts south of Fazilka, and east of the Sutlej. These tracts lie mainly in Bahawalpur territory, though a small portion in the Bikaner territory, in extreme north of Bikanir State, might possibly be served by the Sutlej. It is well-known that the Maharaja of Bikanir has made an application for some of the Sutlej water and Bahawalpur has responded by engaging Sir John Benton, C.I.E., late Director of Irrigation with the Government of India, to Bahawalpur State's claim

SPORTING NEWS.

GWALIOR SPRING MEETING.

TO-DAY'S RACES.

HORSES LEFT-IN.

(From our Correspondent.)

GWALIOR, March 25.

THE ARAB SELLING PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.
Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200.

First race starts at 2-45 p.m.

Mr. Yusuff Hohally	Lahamood	7 7
Mr. A. R. Dakeel	Munsee	7 7
Mr. A. M. Shaffi	Marhkor	7 7
Mr. M. Goculdass	Mauritius	6 12
Mr. A. A. Hohally	Fao	6 12
Messrs. A. Hazamy and Holmes	Brindisi	6 7

THE SHEOPURI PLATE.—Distance 1½ miles.
Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200.

Second race starts at 3-15 p.m.

Mr. M. Gorpade	Maiden Palm	9 8
H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior	Black Stone	8 7
Mr. M. Goculdass	R. G.	7 11
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan	Munderah's Pride	7 7
Mr. Bennett	Bahadur	7 0

THE SIR E. JOHN CUP. Division I.—Distance 7 furlongs.
Winner a cup value Rs. 500; and Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200.

Third race starts at 3-45 p.m.

H. H. the Maharanee of Cooch Behar	Union Jack	9 5
Messrs. Ahmed Hazamey and Holmes	Battleaxe	9 2
Mr. Kalicharan	Garland	8 13
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan	Powder Puff	8 9
Mr. Baikie	Diamond King	8 9
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan	Marmora	8 2
Mr. Mowlud Haji Ali	Financier	7 13
Mr. E. J. Rennell	Mubrook	7 11
Mr. A. Hurgany	All Joy	7 11
Mr. Mahomed Ebrahim	My Royal	7 9

THE JAI BILAS PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.
Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200.

Fourth race starts at 4-15 p.m.

Mr. Garrick	Vice Chamberlain	9 13
Mr. Downes	Billy Bawn	9 9
Mr. L. Ahmed	Le Soleil	8 12
Mrs. D. C. Robinson	Dolcet	8 11
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala	Lebanon	8 11
Mr. J. C. Galstaun	Downey Boy	7 11
Mr. Pine	Mousme	7 7
Mrs. M. Goculdass	Sunglare	6 7
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla	Negligee	6 7
Major Sirdar M. N. Sitole	Arras	6 7

THE SIR E. JOHN CUP. Division II.—Distance 7 furlongs.
Winner a cup value Rs. 500; and Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200.

Fifth race starts at 4-45 p.m.

Mr. Bennett	Otherwise	9 4
Mr. S. N. Mahomed	Chester	9 0
Mr. A. K. Dakayel	Walter	9 0
Mr. Bennett	Final Shot	8 12
Mr. M. Goculdass	Marauder	8 6
Mr. M. Goculdass	Minion	8 0
Mr. S. N. Mahomed	Ritchie	7 12
Mr. Bennett	Plum Tree	7 7
Mr. A. R. Dakeel	Rajputana	7 5

THE MORAR PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.
Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 300.

Sixth race starts at 5-15 p.m.

Mr. E. A. Gubbay	Little Trout	9 13
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan	Premiere	9 11
Mr. J. C. Galstaun	Verres	9 3
Mr. A. J. De Souza	Claim A	9 1
Mr. Downes	Treddle	9 0
Mr. M. Goculdass	Lemon	8 4
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla	Athlete	8 2
Mrs. D. C. Robinson	Santicola	7 9
Mr. L. Ahmed	Le Soleil	7 8
Mr. M. Goculdass	Ginsy's Advice	7 7
Mr. Downes	Golden Stream	6 11

THE FAREWELL PLATE.—Distance 1½ miles.
Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200.

Seventh race starts at 5-45 p.m.

H. H. the Maharanee of Cooch Behar	Union Jack	9 12
Messrs. Linder and Ardeshir	Bluey Lee	9 4
Mr. Garrick	Rainbow	8 7
Mr. Ahmed Hazamy	All Joy	8 6
Mr. H. G. Ally	Ajmer	8 0
Mr. M. Goculdass	Salsette	7 12
Mr. Rambhoy Kasibhoy	Hurman	7 12
Mr. Ahmed Hazamy	Marconigram	6 7

CRICKET CARNIVAL AT PESHAWAR.

The India Team representing Northern India against the N. W. F. P. English team on the 29th, 30th and 31st March, will be selected out of the following after the trial matches, which are to be played on the 22nd, 23rd, 26th and 27th instant. The first is against the Peshawar Club and the second both sides Indian:—Vithal of Patiala, played for All-India; Abdus Salam, Sialkote, and Aligarh; Ferozekhan, Kashmir team and Rawalpindi; Salih Mohamed, Kashmir and Peshawar; Hasanshah, Aligarh and Lahore; Feroze Din of Kapurthala and Rawalpindi; Vishwa Nath, Lahore and Amritsar; Iftikhar Din, Lahore and Jullundher; Bri Lal, Rawalpindi; Karim Bakhsh, Peshawer; Salig Ram, Kashmir and Peshawer; Bakhshi Ram, Kashmir and Amritsar; Sardar Gul and Lalbadshah, Peshawer; Basheshar Nath, Peshawer.

TENNIS AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The following are the results of the games played yesterday:—

HANDICAP SINGLES.

R. C. Quinn beat Sisson 6—2, 6—4.

HANDICAP DOUBLES.

R. D. England and V. Fox beat Col. Geogahagon and Capt. Mathews 5—7, 6—3, 6—3.
G. R. Slade and Rollo beat Cocks and Montgomery 6—4, 5—7, 6—3.

MATCHES FOR TO-DAY.

Newman and Barraclough v. Capt. Tofts and Goldney.
M. Fox v. G. M. Rose.
Gwylher v. W. T. Griffiths.

The N. Y. K. steamer Toyo Maru No. 2 Eastward bound arrived at Singapore on 24th instant and left for Kobe (Japan) same day.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

TIES 919.

The following are the drawings of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament:—

PRELIMINARY ROUND.

1. Bhabha Sports Club v. Islam Gymkhana
2. Instituto Luso-Indiano v. Lusitanians (II).
3. Grant Medical College (II) v. Parsi Cyclists.
4. Cathedral High School (past and present) v. Gwalior Sporting.
5. Republican Sporting Club v. S. and T. Corps.

The rest drew byes.

FIRST ROUND.

(A) Bombay Gymkhana v. Parsi Pioneers.
(B) Government Telegraph Association v. Novices (Byculla H. Club).
(C) Crusaders Athletic Union v. Grant Medical College (I).
(D) Winners of (1) v. Winners of (2).
(E) Winners of (3) v. Winners of (4).
(F) Winners of (5) v. Lusitanian Sporting Club.
(G) Customs v. Y. M. C. A. (Proctor Branch).
(H) Bandra Y. M. S. Club v. Parsi Hockey Association.
(I) Bombay Hindu Hockey Club v. Hornets.

SECOND ROUND.

(J) Igatpuri Ry. Gymkhana v. Poona Gymkhana.
(K) Winners of (I) v. N. W. Railway.
(L) 35th Battalion I. D. F. (Poona) v. Winners of (H).
(M) Ajmere Local Sports Club v. Winners of (D).
(N) Winners of (C) v. Winners of (B).
(O) Winners of (E) v. Sixth Reserve Battalion Dorset (Kirkee.)
(P) Winners of (A) v. Winners of (G).
(Q) Winners of (F) v. Dhond Ry. Institute.

THIRD ROUND.

(R) Winners of (J) v. Winners of (K).
(S) Winners of (L) v. Winners of (M).
(T) Winners of (N) v. Winners of (O).
(U) Winners of (P) v. Winners of (Q).

SEMI-FINALS.

(V) Winners of (R) v. Winners of (S).
(W) Winners of (T) v. Winners of (U).

FINAL.

Winners of (V) v. Winners of (W.)

The tournament commences on Monday the 31st instant.

SMALL-POX IN BOMBAY.

14 ATTACKS AND 12 DEATHS ON MONDAY.

There were 14 attacks and 12 deaths from small-pox, 5 attacks and 4 deaths from plague and 1 attack and 1 death from cholera, in Bombay, on Monday.

The total number of deaths from all causes on Monday was 167, as against 137 on the corresponding day of last year.

HEALTH DURING THE WEEK.

The total mortality during the week ending the 22nd instant was 1,179, and the death-rate 62.59. Deducting 33 deaths among recent arrivals from the Mofussil and not belonging to the City, the mortality for the week, reduced to 1,146, giving the death-rate of 60.84. The figures for the corresponding week of 1918, were mortality 954 and the death-rate 50.64; and those for the week during the preceding quinquennium (1914-18) mortality 743 and the death-rate 39.44. Cholera registered 7 attacks (including 1 among recent arrivals from the Andamans) and 5 deaths. Small-pox registered 79 attacks (including 1 imported from Mathura) and 49 deaths. Plague registered 36 attacks and 25 deaths. The number of live births registered during the week, was 354 against 405 in the corresponding week of 1918 and 363, the average of the week during 1914-15.

MADRAS TRAMWAY STRIKE.

GOVERNMENT URGED TO CREATE ARBITRATION BOARDS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, March 24.

A public meeting was held yesterday in the Gokhale Hall to organise support on behalf of the tramway strikers. Mrs. Besant presided. Resolutions were passed, one of which requested the Government to devise immediate measures to prevent frequent industrial troubles now occurring, by the creation of arbitration boards for settlement, and requested the Local Government and the Corporation to interfere in disputes and bring about the termination of the strikes. Over Rs. 700 was subscribed on the spot.

MADRAS, March 25.

At a meeting held under the local tramway Men's Union yesterday Rev. Messrs. Monchand and Tonbridge, two missionaries, spoke on the results of the interview with Sir Clement Simpson who, they said, was prepared to recognise the Union but would not allow any stranger to come as a representative of the workmen. The men declining to go on deputation unless their president was allowed in the deputation, the meeting terminated without any settlement being arrived at.

ADMIRAL JELLICOE IN KARACHI.

(Associated Press.)

KARACHI, March 25.

Admiral Jellicoe on board the "New Zealand" is expected to arrive in Karachi on Monday morning and leave on Tuesday evening.

It is expected that the Municipality will present an address and elaborate arrangements are being made to entertain the officers, and the crew during their brief visit. Owing to her draught the New Zealand will not be able to come alongside the wharf, but will lie off Manora breakwater.

DEMOBILISATION.

PRIORITY FOR UNFIT MEN.

It has been decided that officers and men, who are definitely recommended by the Medical authorities for repatriation to the United Kingdom on account of their medical unfitness to spend another hot weather in India, will be sent home as early as possible. This class will be granted priority over those eligible for repatriation from India under Army Order XIV of 29th January 1919, republished in Army Instruction (India), No. 121 of 1919.

Consequent on the publication of Army Order XIV regarding the formation of Armies of Occupation and the garrison of India, the composition of dispersal drafts for despatch to the United Kingdom for demobilization has been somewhat altered and official orders on this subject have been issued.

A limited number of Demobilizers and Pivotal men will, however, continue to be despatched to the United Kingdom, as requested by the War Office.

F. C. M. A.'S OFFICE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall deem it a favour if you will find space for the following in your most valuable paper:—

Being a permanent clerk of the Military Accounts Department, with more than 10 years' experience, I was surprised to read the correspondence appearing in the issues of 19th and 22nd instant of your paper regarding the F. C. M. A.'s Office at Poona.

The statements made by "Indignant Sufferer" who seems to be a graduate from Madras in search of a sphere for his talents in a clerical department—are obviously exaggerated. He says that he is made to serve under soldier clerks drawn from every class of society. In addition to the reply given by "Soldier Clerk" I would add that the soldier clerks serving in the Field Offices at Poona are the only competent soldiers in account work who are deputed by selection from, and for the preparation of the accounts, of their own regiments. I fail to understand in what way it afects "Indignant Sufferer" if they were gardeners, porters, or labourers in pre-war days. The "Sufferer" should feel ashamed of his orthodox Indian views of superiority of castes. As for myself I have at times since 1914 served under or had soldier clerks, both British and Indian, as my assistants and cannot see any grounds to charge them with disrespect or ill-treatment to anybody. They are all jolly fellows even in hard circumstances. It would be better if all the temporary clerks could possibly be replaced by such soldier clerks.

As to the "Temporary Clerks" the field offices are now chiefly swarmed with, from the last of the following classes:—

1. Graduates—Pay starting from Rs. 90 per month.

2. Undergraduates and Matriculates with pay varying from Rs. 40 to 70 per month.

3. Loafers on Rs. 33 per month without any educational qualifications and unable to obtain a living anywhere else.

The above scale of pay in my opinion is quite satisfactory and I doubt whether the last named class could get half the pay elsewhere. In many cases untrained temporary clerks with less than a year's or even a few months' service and of the same educational qualifications, if not greater, are drawing equal nay greater pay than the permanent clerks of the Department with more than five to six years' service. The trouble and extra work caused to the permanent staff by the employment of these raw-recruits,—three-fourths of whom are of the lowest educational standard—can better be imagined than described.

The real grievance of the clerks is long hours, over-time and absence of holidays and "V. T. C." appears to be ignorant of the fact that the amount of work assigned to every clerk is almost beyond the powers of an ordinary clerk to finish within the scheduled time. Is it not a fact that every clerk is compulsorily required to remain in office for eight hours from 10 a.m., to 6 p.m., every day without any holidays? Can ill-treatment be otherwise?

The last Armistice Celebration day—which even the mill-hands enjoyed—was graciously refused to us!

I can not close without correcting "V. T. C." that the work of the department was not "messed up" by Indian clerks. The unbusiness-like organization of the M.A.D., the frequent changes in the system of accounts and the insufficiency of permanent clerical staff have only tended to bring about the collapse of this department.

I hope you will kindly allow me ingress into your columns on another occasion to bring to light the anomalies, vagaries, and mysteries of the M. A. D.—Yours, etc.

PERMANENT CLERK.

Poona, March 23.

"SCRAPS OF PAPER."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—How does the Government exonorate itself from the civilian soldiers' charge of not honouring "Scraps of Paper"?

In business, the present breach of faith would not be tolerated. How then can Government claim to be honourable? They let the soldier fulfil his part of the contract by serving until May 11th, then calmly present another contract for further service, and make the original voluntary contract invalid, when the time comes for fulfilling the Government's part.

Have not these M.P's. got into Parliament under false colours? Would wives and mothers of soldiers in India have voted for these M.P's., if like honourable men they had openly stated that their advocacy of "Speedy Demobilization and no Conscription", meant that they would immediately on getting into Parliament, pass a bill to dishonour a Government contract, and to retain soldiers against their will for 13 months longer?

Wives and mothers would have wished them in hell first.

Let us have another Election, a new Government, a new Military Service Act, and let it conscript the munition men who filled their pockets, with money, then went on strike and left Tommy in the lurch, and give *them* a doze of India for a year or two.—Yours, etc.

MAY 11TH., 1919, OR 30TH. APRIL, 1920.

Colaba, March 23.

GOVERNMENT AND HIDES CONTROL.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The latest from the Off. Deputy Controller of Hides is a memorandum which reads as under:—

"I enclose herewith a copy of a "Memo on the results of working the Government Tannery at Dharavi, during 1917-18" and trust same will prove of interest to you. A limitted number of extra copies are also available if desired, at one anna per copy or two annas post free, from Superintendent, Government Printing, India, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta."

This memorandum was received by me, two days back, along with the "Memo" referred to above, which is nothing but a sort of a pamphlet headed "Indian Munitions Board; Results of Working the Government Tannery at Dharavi, Bombay: A memorandum describing the process of tanning followed and the financial results of one year's working (1917-1918) together with suggestions and recommendations for improving the quality and quantity of leather produced by tanners in India. (With an Appendix on the flaying of hides at New Castle, England). By J. W. Macfarlane, Dy. Controller (Hides) Bombay (now Off. Controller (Hides) Calcutta) and published by order of the Government of India." This is the lengthy inscription on the cover of the pamphlet.

But, before going into the details of the contents of this interesting "Memo"—interesting of course in several ways which I hope to point out on a future occasion—I would at first like to say something in respect of the general external features of this booklet; the manner in which the same was distributed to the tanners and the title or claim of its author to write the same.

This pamphlet, to begin with, consists of 14 pages of good paper with a paper binding of a reddish brown colour, on which is inscribed the above writing as stated aforehand. This wonderful booklet measures ten inches in length by seven inches in breath. A copy of the same was sent to each tanner with a covering memorandum quoted above, enclosed in a thick cream paper envelope of huge dimensions measuring sixteen and a half inches by six and half inches. What an awful waste of stationery! One wonders whether this should happen especially where the Munitions Board is concerned—a Board which is brought into existence solely with a view to economise in all things.

Let us now turn to the author of this pamphlet, rather interesting pamphlet if you please! As all know, before he was given the august post of the Government Inspector of Hides, Mr. J. W. Macfarlane, was working in the coal department of the South Indian Export Company, a European firm at Madras. They say that before his new appointment, he was requested to pick up knowledge of tanned Hides and their Selection and he did it in a couple of months. Whether he had any previous knowledge of the tanning of hides or skins or about leather is not known. But after his arrival in Bombay as Inspector of Hides, he often used to come into my tannery to pick up some knowledge of the process of tanning hides and skins as practised in India. Moreover, he had soon afterwards the advantage of learning the same from a certain big tanner who was then appointed as his "expert adviser." And naturally, he had the benefit of this "expert advice" while starting the Government Tannery at Dharavi. Well, it is a practice with authors that when they set themselves writing about something they generally acknowledge their indebtedness to the person or persons from whom they may have picked up some useful knowledge about the subject they write. However, it may be below his dignity as Controller of Hides, to do something of the kind! To cut the matter short, under the circumstances, it is a matter of doubt whether he can be cited as an authority on this subject! But what does it matter? "After all is he not wonderfully clever? Every man could never have written the things he has written. Every man could not have performed the tasks he has performed."

Dear Mr. Editor, I do not like to encroach upon the valuable space in your valued paper, any more for the present; so I will stop here. Something more next time; when we shall try to find out what new methods if any, Mr. Macfarlane has introduced in the process of tanning hides in the Government Tannery at Dharavi.—Yours, etc.,

A. A. PEERBHOY.

65, Esplanade Road,
Bombay, Mar. 24.

NADIAD TEACHERS' ULTIMATUM.

(From a Correspondent.)

The Municipal teachers of Nadiad have delivered an ultimatum to the President of the General Board, against the Municipality to the effect unless the readjustment of pay and a special scarcity allowance are assured to them on or before March 25, as the Government of Bombay have done in all departments, they will be constrained to seek redress by some other means. Whereas the teachers in the employ of the Local Board have received consideration at the hands of the Government, the teachers employed by the Nadiad Municipality are defrauded of their due on grounds of financial stringency. Why the teachers are denied the benefits extended to the bhangis, nakadars and farases who received increment and an allowance to boot in 1918, is hard to comprehend, particularly because as the servants of the Municipality they are pressed into service when mandaps for gatherings are to be put up. If depressed finances did not interfere with the construction of the new Municipal office or with granting mandwa allowances to Municipal clerks, nakadars and bhangis, surely they ought not to be trotted out to baulk the teachers of their due.

COTTON IN MESOPOTAMIA.

ITS FUTURE.

(By "Eye Witness.")

The activities of the Agricultural Department of our Expeditionary Force have been mainly concentrated on producing or collecting food for the Army, but at the same time various experiments have been tried with a view to testing the agricultural possibilities of the land. Among these an experiment with different kinds of cotton has given some interesting results. There has been very little cotton grown in Mesopotamia hitherto, nor has the quality been good; but the present experiment shows that if the right variety is selected and care given to its cultivation, the soil is exceptionally suited to its production.

Some alluvial land just below Baghdad was chosen and sown with different varities of seed imported from India, and America and Egypt. The latter consignment arrived late, and did not have the same chance as the varieties put into the ground earlier, but the results seem to indicate that American cotton, of the Upland type, will possibly turn out the most suitable to Mesopotamia.

Four varieties of American seed were found to give the best results, that is, a cotton possessing a fairly long staple, good colour, and a high ginning percentage. Three of these were taken from cotton acclimatized in India and well known in the Punjab and Sind under the titles "F. 285," "4 F." and "Triumph" The fourth variety—Webber 49—is selection from America and imported direct.

The yield was remarkable, being over 2,000 lbs. of seed cotton to the acre. Taking one-third of this as the actual cotton, or lint, suitable for ginning, one gets a very much higher yield to the acre than in India or Egypt; but before building too much on the promise of these results, it is necessary to remember one or two facts which render them exceptional. The land selected for the experiment was richer than the average, and received, moreover, greater attention than the Arab will be able to give in the way of deep trenching and abundant irrigation. Labour will, for some time to come be a difficulty, as the picking of a large crop needs many hands and no mechanical contrivance has yet proved entirely satisfactory. Compared with Egypt, again, Mesopotamia is at a disadvantage, since the floods come down in February and March before the cotton is sown, and the rivers are low at the very time when water for the young plants is most required. As far as pests are concerned the common boll-worm is found, but the more destructive pink variety is unknown, and if a close control be kept over the importation of seeds and fumigation be made before distribution to the growers, there is no reason why pests should not be kept under control.

It is too early to predict the future of cotton growing here; the ginning of the experimental cotton already produced is now being done, and samples of the lint have yet to be sent for spinning tests to Lancashire and India; but already some of the more progressive Shaikhs are watching the experiments with interest and are asking for seed. There is an unlimited demand for American cotton of the "middling" sort, and as this seems to be the kind that thrives in Mesopotamia, there should be great possibilities of profitable cultivation if the two difficulties of water and labour can we overcome.

SIND NATIONAL COLLEGE.

(From our Correspondent.)

SIND, March, 22.

Mr. Ernest Wood, the honorary Principal of the College, is now on a short tour, popularising National Education in Upper Sind. On the 20th instant, he lectured at Shikarpur to an audience of over a thousand, who were keenly interested in the policy and programme of the College. He pointed out that their purpose was to make useful citizens by giving a useful training as far as possible in Commerce, Industrial, Chemistry, Agriculture and the Mother-tongue, so that the imagination of the students may be directed into useful channels, whether literary, commercial or industrial, and while pursuing their livelihood as men they would also be advancing the interest of their country. He said that if this had been done on a large scale, as it could have been done by Government, and as it was done in England, the United States, Germany and Japan, the Indian market would not at present have been over-run, with Japanese goods. He insisted also upon the importance of patriotism as a true motive for student effort, instead of the individual and separative motive that is impressed upon students in most schools and colleges, and quoted the Bhagwad-Gita to show that education should not proceed only on intellectual lines, but should pay proper attention to the emotions and the development of the spirit of public service at the same time

PECHEY PHIPSON SANITARIUM.

We have just received the annual report for 1918 of the above Sanitarium, a Bombay managed institution founded for the benefit of residents of the City and which is situated at Nasik Road. The report shows that during 1918 the Sanitarium was used by 121 families consisting of 607 persons. The figures are higher than in any previous year and the main object of the institution is certainly being fulfilled, namely, to provide accommodation on the healthy plains of the Deccan to those residents of Bombay City who are convalescent but are unable to afford either to take bungalows or stay in hotels at Hill Stations. Of the 121 families who took advantage of the Sanitarium during the year 78 were European and Eurasian families, 24 Hindoo families, 8 Portuguese and East Indian families, 7 Jewish families and 4 Parsee families.

The report shows that there has been a slight decrease in the number of members which is now 84. The annual subscription is Rs. 10 payment of which constitutes membership of the Association. Life membership Rs. 200.

RICE CONTROL IN BOMBAY.

MAXIMUM RATES FOR THE WEEK.

The following are the maximum rates fixed for Bombay City for the grains mentioned below for the week beginning 26th March, 1919:—

RICE (New Crop.)

	Wholesale per bag. of 168 lbs.	C. I. F. Rates ex ship without weighment.	Retail per pailee.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cargo rice (16 parts.)	.. 11 0 0	10 5 0	0 6 6
Big Mill Special	10 10 0	11 15 0	0 6 9
Small Mill	.. 12 0 0	11 5 0	0 7 0
S.Q.	.. 12 4 0	11 9 0	0 7 3
Mill Sugandhi	13 11 0	13 0 0	0 8 0

Broken Rice.

A 1	11	14 0	arriving in very small quantities.
A 2	10	10 0	
A 3	9	0 0	
B 1	11	0 0	
B 2	9	14 0	
B 3	8	8 0	
C 3	8	0 0	

WHEAT.

		Rs. a. p.
Australian Wheat.	..66 0 0	0 5 3
Choice White Karachi	.. 72 0 0	0 5 6
Choice Glossy Sarbhati	..74 0 0	per candy of 27 mds. or 6¾ cwt 0 9 0

GRAM.

Punjab (Mixed)	60 0 0	0 7 3

JUWARI.

Central India	.. 72 0 0	0 9 6

BAJRI

Cawnpore	.. 86 0 0	0 10 9

All rice in the City of Bombay is under Control and if complaints are received from the public regarding higher prices charged by merchants necessary steps will be taken against them by the Government.

JABALPUR ROBBERY CASE.

A JUVENILE WITNESS.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, March 25.

In the Jabalpur robbery case, Darbari, aged 15, the complainant's son, identified Maclarren and two other men in the dock as the persons who broke into the house. He said the first of them had a weapon like a chopper, the second accused had in his hand a short gun, and the third had a lantern with him. It was the man who had the lantern in hand that caught hold of his hands, while the man with the gun went about searching the room. The man with the lantern propped it up against an earthen vessel and removed the silver ornaments round the witness' neck. The man with gun asked the witness what his bangles and rings were made up of and the witness saying they were of wire and brass, they were left untouched. The second accused broke open the locks of the boxes and they emptied their contents into their pocket. He afterwards saw them leaving the house by the door through which they entered.

Lieutenant G. C. K. Mears, Commanding No. 2, Ekka Corps, the next witness, said he knew all the four accused as they belong to his unit.

AHMEDABUD FAMINE RELIEF FUND

(From a Correspondent.)

DEOLALI, March 24.

The following collections have been made in Deolali Cantonment in aid of the Ahmedabad Famine Relief Fund:—

Dr. Kasturchand B. Shah, Rs. 15; Himatlal Vadilal Patva, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Rs. 25; Mr. Abdul Kadar, Rs. 15; A. Sympathiser, Rs. 100; Mr. A. K. Ibrahim, Rs. 10; A Sympathiser, Rs. 10; Gopal Limbaji, a Ward-boy, Rs. 5; Messrs. Ajloomul and Sons, Rs. 7; Messrs. Tikaram and Sons, Rs. 7; Mr. Mulji Lala, Contractor, Rs. 5; Mr. S. Y. Despande, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Rs. 5; Mr. Manekji Cawasji, Rs. 5; Messrs. Esufallyand Sons, Rs. 21; Dr. S. S. Kapadia, Rs. 1; Mr. Sen, Rs. 2; Mr. R. M. Framroj, Rs. 5; Mr. Nariman N. Wine Merchant, Rs. 5; Messrs. Nusserwanji and Sons, Rs. 11; Messrs. Modi Brothers, Rs. 5; Mr. Aspandiar Irani, Rs. 5; Mr. Hasanbhai Bana, Rs. 5; Mr. Viswanath Kashiram, Rs. 1; Mr. Sulemanji Ibrahimji, Rs. 2; Messrs. Dinshaw and Co., Rs. 5; Captain A. L. Mereado, Rs. 5; Messrs. Tavermall Holaram, Rs. 5; Mr. Nathooseth Ganpatseth, Rs. 1; Artistic Photo Co. Deoali, Rs. 5; Zoroastrian Boarding High School, Deolali, Rs. 7; A Sympathiser, Rs. 5; Seth Ratanshi Idagaon, Rs. 10; Seth Ranchhoddas Bhaman, Rs. 25; Mr. Nadkar, Rs. 1; Dr. R. P. Danwala, Rs. 10; Mr Basantlal B. Shukla, Rs. 11; Bholaram Ganesh Confectioner, Rs. 5; and Mr. Kawasji Kapadia, Rs. 5. Total Rs. 372.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 23.

There was less doing in coal shares, the excess of heat apparently exercising a depressing effect upon purchasers. The Central Collieries were done at Rs. 14-4, Damigurria at Rs 4-8, Kalapauari at Rs. 24-4. The tone of the market was steady though quiet. Jute mill shares did not attract much attention there being very few buyers in evidence. Kamarhatys changed at Rs. 5-0, Reliance at Rs. 34-8. In industrial section business was on a small scale prices however were on the whole well maintained, Buxa Forest Bye Products advancing to Rs. 15-4. The following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Akhh 200, Bansara 22-12, Bengal 405, Bhalgora 36-8, Bokaro 4, Jherriah 9, Central Collieries 14-8, Damaghurria 40-12, Deoli 62, Ghusick 24-4, Jamadih 16-12, Jumoni 14-4, Kalapehari 24-6, Khoodia 11-8, Koradi 13-12, Patmoonna 1-14, Paras a 9-4, Raneegunge 66-8, Sarakdih 18-4, Satpukuria 13-10.

Jute:—Bally 172, Craig 2 p. Empire 51-8 s.l., Fort Gloster 62½ s.l., Howrah 38, Kamarhatty 540, Kamarhatty (pref.) 102, Kankinarrah 507, Norbbrook 52-8 s.l., Reliance 34-12, Union 646 s.l.

Miscellaneous:—Buxa Forest Bye Products 15-8, Beldanga Tannery 12, Calcutta Ice 20-4, Chemical Industries 25, Enamelled Ironware 7-4 p, Indian Iron and Steel 3 p, Indian Standard Wagon 3 p, Midnapore Zemindary (pref.) 101, Reliance Fire Brick Pottery 23-4, Surma Valley Saw Mills 20-12.

Tea:—Roopacherra 35-4.

Government paper 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 70-2 to 70-8.

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Rules for Correspondents.

Letters to the Editor for publication must be written in ink in a legible handwriting, or type-written, and the writing must be on one side of the paper only. Other communications will be ignored. Every letter for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address, which will not be published unless the writer so desires.

The Editor cannot enter into any discussion regarding rejected correspondence.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

CHANDALAL I SHAH.—Your cheque has been forwarded to the Hon. Treasurer of the Satyagraha Sabha.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Wednesday, 26th March, 1919.

ANOTHER SKELETON IN THE CUPBOARD.

We are amazed at the disposition of business in the Government of India and the attitude of Lord Chelmsford when matters of momentous issue are submitted to him for direct action. On Saturday a deputation on behalf of the Indian subjects of His Majesty in British East Africa, which had applied to wait on his Excellency, was received by Sir Thomas Holland. The grievances which were detailed in the memorial affect thousands of His Majesty's subjects and, what is not less important, they have stirred the deepest feelings of the people of this country. It was the duty of Lord Chelmsford personally to have received the deputation and given them the most specific assurances that his Government would do its utmost to preserve their rights. A Viceroy with the sympathy and sense of duty of Lord Hardinge would have directly received the deputation, but Lord Chelmsford left it to Sir Thomas Holland to receive them and say that "the memorial would be sympathetically considered by the Government of India." Sir Thomas Holland is acting in the place of Sir George Barnes as Member for Commerce and Industry, and it is inconceivable how it became his affair to receive this deputation. There is some mystery in the despatch of business belonging to the Viceroy. Representations regarding the sufferings of Indians in other lands are dumped in the Department of Commerce and Industry, where they are disposed of by somebody as he deems fit. The business is not within Sir Thomas Holland's portfolio, and it is either sheer calmness or ineptitude that allows such representations to be shelved, or dismissed or disposed of by him. Foreign Affairs and Foreign Relations are within the Viceroy's direct jurisdiction and when grievances of this kind are represented to him, it is his duty to take action himself, by bringing the matter to the notice of His Majesty's Government, or deciding on a remedy by some retaliatory or other procedure. Instead of that, what do we find? The Viceroy is not directly concerned at all, it is not known if he is taking even the interest of a passive spectator. What have Commerce and Industry to do with the political oppression of Indians abroad? Lord Chelmsford should have displayed a more serious conception of his duty as His Majesty's representative.

The plight of the domiciled Indians of East Africa is typical of the position to which Indian settlers are subjected in British Colonies and to which they are likely to continue to be subjected, if Viceroys remain so indifferent to their appeals. One of the greatest dangers threatening the prospect of a permanent peace is the defenceless condition in which the coloured peoples of Asia and Africa are liable to be left at the conclusion of peace. The repression of coloured races coming in contact with white settlers had already developed into a systematic policy at the beginning of the war, but no observer of civilised history spoke of the peril except in terms of grave anxiety. Not many years ago Sir Conan Doyle wrote of the repression of non-European races as the greatest peril attending the future of the world. Not to mention other instances, the policy of white settlers in South Africa, in the Belgian Congo, German South-West Africa and the Pacific Islands has always been one of deadly antagonism against their coloured inhabitants. There have been degrees in the rigour of repression, but however respectable the forms have been in some cases, the fundamental injustice of the policy has been evident in all cases of exploitation. The memorial addressed to the Viceroy by the British Indian subjects of His Majesty in British East Africa describes one of the most recent examples of racial oppression. The Government of British East Africa was somewhat truculent on past occasions when the Government of India tried to draw its attention to the grievances of Indian settlers. However that may be, the time has come for demanding a full undertaking from the Government of East Africa concerning the right of equal treatment to which the Indian subjects of his Majesty domiciled in the protectorate are entitled. The occasion is not one for evasive explanations, as the addition of conquered territory cannot rightly be allowed to take effect without a revision of policy. Invidious treatment and suppression of equal rights, people can get under any government, but a British administration will not be worth its claim if under it the people are not secure of certain rights of self-realisation. Whenever we protest against the oppression of European settlers in a new country, we are told that the reason is not of "race prejudice" but purely "economic", as if the use of the latter word is a scholarly justification of the policy itself. We do not quarrel with the terms of justification, but the purport of all apologies is the same. It is that the white man has an indisputable and preferential right to prosper, and where the business of coloured inhabitants stands in the way, it is the most natural thing to insist that it should yield. Now "prosperity" is something which materially grows—at least for the time being—with the capture of large fields of exploitation and the command of cheap labour. From the spirit of self-preservation to domination is a short step, and with the satisfaction of cupidity comes the notion that the coloured man is a superfluity and nuisance in creation. A career of serfdom is of course permissible, but that also exists by sufferance.

In ancient times there was the great solution of slavery for subject populations. The course of gradual decimation now in vogue is, arguably, a less merciful alternative, and it is the sheer strength of numbers which preserves some races from extinction. But the practice of systematic subordination is intolerable when it is honestly professed that there should be freedom for all peoples to grow according to their own lines, so long as their growth does not tend to aggrandisement against others. It has been righty suggested that legislation against coloured peoples should be subject to review by the League of Nations, and if the conscience of Governments is warped by brutal self-interest, there is no other course of peace left for the regulation of the communal rights of coloured peoples. While Britain and her Allies are shedding tears over the fate of the Herreros and the misfortunes of the people of German Colonies, it will be well for them to listen to the stirring of the skeleton in their own cupboard. The condition of Indians in South Africa is growingly distressing. The coloured population of East Africa is nearly three millions, the Asiatics numbering 11,886. The white population numbers 3,167. Whether on the principle of self-determination or indeed on any other principle of civilised government if such exists, the policy of humiliation and exclusion pursued by the Government of East Africa is absolutely unjustifiable. It is in fact nothing short of deliberate oppression. The indigenous peoples of East Africa are, according to modern standards, in a backward condition, but so far Indians are concerned they are enterprising, business-like and practically responsible for the building-up of modern British East Africa. Probably that is the reason of having oppressive laws against them, while the primitive people themselves are out of all competition. The conditions are bad in all conscience, but they are still within the chance of redressal if the Imperial Government is firm. It is not a self-governing colony like S. Africa, and while there is time and before the situation gets worse, the Imperial Government should intervene and settle the question.

THE COOPERATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Certain changes are impending in the Co-operative Department which would mean, if carried out, a further officialisation of the movement and the creation of costly appointments involving pure waste of money. When Government are requested to assist the societies with loans, sermons on self-help become plentiful. But Government are at the same time quite unwilling to leave a movement, which owes all its success to the selfless labours of non-official cooperators, free from rigid official control. For instance, what is the meaning of the suggestion that a Joint Registrar should be appointed? When bigger presidencies are being managed by single Registrars, is the work in the Bombay Presidency too heavy for one Registrar? The reorganisation of a department often means in the history of India the creation of some top-heavy appointments. There seems to be no need of any Joint Registrar or for the matter of that even an understudy of the Registrar in the form of a Personal Assistant is not required. The Senior Assistant Registrar can replace the Registrar whenever required and the appointment of a Personal Assistant to do the work, which can be more successfully turned out by an intelligent Head Clerk, would be a meaningless and costly luxury. The number of Assistant Registrars may indeed be usefully increased, one for each division, not necessarily a revenue division. Already there are three Assistant Registrars and two more will be more than sufficient. But these appointments should be reserved to the service itself and we are strongly against importing any men from the I.C.S., or any other service. Temporary hands from other services whose permanent interests lie elsewhere will not benefit the department.

In the interests of those imported hands themselves, a soujourn in the Co-operative Department is not quite welcome. They get out of touch with their own departments and when the time comes for their reversion to their original service, they are quite at sea, especially we do not see the necessity of having any I.C.S. in this pre-eminently missionary department. The Cooperative Department has been successfully managed by Indians in Madras, U. P. and Bengal and we do not understand why Bombay should not yet entrust the Department to qualified Indian hands. Much less would we like to have any I.C.S. as an Assistant Registrar which would mean virtually handing over the Department to the I.C.S. The sooner Government got out of the idea that the I.C.S. can do everything much better than others who have spent their whole lives in the departments, the better it will be for the smooth working of the ervices concerned. This fancied superiority of the I.C.S. means virtually the degradation of the services concerned and the I.C.S. which enjoys the monopoly of the best posts in the land should not be allowed to invade the Co-operative Department also. What has been said of the I.C.S. applies to other ervices as well. It is needless to state that only men who are thoroughly familiar with the work should be appointed. Care should be taken to appoint from the very beginning men who already hold the necessary qualifications. It would be a very strange proceeding to appoint raw men and then try to teach them their business. The Registrar should appoint qualified men as auditors and look to his own Department to produce men able to hold the highest posts in it. When the Cooperative Department was in its infancy, drafting from foreign services may have been needed. But if the same policy were pursued for ever, it would keep the Department stunted. It is always a good policy to throw open the highest posts in a service to the service itself.

Notes of the Day.

A Critical Turn.

The Preliminary Peace will be signed shortly and President Wilson is anxious that the terms should include recognition of the League of Nations. There is evidently a move for the shelving of the League of Nations in some quarters, the French view being that it is unnecessary and undesirable. The ambition of France does not end with the accession of Alsace-Lorraine, the object of M. Clemenceau being the addition of territory up to the Rhine which is considered to be the "natural" frontier between Germany and France. If the Preliminary Peace merely means "settling the account" with Germany, all these projects of annexation may be rushed through without much fuss, but if the principles of the League of Nations are to be respected in the first treaty, the demands have to be less and cautious. Happily, Britain is inclined to the view that the League of Nations should be incorporated in the Preliminary Peace Treaty with Germany, as omission will lead to a mass of inconsistencies about the assignment of mandates. There can be no shelving of the question and the nations that feel it irksome to urge their claims in the light of principles agreed upon as essential to the peace of the world, had better revise their claims.

Peace and Prussianism.

The "Madras Mail" is moaning over the prospect of the Peace being inconclusive, and the reasons which disturb it are Bolshevism in Russia and sedition in India. Sedition in India is bracketted with Bolshevism in Russia out of spite against educated Indians, and if words could kill, not a single member of the educated classes would be alive to-day. Junkers may invent their own reasons against the procedure of the Peace Conference, but the truth is that the greatest peril to-day is the recrudescence of Prussianism. If the annexationists prevail with their policy of "Alsace-Lorraining," the future of the League of nation will be dark indeed. Here is the advice of the "Saturday Review" about the duty of Britain:—.

> Asiatic Turkey is one of the fairest and richest portions of the globe's surface, and it lies in the hands of the Alliance. France and Italy, we know, have already put in claims to some of the choicest slices, in the shape of harbours and wheat and cotton and sugar lands. Let Constantinople and the Straits be internationalised by all means: but let the British representatives at Versailles see to it that Britain gets just as much as we want in Arabia and Mesopotamia.

Why "as much as we want"? There is no end to "our wants," and it is well to realise the danger of land-grabbing brigandage in time, rather than bemuse ourselves with myths about "sedition in India." Already we are in measurable distance of a "peace that passeth all understanding"

Stupid Humbug.

Taking the cue from the "Pioneer", the Anglo-Indian papers are raising an outcry against the grant of A2 priority certificates to members of Indian deputations to Britain. The more foolish journals are copying the "Pioneer" and repeating the argument that for Indians to go to Britain at present will mean their own undoing. The suggestion is that as a result of pique, the people of Britain will harden their hearts against India and refuse the grant of reform. This is a stupid libel on the character of the British people, and the stupidity of it is plainly visible when reactionaries affect to see danger to Indian reforms and warn us against prejudicing our own case by taking advantage of the priority certificates now granted. It is a mean and rather self-revealing estimate of the British people which these people make, when they utter the falsehood that they will rise to destroy the mission on which Indian deputations proceed.

"Moral Forces More Powerful Than Physical."

The "Indian Social Reformer", while criticising the Rowlatt Bills, says:

> "Those of us who hold that the procedure of the (Rowlatt) Bills is inequitable and that the method of passing them is farcical, will be bound to regard persons subjected to restraint and penalties under these Bills as victims of a vicious law and not as offenders justly suffering the penalty of their wrong-doing. They will excite our sympathy and not our reprobation. If Government imagine it a small thing that a large section of the population should regard as martyrs the men whom they intern as criminals? They must be very little conscious of the fact that *moral forces are more powerful than physical*: the very mistake of revolutionary anarchists. Of this we are sure—the victory of Government in forcing these measures through the Council, will be a pyric victory. They will lose much more than they gain by it."

How true are these words! Government should understand that moral forces are really more powerful than physical and will prevail in the end in case of these lawless laws.

Native States and British India.

"We, in British India, may learn a good deal from observation of what has been done in the Indian states, in the way of testing and proving new paths of advance", so his Excellency the Viceroy said at Baroda on the occasion of the state banquet given to him. Really, the Government of British India has much to learn from such advanced states like Baroda and Mysore. But what is most unfortunate is that although the Viceroy and other high officials fully understand this, when the occasion comes for Government to follow the paths of advance which are tested and proved to be of great benefit to the people of native states, they avoid them under one excuse on the other. For example, Baroda has successfully tried the experiment of free and compulsory education and has been able to spread literacy among the people. But in spite of its proved success, the Government of India has been refusing to make a genuine and earnest effort in the matter of free and compulsory education.

The Intricacies of Law!

On Monday Mr. Justice Heaton and Mr. Justice Shah reversed the order of a Bench of Honorary Magistrates, consisting of the Hon. Mr. P. C. Sethna and Mr. J. R. Dubash convicting a man of assault, and imposing a fine of Rs. 50 and binding him over to keep the peace for six months. It was, as their lordships observed, a highly irregular trial, and it is astonishing that a Bench of Honorary Magistrates should have been guilty of what was obviously unreasonable procedure. Four people were charged with being drunk and disorderly, and in the course of the trial the Worshipful Bench coolly altered the charge against accused No. 1 and punished him for having assaulted accused No. 4. The whole company stood there charged with a common offence, and at the same time one of the accused was supposed to be prosecuting a co-accused with assault while being drunk and disorderly. This is indeed a rough-and-ready, if ridiculous, way of conducting a trial, and their lordships did well in calling attention to the irregularity—we would have used a stronger word—of the trial, and quashing the order against accused No. 1. Honorary Magistrates are not Solomons but they should be capable of eschewing methods which Sancho Panza would have disdained to admit, if he had been an Honorary Magistrate of Bombay!

Income-Tax in Mysore.

In the discussion on the question of introducing the income-tax in Mysore, some interesting observations were made on the incidence of taxation in the State. The Government's position was that more money should be found for works of reform and that the burden of taxation on agriculturists was heavier than what is borne by the professional and leisured classes, and hence a new burden on the poor would be an injustice. The suggestion that the money realised by the tax should be earmarked for education was happy, if at least to avoid the danger of mixing the new receipts with the usual revenue, and in practice spending them on items other than that of public welfare on whose need the levy is urged. We are glad, however, that there was a candid discussion as to the comparative burden of taxation borne by the rich and the poor, and the opinion was expressed that the ryots, who really deserve immunity from additional taxation for a considerable time to come, should be spared at present.

RETURNING OVERSEAS TROOPS.

AUTOGRAPHED MESSAGE FROM THEIR MAJESTIES.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, March 19.
Recd. 1-15 p m., March 25.

It is authoritatively learnt that the statement that Overseas troops will be permitted to depart homewards without an official farewell is incorrect. Every individual on embarkation receives a personal autographed message from Their Majesties and also from the Imperial Government. The King's message, which is printed on royal notepaper and which is dated from Buckingham Palace, reads:—

The Queen and I wish you Godspeed and a safe return to your homes and dear ones. A grateful Mother Country is proud of your spendid services characterised by unsurpassed devotion and courage.—George Rex Imperator.

DEPUTATIONS FROM RUSSIAN STATES

(Reuter's Telegram.)
PARIS, March 18.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

M. Clemenceau to-day received the delegates from the Esthonian, Lettish, Lithuanian and Ukrainian Governments. He informed them that they would be admitted to present their statements when the Russian question was discussed in about three weeks' time.

WORLD'S WELTER WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP.

WON BY JACK BRITTON.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., March 25.

Canton (Ohio).—Jack Britton knocked out Ted Kid Lewis in a ninth round, thus winning the Welter Weight Championship of the world.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

INCORPORATION IN PRELIMINARY PEACE TERMS.

URGED BY PRESIDENT WILSON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12 noon, March 25.

PARIS.—During the interval since the arrival of President Wilson, the discussion in the War Council has mainly centred on the possibility of incorporating the League of Nations in the preliminary peace terms in accordance with the wish of the President. Though President Wilson has not made any official statement regarding the reasons for this, it is understood that he is moved by the fear that should the peace terms not include the League of Nations, interest in his favourite project might die down and its inauguration be left till some distant date.

The French view is that such inclusion is neither necessary nor desirable. The French seem to feel that if the Covenant were rushed through, questions vital to France such as the future security of the Rhineland might be shelved.

The British think that peace at the earliest possible moment is absolutely necessary so that the world may set again to work, but it is believed that they are disposed, to meet the desire of the President so far as they can without sacrificing the essential principles.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE URGED TO REMAIN IN PARIS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12 noon, March 25.

PARIS.—President Wilson, M. Clemenceau and Signor Orlando have written a joint letter to Mr. Lloyd-George urging him to postpone his departure for England in view of the urgency of the problems with which the Conference is dealing, the importance of which, the writers think, outweighs even the labour disputes in Britain. Mr. Lloyd-George awaits the decision of the London Cabinet on the subject.

MILITARY AIR AND NAVAL CONDITIONS ADOPTED.

The Supreme War Council has adopted the military air conditions of the preliminary peace treaty and also the naval conditions, except the questions of Heligoland and Kiel Canal. The terms include the prohibition of construction of submarines by Germany.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S DECISION.
LATER.

Mr. Lloyd-George has decided to remain in Paris for some time in order to participate in the important discussions which are at present proceeding regarding the peace terms and the League of Nations.

LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., March 25.

PARIS.—The joint letter written by President Wilson, M. Clemenceau and Signor Orlando to Mr. Lloyd George says that if Mr. Lloyd George can remain in Paris for another fortnight the signatories believe that the chief questions connected with peace can be settled.

INCORPORATION OF LEAGUE.

URGED BY BRITAIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., March 25.

PARIS.—Lord Robert Cecil informed Reuter that the British delegation strongly favoured the incorporation of the League of Nations' Covenant in the preliminary peace treaty. He pointed out that many problems could only be solved by reference to the League and it would be useless to proceed with the final terms until the broad lines were fixed. For instance, the preliminary terms presupposed the League of Nations as regards German colonies, which could not be left in the air. Moreover, it had already been agreed that the German colonies should be assigned to mandatories, which presupposed the League of Nations Lord Robert Cecil emphasised that the League was an essential element in the pacification of the world and the sooner it got working the better.

TERMS TO BE IMPOSED ON GERMANY.

NAVAL CONDITIONS TO BE MADE SEVERER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, March 18.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

The Havas Agency states that the War Council has adopted the military, naval and aerial terms to be imposed on the Germans as the preliminary peace terms, which will take the place of the armistice.

The naval terms are said to be of a very severe character. The surrender of more German warships than have already been demanded is asked for and the construction of submarines is absolutely prohibited. Germany will have to surrender nearly all her war material and the army will be limited to a hundred thousand men recruited voluntarily for twelve years' service.

QUESTION OF KIEL CANAL.

The Minister, M. Leygues, expressed the opinion that it would be dangerous to leave the Kiel Canal in the hands of the Germans, who might fortify it and exclude foreign ships. This view is shared by the Council and probably the Canal will be placed on the same footing as the Suez Canal.

France has not yet been won over to the idea of a joint document which shall include the League of Nations Covenant in the peace terms, but it is likely that the combination will be achieved.

IMPORTANT CONFERENCE IN PARIS.

FINANCIAL AND TERRITORIAL ASPECTS OF PEACE TREATY DISCUSSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, March 19.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

The Havas Agency states that prime importance is attached to the meeting yesterday afternoon between President Wilson, M. Clemenceau and Mr. Lloyd George. It is understood that M. Clemenceau favours the inclusion of the Covenant in the peace treaty. They also discussed the financial and territorial aspects of the treaty. There is no difference of opinion among the Allies on what must be done for the readjustment of the world's finances between the Allies and Germany and among the Allies themselves.

A Council of ten is understood to have agreed that the colonies should be assigned to mandatories. It being evident that the mandatories presuppose the League of Nations, the German colonies, therefore, cannot be dealt with probably until the League becomes a part of the peace treaty.

NEW INTERNATIONAL RHINE COMMISSION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, March 19.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

It is proposed to form a new international Rhine commission with a French representative as president.

ALLIED FOOD-STUFFS FOR GERMANY.

INITIAL CONSIGNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12 noon, March 25.

PARIS.—The initial consignment of Allied food-stuffs for Germany includes the following from Britain:—30,000 tons of bacon, 10,000 of condensed milk, 20,000 of vegetable oils, 2,000 of margarine, 2,000 of dripping, 35,000 of rice, 50,000 of Rangoon beans, 15,000 of oatmeal and 10,000 of barley, rye and flour. France's contribution includes 50,000 tons of palm kernels. America is supplying 40,000 tons of wheat and flour and 30,000 of rye.

INTERNATIONAL AIR CONTROL.

DRAFT OF CONVENTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 19.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., March 25.

PARIS.—Substantial progress is now being made with the work of the Inter-Allied Aeronautical Commission. Three sub-commissions are already elaborating an International Air Control Convention. The commission has decided that each nation owns the air above its territory, but must allow free passage to aviators of other countries. An International Aviation Council will be formed, which will be a section of the League of Nations and which will deal with all air traffic questions.

The British authorities propose to introduce in Great Britain a uniform system of training for military, naval and civilian pilots. It is thus hoped to train a large number of men who would be available in the case of national emergency.

ECONOMIC CONDITION OF POLAND.

THREATENED DANGER OF BOLSHEVISM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 17.
Recd. 8 a.m., March 25.

A telegram from Posen dated the 11th says the British economic commission reports that some textile mills in Poland are comparatively undamaged and could resume work almost immediately if supplies of cotton could be obtained. This would furnish employment for several thousands of persons and supply clothing to the great masses of the population now in rags. Four million pairs of boots and shoes are required. The supplies of leather would employ many shoemakers. Soap and coal are also lacking. The conditions prevailing are creating a danger of Bolshevism.

BLACK LABOUR OUTLOOK.

STRIKE THROUGHOUT NOTTINGHAMSHIRE

40,000 MINERS AFFECTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 19.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

The strike, which has broken out throughout Nottinghamshire, affects 40,000 miners. It has arisen from a local wage dispute apart altogether from the national programme. The latest reports show that the prospects of an early settlement are most unfavourable and the attitude of the owners and the men upon essential points is entirely irreconsilable.

A WARNING AGAINST OPTIMISM.

RAILWAY MEN OBDURATE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., March 25.

Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P., flew to Paris to-day to confer with Mr. Lloyd George regarding the railway situation.

LONDON, March 19.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

Interviewed before setting out for Paris, Mr. Thomas described the outlook as black. This is the view taken by Labour correspondents to-day. They utter a warning against optimism based on the idea that the Coal Commission disclosures are bound to result in the satisfaction of the miners' demands, pointing out that the compromise which Government is expected to offer is not likely to include nationalisation, which is now the miners' leading demand.

Reports of week-end district meetings of railway men received at the headquarters indicate disinclination to abate any demands, while the transport workers are expressing dissatisfaction with the conditions attached to the 44 hour week offered them.

COAL COMMISSION'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

NATIONALISATION OF MINES AND 8-HOUR DAY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. noon, March 25.

The Coal Commission held its last public session yesterday. It is forecasted that the Commission's report will recommend the nationalisation of mines, an eight hour day and ten per cent. increase in wages.

A feature of yesterday's sitting was the striking figures produced by the financial writer, Mr. Emil Davies, showing the abnormal profits made by many large collieries.

CRISIS IN DUNDEE JUTE INDUSTRY.

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN OPERATIVES AND EMPLOYERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 17.
Recd. 8 a.m., March 25.

Owing to the position of the Dundee jute and flax industries the employers propose to work only alternate weeks. The operatives are opposed to the suggestion and propose that Government should subsidise the employers in order to make possible regular short time working. The unions concerned to-day conferred with the Labour Minister, who is asking the employers to meet him to discuss the men's proposal. Over 60,000 workers are affected.

DOMINIONS AND IMPERIAL AFFAIRS.

SCHEME FOR LARGER PARTICIPATION IN GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12 noon, March 25.

Replying to Major O'Neill in the House of Commons, Colonel Amery said that any permanent scheme for securing to the Dominions larger participation in the Government of the Empire must be the outcome of common agreement between the Governments concerned and could not be set up simply on the initiative of his Majesty's Government.

He referred to the first paragraph of the resolution of the War Conference in 1917, favouring the calling of a Special Imperial Conference as soon as possible after the war in order to deal with inter-Imperial constitutional relationship and pointed out that under the Imperial War Cabinet system, as developed during the last two years and carried on in the deliberations of the British Empire delegation in Paris, the Dominions and India had actually enjoyed the most effective participation both in the control and conduct of the war and the framing of the peace terms.

RUSSIAN PRISONERS IN GERMANY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 8 a.m., March 25.

The British Red Cross has taken charge of 50,000 Russian prisoners in Germany.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCES IN KOREA.

MOVEMENT FOR INDEPENDENCE.

COLLISIONS WITH GENDARMERIE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 19.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

TOKIO, March 7.—Demonstrations have been proceeding in Korea since March 1st. They are part of an organised independence movement believed to be instigated by the "Heaven Worshippers" sect and Christian converts. There have been numerous conflicts with the gendarmerie. The number of casualties is unknown. The ringleaders and at least 400 students have been arrested.

RIOTING IN SEOUL.

MANY CASUALTIES ON BOTH SIDES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

A message from Shanghai states that serious disturbances in Korea during the funeral of the late Emperor were owing to the belief that the Paris Conference had sanctioned the independence of Korea. Thousands of Koreans paraded the streets of Seoul on March 1st, raised cheers outside the French and American consulates and a hundred forced their way into the Palace, where the late Emperor was lying in state and clamoured for the independence of Korea. The police station was attacked and the military had to be called out. Over a hundred were arrested. There were many casualties on both sides.

SITUATION IN BERLIN.

GOVERNMENT PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FURTHER ARMED RIOTING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., March 25.

A telegram from Berlin says, Government is taking all precautions against further armed rioting. Government troops with artillery and machine-guns surrounded the infantry barracks at Neukoeln, which had shown a hostile attitude. The regiment surrendered before it was attacked.

The Under-Secretary Braun states that the Entente promised to remove restrictions on German trade with neutrals and mitigate the black list system.

A telegram from Essen says the miners of Ruhr district have put in force a six-hours' day.

SPARTACIST AGITATION.

RUSSIAN TROOPS URGED TO ADVANCE ON GERMANY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 19.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

BERLIN.—The "National Zeitung" asserts that despite their lack of success the Spartacists are continuing their agitation and endeavouring to restore contact with the Russian Soviet troops, whom they are trying to persuade to advance with all speed on Germany. The recent Bolshevist defeats, however, retard the advance. It is believed that the Vienna Spartacists are preparing a *coup-de-main* and disturbances in other towns.

An Essen paper reports that the Central Soviet in Moscow has decreed an annual pension of 40,000 roubles to the widow of Leibknecht.

GERMAN-AUSTRIA.

DELEGATES PARTICIPATE IN WEIMAR ASSEMBLY'S DELIBERATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 19.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

COPENHAGEN.—A message from Berlin states that on March 17th, delegates from German-Austria for the first time participated in the deliberations of the National Assissembly at Weimer.

The "Vossiche Zeitung's" Hamburg correspondent states that eight German steamers will sail this week to bring food-stuffs to Germany. The crews demand that they be not removed from the ships during the entire voyage.

BAVARIA NOT TO SEPARATE FROM GERMAN EMPIRE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., March 25.

COPENHAGEN.—A telegram from Munich says in the Diet the Premier, Hoffmann, emphasised that the Diet's task was to collaborate with the Soviets in public life. He declared that the capitalistic system had permanently become impossible. Bavaria would not separate from the Empire.

BRITISH TRANSPORT SYSTEM.

URGENT NEED FOR REORGANISATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 17.
Recd. noon, March 25.

In the House of Commons, Sir Eric Geddes, moving the second reading of the Ways and Communications Bill, said that before the war the railway capital returned 4.2 per cent.; to-day the loss was between three and four per cent. The canals before the war earned one and a half per cent.; to-day they were losing money and the heavily subsidised roads brought practically no income and cost the country twenty millions annually. The harbours and docks were earning three per cent. to-day. Excepting the tramways, Britain's transportation system was financially in a semi-paralysed state.

The railways at present were losing a hundred millions sterling annually and Government was pledged to guarantee them for two years. The systems at present were physically ill-equipped to meet the great strain of the demand upon them and Government had come to the conclusion that unified Government control of all systems of transportation was necessary if this was not to continue to be run at the taxpayers' cost. He emphasised that the difficulties regarding the systems was world-wide; the only exception, where the system was healthy, was South Africa, where it was of comparatively modern growth and had not the great disadvantage of age. It was a remarkable point in South Africa that the Minister of Railways also exercised the same power over the docks.

NEED FOR A SINGLE AUTHORITY.

After referring to his experiences in France in order to emphasise the need for a single authority, he declared that throughout the country there was waste and unnecessary movement of goods, which must be stopped. It would be criminal to allow the competitive system of transportation to continue.

Referring to the labour aspect, Sir Eric Geddes said if discipline was to be expected in the trade unions, Government must have a say in the conditions of labour in the essential services. Sir E. Geddes foreshadowed extensive electrification of railways. Heavy electric locomotives had been tried and proved very successful. In order to get rid of "empty haulage" Government proposed to acquire all privately owned railway wagons.

The war time organisation of railways would continue for two years, after which he looked to the establishment of a central commission in London and district commissions representing Government and district and labour for zones into which the country would be divided. He thought agriculture would be best developed by motor traction, although the extension of light railways was contemplated.

APPEAL TO RISE ABOVE PETTY JEALOUSIES.

Summing up, Sir Eric Geddes urged the House to rise above petty jealousies. He refused to entertain the suggestion to omit the docks from the scope of the Bill. The dockyards were approaching Government with a view to requesting permission to advance the rates. The Minister of Transport must have power to insist upon necessary improvements in the docks, otherwise the transport system would not escape a calamity.

The Bill was read a second time unanimously.

RAW COTTON ORDER REVOKED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 15.
Recd. 8-45 p.m., Mar. 25.

The Board of Trade has revoked the raw cotton order of 1918 in so far as it relates to all growths except the American and Egyptian, the effect being to remove the price restrictions on all cottons, except American and Egyptian.

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION RECOMMENDATIONS.

ROYAL ARTS SOCIETY URGES ADOPTION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 13.
Recd. 8-45 p.m., Mar. 25.

Mr. Chadwick gave a digest of the Industrial Report to the Indian section of the Royal Society of Arts.

On the motion of Sir Charles Armstrong, seconded by Mr. Robert Miller, the meeting took the most exceptional course of passing a resolution requesting the Council of the Society to convey to the Secretary of State and the Government of India its opinion of the desirability of prompt action on the report and the necessity for appointing a special office with an adequate staff to give early effect to such recommendations of the Commission as are approved by the Government of India.

Sir Charles Mcleod presiding, said the report was admirable in formulating a strong constructive policy.

Sir J. D. Rees and other speakers supported the argument in the "Times" Trade Supplement for March that by increasing the Indian purchasing power, the industrial development was calculated to stimulate British trade in India.

Sir Abbas Ali Baig said that the discussion showed a complete change in the angle of vision in England as to the conflict formerly supposed to exist between India's and Britain's industrial and commercial interests.

Mr. T. F. Bennett and Sir Ralph Ashton and Sir Harold Stuart also spoke.

AGA KHAN VISITS QUEEN ALEXANDRA

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 15.
Recd. 8-45 p.m., Mar. 25.

The Aga Khan visited Her Majesty Queen Alexandra on March 14th.

ALLIES EVACUATING ODESSA.

PROXIMITY OF BOLSHEVIK FORCES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 19.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., March 25.

A telegram to "The Times" from Paris says it is understood that the Allied forces at Odessa, which are mainly French, are evacuating the city. The Bolshevik troops are stated to be within fifteen miles south-east of Odessa. The situation of the Allies is said to have been critical since the capture of Kherson and Nicolaieff by the Bolsheviks.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST BOLSHEVIKS.

THEIR DECISIVE DEFEAT IN NORTHERN LITHUANIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., March 25.

HELSINGFORS.—It is stated that the Bolsheviks are concentrating large forces, including a lot of heavy artillery on the Narva front.

A Lithuanian communiqué says a general offensive on the Lithuania-Courland front has begun. The Bolsheviks have been decisively defeated in Northern Lithuania. Mitau is threatened.

SOCIALIST ELECTED PREMIER OF BAVARIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 8 a.m., March 25.

COPENHAGEN.—A telegram from Munich says the Socialist Hoffmann has been elected premier.

GERMAN POTASH IN EXCHANGE FOR FOOD-STUFFS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., March 25.

BERLIN.—An Anglo-German agreement has been signed for the delivery of 30,000 tons of German potash, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the payment of food supplies.

INTERNED ENEMY ALIENS.

LEGISLATION IN DOMINIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 12 noon, March 25.

Replying to Sir H. Nield in the House of Commons, Colonel Amery said, Lord Milner had no information regarding legislation excluding or regulating the admission and repatriation of alien enemies, having been passed in any of the Dominions. He pointed out that the Canadian Government was taking action under the Canadian War Measures Act to remove from Canada any interned enemy aliens considered as undesirable. Arrangements were also being made as far as shipping facilities permitted for repatriation from the Dominions of alien enemies desiring to be repatriated.

QUEEN'S VISIT TO SLUMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 8 a.m., March 25.

The Queen visited the poorest slums of Bethnal Green to-day and was given an ovation.

ANOTHER SINN FEIN M.P.'S ESCAPE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 18.
Recd. 8 a.m., March 25.

Mr. Barton, the Sinn Fein member of the House of Commons for East Wicklow, has escaped from prison in Dublin, where he was heavily guarded by the military. No trace has been found of him.

WOMEN'S DELEGATES IN PARIS.

DEMAND UNIFICATION OF LAWS OF LABOUR FOR BOTH SEXES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, March 19.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., March 25.

Representatives of the principal women's organisations were to-day given a hearing by the Inter-Allied Labour Commission, Mr. Gompers being the President. The reception was a landmark in the history of the feminist movement. The delegates asked for absolute unification of the laws of labour for both sexes, an eight-hours' day, forty-four hours' week and suppression of night work. A committee of women should be formed in each county.

HON. INIGO FREEMAN THOMAS.

BECOMES AIDE-DE-CAMP TO PERSONAL STAFF.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 15.
Recd. 8-45 p.m., Mar. 25.

The Hon. Inigo Freeman Thomas has been gazetted aide-de-camp to the personal staff.

VICEROY AT BARODA.

A BRILLIANT RECEPTION.

(Associated Press.)

BARODA, March 25.

Lord Chelmsford and party arrived at Baroda on Monday morning, and his Excellency was received by the Maharajah, the resident and other officials under a salute of 21 guns. After inspecting two Guards of Honour drawn from the 2/109th Infantry and the State troops, the party motored to Makarpura Palace. The route was gaily decorated and large crowds lined the streets to view the procession. On arrival at Makarpura Palace under another salute, the Maharajah, after spending a little time, left for Lakshmi Vilas Palace. At 12 noon the Maharajah paid a formal visit to the Viceroy. In the afternoon a Durbar was held at Lakshmi Vilas Palace which was a brilliant function. The arrival of the Viceroy at the Durbar Hall was announced by a salute of 31 guns and after an exchange of compliments the Viceroy left. The day's ceremonies were concluded by a State Banquet at Lakshmi Vilas Palace.

To-day the Viceroy laid the foundation stone of the railway workshop and paid a visit to the State Library.

FOUNDATION STONE CEREMONY.

The following is H. E. the Viceroy's speech on the occasion of the ceremony of laying the foundation stone for the proposed railway workshops at Goyagate (Baroda).

Your Highness, ladies, and gentlemen:—I have listened with deep interest to the account which has been read of the development of the railways in the Baroda State and of the ends aimed at, in the construction of the workshops of which your Highness has been kind enough to invite me to lay the foundation-stone. It is a special pleasure to me to be associated in an undertaking that marks a further step in the wise policy which Your Highness has pursued for so many years. The establishment of workshops on the scale indicated in the report, which the Dewan has just read, can not fail to have an important and highly beneficial effect on the industrial life of Baroda. In congratulating Your Highness on the railway system which you have so prudently built up, and I trust that this undertaking to which Your Highness is now laying your hand may be attended with the success which it deserves in still further promoting Your Highness' beneficent aims.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S TRIBUTE TO THE MAHARAJA.

(Associated Press.)

MAKARPURA, March 24.

Speaking at the State Banquet, his Excellency the Viceroy, said:—Your Highness, ladies and gentlemen, at the outset I must thank your Highness for your very friendly greeting, and for the terms in which you have referred to Lady Chelmsford, who, if circumstances had allowed, would have greatly enjoyed visiting with me the capital of your State. Next, I must express my deep regret at the affliction, which the failure of last year's rains has brought, to so many of your Highness' subject May I, through your Highness, offer them my sincere

Highness has evidenced the deep solicitude which you feel for their welfare.

Your Highness has referred to the political and social problems which confront us at the present moment in India. We, in British India, may learn a good deal, from observation of what has been done in the Indian States, in the way of testing and proving new paths of advance. Baroda has been fortunate in having, for the past 43 years, a ruler who has devoted so much care and thought to the promotion of the welfare of the people. In your efforts to bring the benefits of literacy to the entire male population of your State, to spread knowledge among women, to uplift the backward and depressed classes, to promote the public health, to improve economic conditions and to induce a desire and an aptitude for local self-government, your Highness has addressed yourself to questions, the right solution of which would bring about the cure of many political ills. No greater service can be rendered to India than that of taking these matters in hand, as your Highness has done, not merely as a theorist or idealist, but as a practical administrator, conscious of the actual needs and familiar also with the difficulties which are involved in the breaking away from old traditions. By wise promotion of a system of political and social order, aiming at the combination of all that is best in Eastern and Western civilisation, the ruler of an Indian State may do much to show the path of progress to the peoples of India. I echo your Highness' regret that my visit to Baroda must needs be so short and I thank your Highness warmly for your Highness' cordial hospitality. I shall carry away the most pleasant recollections of my visit to Baroda, and I trust that your Highness will at all times regard me as your sincere friend and well-wisher.

RANGOON RICE MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, March 25.

The rice market was firm to-day although the big mills did no business. Small mills offered Meedon at Rs. 337-8 but buyers would not go beyond Rs. 335 and some only offered Rs. 332-8. Three thousand bags of small mills quality for immediate milling were done at Rs. 340. Speculative transaction were 5,000 bags March Rs. 320, April 20,000 at. Rs. 322, May 20,000 at Rs. 329 to Rs. 330.

It is stated that paddy traders will not sell at the reduced prices offered by millers and to-day's landings were only a little over three lakhs of baskets, the average being about five lakhs. The prices at which these were sold were at Rs. 135 to Rs. 136 and boat Rs. 128 to Rs. 133. The general tone of the market is a couple of points below previous prices for Meedon and forward especials which are firm at full control prices.

HOMEWARD SAILINGS IN APRIL.

BOOKINGS OF PASSAGES.

(Associated Press.)

The following results of the bookings of steamers sailing in April are announced by the Controller of Passages:—

(1) Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co.—Ormonde, Nagoya, Karmala, Teesta, Ruahina, Malta, Somali, containing 536 first class, 824 second class and 476 third class berths.

All A 1 certificate holders have been given passages in the first or second class according to their wishes. All A certificate holders willing to take second class have also been booked in that class. Some B 1 have also come into this class. All B's willing to take third class accommodation in the Ormonde have also been provided for and also some C's, the applications for this class numbering 50 per cent. more than the berths available.

(2) Anchor Line.—Olympia, Massilia, Scindia, with a total accommodation of 160.

This has all been allotted to A 1 applicants who numbered about 320.

(3) A further communication will issue shortly regarding the prospects of B and C certificate holders.

HOME FROM SERVICE.

The following has been issued by the Troops Reception Committee dated the 25th instant:—

This week is an exceptionally heavy one for the Troops Reception Committee and to-day will constitute a record in the number of Troops welcomed back to India on their return from Service overseas.

No less than four complete regiments and the balance of two other regiments will disembark at Alexandra Dock, and the lady workers have undertaken a heavy programme of receptions in No. 2 Shed Alexandra Dock, commencing at 9 a.m. and continuing until 3 p.m. The Regiments to be welcomed back are:—

90th Punjabis. B. O's 5, I. O's 13, I. R's 1,114.

43rd Erinpuras. B. O's 5, I. O's 17, I. R's 1,111.

2/3rd Gurkhas. B. O's 10, I. O's 16, I. R's 1,201.

110th Mahratta L. I. B. O's 5, I. O's 15, I. R's 902.

Balance of 2/9th Gurkhas. B. O's 2, I. O's 6, I. R's 619.

Balance of 1/97th Infantry. B. O's 2, I. O's 4, I. R's 336.

The Band of the B. B. and C. I. Railway (1/17th Battn. I. D. F.), and 96th Infantry will be in attendance.

On Monday the 2/153rd. Infantry and the Balance of the 1/153rd. Infantry from Egypt were welcomed back and proceeded the same evening by train to Anandi.

The British Officers with the Regiments were 2/153rd. Infantry.—Lieut.-Colonel C. A. James; Captain G. L. Hyde; Captain A. C. Moore; Lieut. T. F. Haymes; Lieut. D. Turnbull; Lieut. A. G. Wonnacott.

1/153rd. Infantry.—Majors Bailie; Lieut. Morton; Lieut. Ceckerill; Lieut. Hay.

On Wednesday (to-day) in addition to these, the Troops Reception Committee workers will bid farewell to 560 British ranks embarking on the s.s. Culna for the United Kingdom. In addition to the farewell gift presented by the Women's Branch, Bombay Presidency War and Relief Fund to British Troops each man receives a present of a one pound packet of tea to take home with him, and this gift from Ceylon, Bengal and Madras is one which is much appreciated by the Troops.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Whether the Municipality amends its building by-laws or not, the erection of high buildings in all available spaces in Bombay continues to be carried on in feverish haste. In all building operations the poor bullocks have to contribute a very substantial part of the labour, but what is their remuneration? They are generally ill-treated and starved by the bipeds who profit from their silent toil.

Not far from this office is a site being got ready for erecting a new building. About 15 to 20 bullock carts are used daily for bringing sand to this site. During the past four days the bullocks employed in this work must have undergone enough torture at the hands of the cruel cart drivers to make them unfit for any more work, or to induce them to put an end to their wretched existence if they could. I have several times remonstrated with and warned these men who only suspend the torture while I am there and resume the twisting of tails and kicking and beating the bullocks as soon as I have left them.

On applying to the Parel Bai Sakarbai Hospital authorities, I have been advised to make representations in this matter to a certain big man on Hornby Road.

While on the subject, may I also invite the attention of the authorities to the cruel practice of employing bullocks for driving oil mills in small dark rooms? In this case the bullocks have their eyes bandaged and are made to go round and round the mills with very heavy loads for long periods of time.

In all measures devised for the betterment of the inhabitants of this great city, I hope the welfare of the poor dumb animals will not be forgotten in future.—Yours, etc.,

M. G. J.

Girgaum, March 25.

Official and Personal.

Lord Pentland will depart from Madras on Saturday, the 29th March. His Excellency held an investiture on Monday night, for the purpose of decorating and presenting badges to recipients of the New Year honours.

PASSIVE RESISTANCE AGAINST BLACK BILLS.

The Satyagraha Vow.

Being conscientiously of opinion that the Bills known as the Indian Criminal Law (Amendment) Bill No. I of 1919 and the Criminal Law (Emergency Powers) Bill No. II of 1919, are unjust, subversive of the principles of liberty and justice, and destructive of the elementary rights of individuals on which the safety of the community as a whole, and the State itself, is based, we solemnly affirm that, in the event of these Bills becoming law and until hey are withdrawn, we Shall refuse civilly to obey these laws and such other laws as A Committee, to be hereafter appointed, may think fit, and we further affirm that in this struggle we will faithfully follow truth and refrain from violence to life, person or property.

SATYAGRAHA SABHA.

All communications regarding Satyagraha, especially signatures to the Vow, should be addressed to the Hon. Secretaries of the Satyagraha Sabha, 251, Hornby Road.

LATEST SIGNATORIES TO SATYAGRAHA PLEDGE.

At the Satyagraha Sabha, Bombay, the total number of signatories to the Satyagraha Pledge stands to-day at 1,016 out of whom 461 are from Bombay, and 555 from mofussil.

BOMBAY.

Mahomed Alideen Peerbhoy.
N. R. Adyanthaya.
Tryambaklal Vithaldas Mehta.
Ranchoddas Damodar Udesi.
Khodidas Mulji Shah.

SURAT.

Jinabhai Makanji
Raghavji K. Desai.
Tarachand Veerch and Shah.

AHMEDABAD.

Bhadenji Umedji Rajput.
Patel Sheeva Jiji.
Chimanlal Jeevanlal Chinaiwala.
Bhaosar Chimanlal Trimbaklal.
Jirdharlal B. Bhangradkar.
Shah Gopalji Lallubhai Desai.
Bhavsar Manilal Bhaichand.
Barot Amrit Khemji.
Barot Chunilal Pitambardas.
Gandabhai Khodidas.
Chaganbhai Haribhai.
[illegible] Trikhuvandas
Pala Dadabhai.
Jeebhai Khengraji.
Shivlal Dhola Doshi.
Nagar Desaibhai.
Shankarbhai Narandas.
Jadhav Girdharbhai.
Machhoo Devaji.
Mertha Chalsari.
Puja Bhula.
Pojiatji Khodaji.
Ramsingji Ranebhoodji.
Bhanabhai Jethabhai.
Surabhai Taktasing Vaghela.
Mathurabhai Manordas.
Kalabhai Manordas.
Verabhai Dungarbhai.
Nara Mevaji.
Chhagan Heera.
Atiawala.
Ambalal Mathurabhai.
Naran Kyberbhai.
Nareibhai Jeevabhai.
Mulji Sangaji.
Chhaguji Sartatji
Degu Ratansing.
Pujaji Kakuji.
Dubha Jetha.
Vagesing Nathaji Rathod.
Petha Adesing.

MYSORE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

INCOME-TAX BILL PASSED.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, March 25.

When the Legislative Assembly resumed to-day the discussion on Income-Tax Bill was resumed. Dewan Bahadur Chakravarti in the course of his speech, lasting about an hour, recapitulated his arguments in support of the measure and replied to the non-official conditions. He pointed out that all the non-officials were agreed as to the financial justice of the measure, for no one had come forward to say that the rich man paid his tax in the Mysore State. He dealt with the arguments that the tax would affect the poor instead of tapping the rich and said those arguments would not hold water.

As regards the financial necessity, he pointed out the need of the tax in view of the additional expenditure necessary in respect of many of the departments' balance in the Budget. Retrenchment alone could not meet the position and that the tax revenue should be increased and that could only be done by levying Income-Tax.

Mr. A. R. Bannerji, who followed, expressed surprise and regret at the non-official opposition to the measure. He quoted Mr. K. L. Dalta's opinion in favour of levying the tax.

The motion was put to the vote. Twelve were for and seven against the measure and thus it was carried by a majority of five.

MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

FACILITIES TO RECORD SPEECHES IN VERNACULAR ASKED.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, March 24.

Among the notices for resolutions to be moved at the next meeting of the Madras Legislative Council, on the 3rd April are:—(1) Urging employment of special shorthand writers to record the speeches which may be made in the vernacular languages and interpreters to translate them; (2) recommending that official reports of the Council proceedings be translated and published in the principal vernaculars; (3) recommending that the Administration Report be presented to a committee of official and non-official members before publication. All these resolutions stand in the name of Mr. B. V. Narasimha Iyer.

"BENGALEE" ON PASSIVE RESISTANCE.

ANXIETY ABOUT REFORM SCHEME.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, March 25.

Referring to the passive resistance movement, the "Bengalee" says, "If we adopt this movement, the passive resistance will put a powerful weapon into the hands of the enemies of Indian progress in England and will jeopardise the Reform Scheme. That is our deliberate conviction and we warn our countrymen against being precipitated into a course fraught with peril to the best interests of the country. In the present case it would be a blunder worse than a crime.

GODHRA'S PROTEST AGAINST BLACK BILLS.

(Associated Press.)

GODHRA, March 25.

A big meeting of the agriculturists of nearly four villages in Godhra taluka was held at Dhamnad on the 23rd instant when 3,000 agriculturists took part. Resolutions were passed protesting against the Rowlatt Bills.

Mr. Waman Mukadam of Godhra addressed the meeting for two hours on "Swaraj," the "Rowlatt Bills," etc. He said the agriculturists were the real pillars of the Empire and if they seriously agitated against the Bills they must succeed.

S. S. ORMONDE.

30 PASSAGES RESERVED FOR BURMESE PASSENGERS.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, March 25.

The Chairman, Passage Control Committee, gives publicity to the fact that thirty passages are being reserved for Burmese passengers on the "Ormonde" and special applications, therefore, by persons holding any class of priority certificate of March or April will be regarded as valid and no certificate from the Bombay Controller will be needed. If any change of the date announced for sailing takes place the public will be informed of it.

Eighteen influenza deaths took place in Rangoon on Monday out of a total of seventy-two.

U. P. LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.

INAUGURATED AT "LEADER" OFFICE.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, March 25.

A meeting was held yesterday in the "Leader" Office at which a United Provinces Liberal Association, the Moderate party's organisation in these Provinces was inaugurated. Among those present were, the Hon. Mr. V. S. Srinivasa Shastri, who had especially come down for the occasion, the Hon. Mr. Chintamani, Mr. I. P. Sen and several Moderates from various parts of the Provinces.

Dr. Sapru was in the chair and in the course of his address said, they should be very active in supporting the Scheme and try to save it from being wrecked and for that purpose they should organise their forces.

In connection with the passive resistance, he could say, although he had the highest respect for Mr. Gandhi, he differed from him in the matter of passive resistance. He differed from him in that matter, not because he thought that he would lead them into any dangerous position, but because he thought, having regard to the larger issues before the country, it would be extremely unwise to complicate the situation.

The Hon. Mr. Srinivasa Sastri said they (the Moderates) had strong views of their own, but they did not believe, as some of the other party did, in intemperate expression. Their attitude towards the Government as Babu Surendranath Banerjea put it, was one of cooperation wherever possible and criticism, and even opposition, wherever necessary.

Referring next to passive resistance, Mr. Sastri did not say Mr. Gandhi was hasty in launching the movement, nor did he doubt his motive. Mr. Gandhi never was hasty and his motive was always best. But it appeared to him that he was politically wrong in starting that movement. Their greatest danger was in the Reform Scheme. It was by that that they were going to be tested if the Scheme, as it finally took shape, was a substantial one and put down into the people's hands. Then, moderation in Indian politics could look forward to a great future. In conclusion, Mr. Sastri uttered a word of warning about the possible whittling down of the Reform Scheme and the attitude of the Moderate party.

The association was formally brought into being and 81 members were enrolled.

The Hon. Dr. Tej Bahadur was elected president

"FANATICISM", RELIGIOUS AND OTHERWISE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—When I read in this morning's paper the well deserved snub Lord Sydenham received from Lord Sinha, I thought that the only paper, here, that would attempt to justify Lord Sydenham would be the "Advocate of India." I was not wrong in my surmise; in the evening, I anxiously scanned the columns of your illustrious contemporary and did not fail to find the expected defence in its right place. Your contemporary has the happy knack of always succeeding in provoking my amusement by its clumsy and ludicrous defence of the bureaucracy and other antagonists of Indian nationalism. It generally has to

would think that Lord Sydenham was not making an old ass of himself when he connected the Katarpur Riots with the Indian Home Rule? Only "The Advocate of India" to be sure. Lord Sinha is reported to have said that "unfortunately such outbursts of *religious* fanaticism were still common in India, but they were confined to the lower classes." Your contemporary, in quoting verbatim the statement of Lord Sinha, conveniently omits the word "religious," just to make it appear that Lord Sinha admits the frequency of fanaticism in India. The "Advocate" draws at once from this the inevitable conclusion that India is not fit for Home Rule! Clever is it not? Your contemporary makes no difference between religious fanaticism and political differences; but any stick is good to thrash the Home Rulers. Now, does not religious fanaticism exist in Europe? Is it unknown in England? Has your contemporary forgotten that only a few years ago a serious affray took place in Manchester between Protestants and Catholics? But there are not such things as the lower and poorer classes in England. There, everybody is highly qualified by education, status and civic right to have a voice in the Government of the country. Here in India, the inhabitants still require such persons as the writer of the "Advocate of India" to govern and enlighten them as they are incapable of taking care of themselves. This, Sir, is not a vain presumption in the mind of people such as the writer of your contemporary is: it is a deep rooted belief in the wooden heads of these superior people.—Yours, etc.,

C. L. D.

March 24.

PAPER CURRENCY IN MYSORE STATE.

(Associated Press.)

BANGALORE, March 25.

At the Legislative Council, Dewan Bahadur Chakravarti moved for leave to introduce a Bill to amend the law relating to paper currency in Mysore. He said that the measure was intended to place permanently on Statute the emergency regulation passed last year making the Government of India notes legal tender in Mysore State. Till last year the notes were legal tender in Bangalore city only.

Dewan Bahadur K. P. Puttannachetty drew attention to a statement in the newspapers that the Government was considering the introduction of currency notes within the State and enquired whether the present measure had anything to do with it.

The Dewan:—This measure has nothing to do with that.

It was finally moved. The Bill will be taken up at a subsequent meeting of the Council.

FUTURE WORK OF EUROPEAN ASSOCIATION.

MR. WELBY ON SUPPLEMENTING WORK OF INDO-BRITISH ASSOCIATION.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, March 25.

A meeting of the Calcutta Branch of the European Association was held this evening at Dalhousie Institute for the purpose of hearing an address from Mr. T. E. Welby on the past and future work of the Association. Mr. G. Morgan presided.

Mr. Welby in the course of his address said that the European Association had within the last few months made enormous progress in consolidating the non-official European opinion in Indian matters and communicating their point of view to the people at Home. The Association had made the Europeans in the country take increasing interest in political matters. But a good deal yet remained to be done in future. The next few months would be most critical and eventful in the political history of India and the European Association should do all that lay in its power to educate the British electors in regard to Indian affairs. The British public should be made to know the character of political agitation in this country. The Association should substantially supplement the work of the Indo-British Association. There were some loyal Indians who wanted to cooperate with the Association. The Association should decide how that cooperation should be effected. A large number of Indian agitators had been provided with priority certificates and they would be shortly leaving for home. He regretted that Government should have shown much preference to agitators in the matter of passage, while the claims of British women and children were more urgent.

Mr. Welby then referred to the speeches of the Maharaja of Bikaner at Lord Sinha's dinner and regretted that a Ruling Chief should have delivered a political oration commenting on the internal administraton of British India. He thought that the Maharaja would never have delivered an address like that in the presence of the Secretary of State unless he was sure his speech would be welcomed by the Secretary of State.

In conclusion, he said that ladies should join the Association in larger number as they had better opportunities of serving the European community than men. Ladies went Home oftener and stayed at Home longer than men and as such, they would be able to educate British women-electors in matters regarding India.

FEMALE EDUCATION IN INDIA

LORD PENTLAND ON ITS IMMEDIATE FUTURE.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, March 24.

The foundation-stone of the additional buildings for the Queen Mary's College for Women was laid, this morning, by his Excellency the Governor. The estimate for the present extension to the College is Rs. 21½ lakhs, of which sum, one lakh has been given by the Maharaja of Jeypore. His Excellency, before laying the foundation-stone said that

haps least seen in the sphere of higher education for women. Such rapid strides had been made that female education had at last been placed on unassailable basis. His Excellency felt that sufficient advantage was taken of the opportunities afforded to the women, and expressed the hope that the Institutions, like the Queen Mary's College, would be highly useful.

His Excellency, continuing, said "An advance towards popular and representative Government is being offered to India; it is being hailed as a gift; but already I think that the responsibilities and consequences it must entail are being more fully realised. A responsible Government admits of no divided allegiance, and if it is not to be a Trojan gift, bringing disaster in its train, the future statesmen of India will have to make very effort to creating that environment in which alone it can take root. Who can doubt that, for that end, education of its women and acceptance by them of those principles on which responsible Government rests are essential? Possibly, not till then will any solution be possible of many other social problems by which India's political future is threatened."

MADRAS SOLDIERS' BOARD

ITS FUNCTION.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, March 25.

The Madras Government has issued orders constituting for the presidency a "Madras Soldiers' Board" to deal with questions affecting the interests of serving, discharged and deceased Indian soldiers and non-combatants and their dependants. The board has fourteen members with the Hon. Sir Davidson as Chairman and Sir Campbell as Secretary In the discharge of its functions the board will act in cooperation with the Indian Soldiers' Board," Delhi, and the subjects with which it will more particularly deal will be:—(1) the formation of district records of the war services, which may serve as the basis for future action of the board (2) consideration of the questions connected with land rewards of grants; (3) question of preferential treatment in obtaining Government employment; (4) the educational concessions for children; (5) the after care of wounded and incapacitated soldiers; (6) the safeguarding of the general interests of the soldiers by the district committees, who should especially watch the interests of the soldiers absent from their homes; (7) the consideration, in collaboration with the military authorities, of the whole subject of demobilisation in its civil aspect in relation to prevailing economic conditions and general interests.

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3	„ „ 50 16×2½	„	„ 14 „ 21
4	„ „ 80 17×2½	„	„ 27 „ 30
5	„ „ 100 18×3	„ Jari Bugari	„ 27 „ 40
6	„ „ 150 18×3	„ „ „	„ 45 „ 70
7	„ „ 100 18×3	Jari Kanth	„ 47 „ 70
8	„ „ 150 18×3	„	„ 75 „ 160
9	„ Garbhreshmi 17×2½	Reshmi	„ 19 „ 37
10	„ „ 18×3	„ Jari Bugari	„ 30 „ 60
11	„ „ 18×3	Jari Kanth	„ 65 „ 190
12	„ Reshmi 18×3	„	„ 90 „ 200
13	Jari Dorua Powala Full	„	„ 180 „ 350
14	Reshmi	Reshmi Jari Bugari	„ 65 „ 120
15	Khans 1×2½	„	„ 1 „ 9

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The New Indian Diabetic Pills is the surest, most effective and reliable remedy for Diabetes. It promptly cures great thirst, inordinate urination, decreases the specific gravity, makes the urine free from sugar and albumen and invigorates and rejuvenates the whole system. It has radically cured Rajahs, Zamindars, Judges, Magistrates, etc., whose cases were given up by Doctors and Kavirajas as hopeless. In case of failure price will be refunded. One week's use Rs. 4. Four weeks' Rs. 15 and Six weeks' (complete course), Rs. 20. Postage extra. Booklet sent free. A few names only of our grateful patients: Kumar R. N. Mukerjee Bahadur, son of the Hon'ble Raja P. M. Mukerjee, C.S.I., Zamindar, Bengal; G. C. Roy, Esq., Zamindar, Midnapore; Sant Singh, Esq., E.A.C., President to the Council of Regency, Kalsia State (Punjab); Rev. A. Devasagayam, London Mission, Namakal; M. Nadar, Esq., Vakil, Ambasamudram, etc., etc.

HYDROCELE.

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THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, March 25.

No rain is reported. The air is exceedingly dry in Bengal.

Forecast:—No great change.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 24th March 1919

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.912 Inch
Temperature of Air	79.1 Deg.
Wet bulb Thermometer	72.8 „
Dew Point	70.5 „
Relative humidity of Air	0.783 „
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	2.4 „
Maximum temperature of Air	85.0 „
Minimum do.	71.0 „
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	NNW,W,WNW,W:
Movement of Wind	123 Miles

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Sill.		LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Sill.	
	Mar.	h.	m.	ft.	in.	Mar.	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Tues.	25	m	3	45	23	10	25	m 10	18	1
Wed.	26	m	5	35a	24	3				
		m	5	15	23	6	26	m 0	20	2b 9
Thur.	27	m	6	57	23	8	27	m 1	54	20 11
		m	8	24a	25	4		1	30a	18 9
Fri.	28	m	8	23	24	8	28	m 2	45	19 8
		m	9	12a	26	5		2	35a	18 0
Sat.	29	m	9	24	26	0	29	m 3	21	18 4
			9	52a	27	5		3	26a	17 2
Sun.	30	m	10	13	27	5	30	m 4	4	16 10
			10	30a	28	4		4	11a	16 6
Mon.	31	m	10	58	28	8	31	m 4	41	15 5
			11	9a	29	0		4	54a	16 0

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Mar. 25 (Tuesday)	Sunrise 6h. 39m.	Sunset	6h. 51m.
„ 26 (Wednesday)	„ 6h. 39m.	„	6h. 51m.
„ 27 (Thursday)	„ 6h. 38m.	„	6h. 51m.
„ 28 (Friday)	„ 6h. 37m.	„	6h. 52m.
„ 29 (Saturday)	„ 6h. 36m.	„	6h. 52m.
„ 30 (Sunday)	„ 6h. 35m.	„	6h. 52m.
„ 31 (Monday)	„ 6h. 34m.	„	6h. 52m.

Phases of the Moon:—

New Moon	— 1d.	2h.	34-9m. a.m.
First Quarter	— 7d	6h.	8 8m. p.m.
Full Moon	— 15d.	1h.	55-1m. p.m.
Last quarter	— 23d	4h.	51-1m. p.m.
New Moon	— 30d.	11h.	0-1m. p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 25th March, 1919, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is below normal in the extreme north. Temperature has risen slightly, but is still in moderate defect generally both by day and night: Rawalpindi reports a minimum of 43.2 deg. F.

The United Provinces.—The sky is clear except at Allahabad where light cloud is present. Humidity is locally below normal. Both day and night temperatures are below normal at Agra; night temperature is in excess at Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded. Humidity is above normal at Bikaner and Karachi. Day temperature is generally below normal in Rajputana; night temperature is also below the average in the northern districts of Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies have cleared in Gujarat and the greater part of Kathiawar. Humidity is above normal in Central India West and the south of Gujarat and Kathiawar. Night temperature is slightly above the average generally.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly to moderately clouded. Day temperature is below normal at Raipur and Jubbulpore; night temperature is above the average at several stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess at Bombay. Day temperature is in defect at Ratnagiri.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is below normal in east Hyderabad and the south Bombay Deccan. Day temperature is in excess at Nizamabad, which records a maximum of 108.2 deg. F.; night temperature has again risen generally and it is now above the average at Malegaon and Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—Temperature has risen in north-west India, but is still in moderate defect in the Punjab and the adjacent districts of Rajputana. Fine clear weather prevails except in the central parts of the country, where some cloud is present and conditions appear favourable for the occurrence of local dust storms.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 24th March, 1919.

The disturbance in the extreme north has disappeared after giving nearly general rain in the north and east Punjab and the Kumaon hills with local falls in Kashmir.

Chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Chakrata, Mussooree one inch; Dehra Dun a half; Simla three-quarters; Dharampur, Murree one and a half; Sialkot a half; Sonamarg one and a half; Srinagar, Cherat a half.

Temperature is much lower than usual in the north-west.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with standard instruments ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 25th March, 1919, was 30.120 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid the temperature correction is needed but for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .133 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer readings should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

P. O. Box 888, BOMBAY.

EXPORT OF RAW JUTE.

FREE ISSUEOF LICENCES ANNOUNCED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, March 24.

The Collector of Customs notifies that licenses will now be granted freely without reference to various approved lists of consignees hitherto in force for export of raw jute to all destinations except Spain, and those countries to which export of all goods is prohibited. In the case of the United Kingdom, the grant of these licenses, in no way, relieves the merchants of the responsibility for obtaining import licenses from the British authorities.

A SWADESHI ENTERPRISE.

STEAMER OF 150 TONS CONSTRUCTED IN COCHIN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, March 24.

The Calicut correspondent of "New India" writes that a steamer of 150 tons with 120 horse-power engines and ten-knots speed, has been constructed by Messrs. Mangaldas and Co., an Indian firm of Cochin. It is entirely made of wood by Indian labour and draws 6 feet of water, having been designed for riverine navigation also. The steamer is expected to arrive in Calicut to-morrow on her maiden voyage.

PROTECT THE COWS!

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, March 24.

An open air public meeting was held in the Town Hall under the auspices of the local Gorakshan Sabha for collecting funds to give relief to the famine-stricken cattle in Sholapur district. Mr. Ahmed Shaba, Engineer, presided. Mr. Abdul Jabar and Seth Sheona Rathi, founder of the Sabha, addressed the meeting. The latter in an impressive speech explained the necessity of the protection of the cows. He earnestly appealed to Government to relax the rules restricting the free areas for grazing and fodder and exhorted the audience to raise funds for protecting the cows from famine and butchers. About Rs. 2,500 were collected on the spot.

The Nagpur Sabha has already brought 437 cows from Karnala in Sholapur district and it is intending to bring more from places where the cattle are dying for want of fodder.

£8,500,000,000 OF DEBT.

GERMAN FINANCE MINISTER'S STATEMENT.

In the German National Assembly at Weimar on February 15 Herr Schiffer, Minister of Finance, foreshadowed the granting of credits amounting to 25,300,000,000 marks (£1,265,000,000), 300,000,000 (£15,000,000) of which would be destined for the building of houses. The total credits and loans, he said, exceeded 140,000,000,000 marks (£7,000,000,000) in addition to 6,000,000,000 marks (£300,000,000) in Treasury Bonds, Credits were made available by loans, totalling about 93,000,000,000 marks (£4,650,000,000); 58,000,000,000 marks (£2,900,000,000) of bonds and notes have been issued. Credits accorded to Germany's allies and neutral nations amounted to 9,500,000,000 marks (£475,000,000). The total thus reaches 161,000,000,000 marks (£8,500,000,000), which exceeds by 14,000,000,000 marks (£700,000,000) the credits which have been granted. The Minister attributed the increase in part to bad financial measures. On the assumption of a short war considerable sums were wasted enriching individuals in an improper manner. In addition, Marshal von Hindenburg's programme was deplorable from the economic point of view because of his dissipation of money.

Herr Schiffer added that the war expenditure was covered by loans, of which only the interest was covered by taxation. He expressed the hope that expenditure would soon be considerably reduced, provided a policy of meticulous economy were established. The necessary current expenditure amounted to 19,000,000,000 marks (£950,000,000). There was no question of annulling the war loans or seizing savings or the cash at the banks. He declared his desire to levy taxation. The note circulation exceeded 43,500,000,000 marks (£2,175,000,000). "Is it possible," Herr Schiffer cried, "to overcome such financial ruin? No one can reply, for the answer depends on the attitude of our enemies and that of Germans."

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And A Great Tonic

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but that I fear to fall."
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C. B. 647

THE GOVERNMENT OF LONDON.

FIGHT AGAINST DISEASE.

L. C. C. AND CONSUMPTION.

Like every other branch of municipal activity, the public health work of the County Council has developed by leaps and bounds in the past six years, notably with reference to the treatment of tuberculosis and venereal disease, says "The Times." Following the Insurance Act of 1912, the County Council was invited by the Local Government Board to prepare a scheme for the residential treatment of uninsured persons suffering from tuberculosis, the duty of treating the insured person being left to the London Insurance Committee. A scheme was prepared accordingly, though there were many who felt that it was a pity to divide the duty. Point was lent to this by the fact that in April, 1917, the Insurance Commissioners were informed by the London Insurance Committee that that body was unable to provide sufficient sanatorium accommodation for all who asked for it, and that there was a long waiting list. The committee was also hampered by lack of funds, and a conference between the Local Government Board, the Insurance Committee, and the County Council went into the whole matter. As a result, an offer was made by the Council to provide the necessary number of beds for the treatment of all tuberculous people in the metropolis, putting insured and uninsured on exactly the same footing. The scheme would have included an arbitration clause, referring all disputes to the Local Government Board for its decision, and the Council was willing to pay half the deficiency of the Insurance Committee's fund if the Board would pay the other half. Negotiations went on, and as an earnest of their good intention the Council inserted a sum of £20,000 in its provisional estimates to meet the provision of additional beds. But so far the offer has not been accepted, though it is still open. The Council's own scheme was finally approved in May, 1914; by the beginning of July there were 30 cases under treatment. At the beginning of the present year there were 535.

An experiment, which has proved very effective, has been the setting-up by the Public Health Committee of Tuberculosis Care Committees, on which local bodies are represented. Their duty is to keep themselves acquainted with the social and financial circumstances of the patient, and already 30 such committees have been appointed, and are doing most useful work. Another recent development has been the decision to provide a number of schools for tubercular children under the care of the Education Committee. These schools are to be of two kinds—the Kensal House type of semi-open-air school, and the Shooters Hill type, where practically the whole time is spent out of doors. The Public Health Committee feel strongly that the best policy for the future is to concentrate as much as possible on the children; there is no better way, it is felt, of checking the spread of the disease.

VENEREAL DISEASE.

Directly the Local Government Board issued its regulation for the purpose of carrying out the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Venereal Diseases, and agreed to contribute 75 per cent. towards the cost of the scheme which the Council might adopt, a start was made in dealing with this urgent and difficult question. The County Council joined hands with the County Councils of Buckingham, Essex, Hertford, Kent, Middlesex and Surrey and the county boroughs of Croydon and East and West Ham, and prepared a scheme for the common utilization of the facilities offered by certain hospitals for diagnosis and treatment and for laboratory work. Originally there were 22 hospitals concerned with the scheme; it has now been extended to 28 hospitals, and grants are also made to three voluntary hostels. Free treatment is provided for anybody who will avail himself or herself of it, but how trifling the cost of such a great work is to the London ratepayers may be gathered by the fact that the estimated cost to London in the coming financial year is only £57,000, and a penny rate produces over £180,000. The only regret the Public Health Committee have is that it is beyond their power to say what are the results they are achieving. Last year 17,000 cases were treated, but it is, of course, impossible to keep sight of the patients after once the treatment is at an end.

CARING FOR THE CHILDREN.

Other branches of the work must be summarized briefly. The medical and dental treatment of school children has developed enormously. In 1913, with 24 treatment centres, the Council was dealing with 73,058 cases; now, with 56 centres, it is dealing with 160,000, and by the beginning of April there will be provision for 185,000 children. The school nursing staff has grown from 16 in 1907 to 160 in 1918. In the matter of protecting the infant life of the community, more than one hundred lying-in homes are under the Council's supervision, and 2,600 fostermothers, caring for 3,400 children, are visited regularly. Another duty undertaken during the war has been the inspection of soldiers' rest houses, no light task. Between March, 1916, and July, 1918, 6,000 visits were paid by inspectors, and where necessary unsatisfactory houses were closed, and undesirable cubicles abolished. The policy with regard to the future is clear. Both the Municipal Reform Party and the Progressives are ready to undertake such additional health services as the Government may initiate, provided that they are willing to promote their maintenance by substantial grants, as has already been done in the treatment of venereal diseases. Every assistance will be given to the Ministry of Health, particularly in the encouragement of research, but it is insisted that any new powers given or duties imposed shall be administered through the machinery of existing local government, based upon administration by elected bodies strengthened by the co-option of men and women of special experience and capacity. The County Council will continue to act in friendly co-operation with other municipal bodies, making full use of help offered by voluntary agencies and of existing institutions wherever they can be worked into the Council's schemes. That this is the right policy is suggested by the state of the public health in London after four years of war, as indicated by the death-rate per thousand of its population:—

1913	14.3
1914	14.6
1915	16.8
(when there was a bad epidemic of measles and scarlet fever among children)	
1916	14.7
1917	15.7
1918	18.6

(provisional).

The high figure for last year, of course, is accounted for by the influenza epidemic. With the reduced staff at its disposal, the Council made every effort to combat the outbreak, but for a week or two the death-rate reached a very serious pitch. At the height of the epidemic, the number of deaths in one week from this cause alone in London was 2,458. In such a case as this, it is felt, the creation of a Ministry of Health, with its power of cooperation and co-ordination, would be invaluable, and would be heartily welcomed by all the municipal authorities. The work of safeguarding the public health is bound to grow from year to year; the most effective way of carrying it on must always be by the friendly cooperation of all the parties concerned in it, such, happily, as exists in London to-day.

CHILDREN'S DREAMS.

"BOY WHO CAPTURED THE KAISER."

Dr. C. W. Kimmins gave an introductory, lecture at the Royal Sanitary Institute, Buckingham Palace-road, on the 13th February on the significance of children's dreams. Remarking on the good results obtained in shell-shock cases from studying dreams as a means of arriving at the cause of deeply-seated mental trouble, he expressed the view that similar investigation might be of great value in revealing the temperament and understanding the mental state of children. He had been helped by schoolmistresses in his investigation of the subject, and had received 5,000 records written by the children, or (in the infant schools) related to their teachers. His analysis showed that the dream of the fulfilled wish bulked very largely among them, many relating to the happy return of "daddy" or other relatives from the war.

A curious instance was that of a boy who had concealed the fact that he had broken a cup. He dreamt that a burglar came and broke the china, imagination having thus indicated a way out of his difficulty. This dream had a tragic-comic ending, for "the burglar stuck a knife into me, and shot another boy after he had killed me."

Fear dreams were very prominent, chiefly showing dread of Germans, and there was a persistent dream testifying to widespread terror of an old man who ran after children and offered them sweets. Fairy dreams were common among girls, and up to the age of thirteen were an element of delight—except for the witch. The ghost, formerly a terror to children, had disappeared almost entirely, and had given place to the fairies. A persistent dream among young children was that of the burglar who took away the white baby and left a black one.

The children in poor districts dreamt more about toys than those in better circumstances, and it was pathetic to notice how many dreamt of going into the country. The dream about food was far less among the very young than among their seniors. There were not many heroic or adventurous dreams among small children, but one boy had commanded an army and had "captured the Kaiser and little Willie." The most amusing case was that of a boy who dreamt that his mother had washed him, wrung him out in the mangle, and hung him out on the line. When it came on to rain his mother took him in, and "the iron was hot."—"Morning Post".

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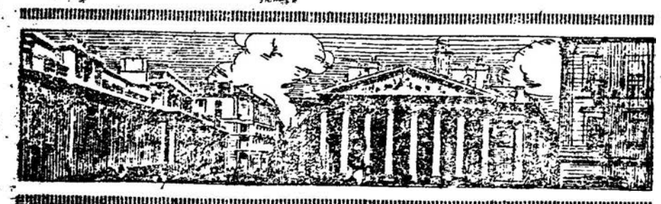

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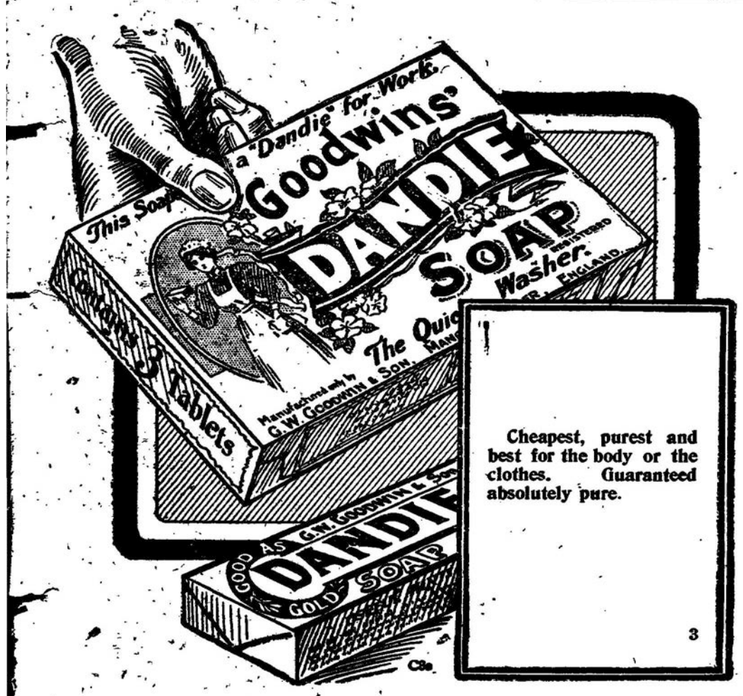

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THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

In the comments thus far offered by members of Congress, opposition to the League has been based almost wholly upon the idea that it abrogates the Monroe doctrine, says the Washington correspondent of "The Times" cabling on February 16. One member of the Foreign Relations Committee, who refused to be quoted by name, expressed this opposition in the following terms:—

"We must face the possibility that at some time, and because of circumstances which might arise, Japan might be made a mandatory Power of the League with authority to police Mexico, or Great Britain be given a mandate to restore order in Venezuela. It may be that, with the League of Nations established and with the promise, at least, of ending war, the United States might agree to sacrifice the Monroe doctrine, and even be willing that Japan and Great Britain, should have a hand in policing the Western hemisphere. It is a matter on which I should like to hear from the people."

It is to the people that Mr. Wilson will make his first appeal, not to members of Congress, whom he has invited to meet him at the White House, for before he reaches Washington he proposes to deliver two addresses, one in Boston and the other in New York.

It appears from messages sent by the special correspondents of American newspapers who have talked with him that the President is only moderately satisfied with what has been accomplished. He is returning doubtful of the eventual adhesion of France to the scheme presented in Paris.

SCHEME "BRISTLING WITH DIFFICULTIES."

Mr. Nicolas Murray Butler, of Columbia University, in criticism of the constitution of the League of Nations, says it bristles with difficulties, perhaps impossibilities, particularly for nations such as Great Britain and the United States. These, he says, must be examined in detail, and what is impracticable eliminated.

The draft itself, he observes, is as clumsy a bit of workmanship as the history of international agreements affords. It lacks, to an extraordinary degree, orderly arrangement, precision of language, and preciseness. Volubility and diffuseness, as well as bad arrangement, make it hard to read and difficult to understand. An experienced House of Commons' draftsman should be put to work to simplify it.

Mr. Butler expressed deep regret that, in reporting the draft plan, "the President should have taken occasion to emphasize again the mischievous notion that the free peoples of the world are inadequately represented by their Governments, but must, in some way, be represented by volunteer groups of spokesmen". He describes this as utterly un-Democratic and un-Republican, and adds:—

It sets up class consciousness and class differences in place of common, equal, democratic citizenship. Free peoples mould their Governments to their liking, and if, when a Government is so moulded, it is immediately told by a fraction that it is on an unrepresentative basis for orderly conduct, the people's business disappears.

Article 12 of the constitution, he thinks, makes no distinct advance over the ground gained at the second Hague Conference. Article 23, regarding the non-binding character of a treaty unless it is registered with the Secretary-General, he describes as most important, but says it is so clumsily phrased as to require complete rewriting in order to be either practical or consonant with the Constitution of the United States.

MR. TAFT'S ADVICE TO SENATORS.

Editorial opinion as reflected by most of the leading American newspapers generally accepts the draft of the League of Nations as another step towards a world peace, although there is a wide divergence of views on many of its specific provisions. In some cases the comment is obviously influenced by partisan political considerations. The Democratic Senate leaders declare that it is the greatest international document ever produced, while the Republicans are reluctant to discuss it. Mr. Taft, however, in a dispatch from Helena (Montana) is quoted as saying:—"As lovers of your country and as lovers of mankind I ask you to use all your influence with Senators to have the treaties embodying the League of Nations idea ratified."

The "World" declares that the impossible has happened, and that the League is a living, organic fact. "Five years ago," it says, "such a constitution would have been received with derision as being the work of available, unpractible dreamers. . . . No League of Nations can rise higher than its source, and in this instance the source is the best that human experience in government has been able to produce." The "Tribune", on the other hand, declares that it is a five-nation league, and asks if it safeguards peace, and if it "represents any substantial gain over The Hague Agreement of 1907 in making war less likely." The "New York Times" says:—"The constitution takes a simple form essential to its acceptance by all nations. It should, however, be reduced to statutory precision, Article 12, which contains the covenants of its foundation, being put first."

The "Boston Herald" calls it "one of the great landmarks of human history." The Philadelphia "Enquirer" says:—"While it may not always keep the world free from wars, it is difficult to see how another such upheaval as the German militarists deliberately resorted to can be repeated." The Cleveland "Plain Dealer" says: "It will receive the vigorous approval of the people, whatever political efforts may be made to harass President Wilson or discount his work."

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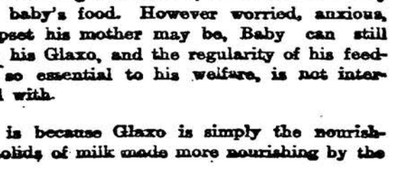
BOLT  BRAND

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